

Converting Colors

CIELCh(29, 48.588, 315.286)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(29, 48.588, 315.286)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(29, 48.655, 315.238)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5D307A
RGB	93, 48, 122
RGB Percent	36%, 19%, 48%
CMY	0.6355, 0.8120, 0.5218
CMYK	0.24, 0.61, 0.00, 0.52
HSL	276°, 44%, 33%
HSV	276°, 61%, 48%
XYZ	9.0731, 5.8380, 19.0435
YIQ	69.8910, 3.0660, 32.5540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

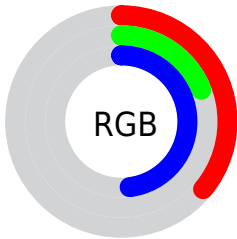
Format	Color
R_{YB}	93, 48, 122
Decimal	6107258
CIE _{Lab}	29.00, 34.55, -34.26
CIE _{LCh}	29, 48.655, 315.238
Yxy	5.8380, 0.2672, 0.1719
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284297338 (0xFF5D307A)
YUV	69.8910, 25.6897, 20.2666
Hunter-Lab	24.1619, 24.7458, -29.8167

Details

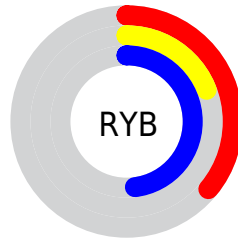
The CIELCh color $[29, 48.655, 315.238]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `#663366`. A complement of this color would be $[47, 45.769, 130.083]$, and the grayscale version is $[30, 0.005, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[49, 48.957, 315.111]$, and $[9, 48.628, 315.023]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[26, 55.860, 315.471]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[32, 40.841, 314.890]$.

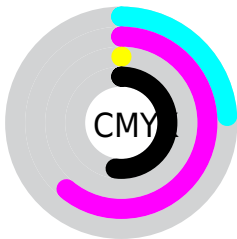
Distribution



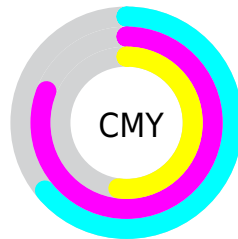
- Red (36%)
- Green (19%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (52%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (81%)
- Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 29, 48.655, 315.238 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 29, 48.655, 315.238 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 29, 48.655,
315.238

 29, 48.655,
315.238

 100, 48.655,
315.238

 19, 48.655,
315.238

 49, 48.655,
315.238

 9, 48.655, 315.238

 59, 48.655,
315.238

 0, 48.655, 315.238

 69, 48.655,
315.238

 79, 48.655,
315.238

 89, 48.655,
315.238

 99, 48.655,

315.238

■ 29, 48.655,
315.238

■ 29, 48.655,
315.238

■ 26, 55.860,
315.471

■ 32, 40.841,
314.890

■ 23, 62.056,
315.521

■ 36, 32.729,
314.478

■ 21, 66.806,
315.311

■ 40, 24.530,
314.039

■ 19, 70.444,
315.018

■ 43, 16.382,
313.598

■ 47, 8.366, 313.167

■ 51, 0.530, 312.579

■ 55, 7.102, 132.424

■ 59, 14.521,
132.078

■ 62, 21.725,
131.769

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29, 48.655, 315.238



47, 45.769, 130.083

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29, 48.655, 315.238



29, 48.655, 5.238



29, 48.655, 135.238



29, 48.655, 185.238

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29, 48.654, 315.238



57, 17.595, 313.500



33, 28.809, 277.204



28, 12.190, 313.605



83, 0.010, 296.813



34, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29, 48.654, 315.238



33, 70.690, 315.518



33, 47.319, 330.616



24, 4.418, 313.099



20, 71.700, 314.991



44, 121.206, 314.423

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31, 35.393, 357.708



37, 50.592, 1.147



45, 47.932, 142.014



24, 3.241, 350.644



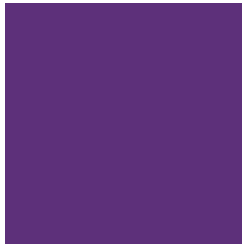
25, 49.907, 10.526



54, 84.513, 13.586

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 29, 48.655, 315.238 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 29, 48.655, 315.238 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

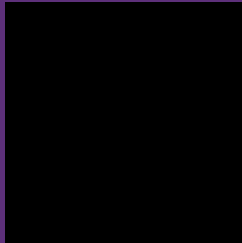
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 29, 48.655, 315.238

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 48.655, 315.238.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 48.655, 315.238.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

29, 48.655, 315.238

Protanopia

29, 48.326, 286.530

Deuteranopia

29, 31.652, 277.585



Tritanopia
29, 10.062, 2.780

Trichromacy



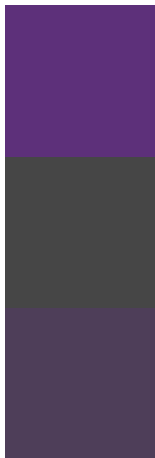
Original Color
29, 48.655, 315.238

Protanomaly
27, 48.367, 292.930

Deuteranomaly
28, 36.708, 293.488

Tritanomaly
29, 22.592, 325.176

Monochromacy



Original Color
29, 48.655, 315.238

Achromatopsia
30, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
29, 18.638, 313.470

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 29, 48.655, 315.238 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(93, 48, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(93, 48, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(93, 48, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(93, 48, 122) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 29, 48.655, 315.238 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(93, 48, 122) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(93, 48, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(93, 48, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(93, 48, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 48, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(93, 48,  
122) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 29, 48.655, 315.238 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(93, 48, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(93, 48,  
122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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