

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(29, 49.437, 257.218)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(29, 49.437, 257.218)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(33, 42.574, 278.631)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	014E90
RGB	1, 78, 144
RGB Percent	0%, 31%, 56%
CMY	0.9950, 0.6926, 0.4336
CMYK	0.99, 0.46, 0.00, 0.43
HSL	208°, 98%, 29%
HSV	208°, 99%, 57%
XYZ	7.8340, 7.5373, 27.6001
YIQ	62.5010, -67.0780, 4.2020

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

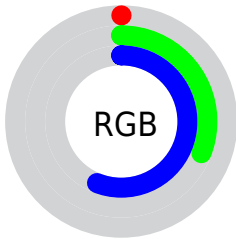
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	1, 51, 144
Decimal	85648
CIE Lab	33.00, 6.39, -42.09
CIE LCh	33, 42.574, 278.631
Yxy	7.5373, 0.1823, 0.1754
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278275728 (0xFF014E90)
YUV	62.5010, 40.1790, -53.9364
Hunter-Lab	27.4541, 2.8898, -40.3874

# Details

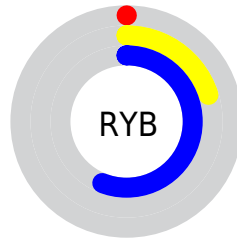
The CIELCh color **33, 42.574, 278.631** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003366**. A complement of this color would be **38, 56.019, 58.448**, and the grayscale version is **26, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **53, 42.594, 279.044**, and **15, 40.542, 291.194** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33, 42.945, 279.001**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35, 38.536, 274.188**.

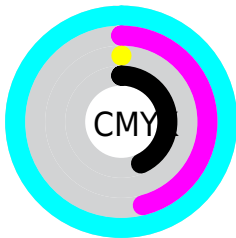
# Distribution



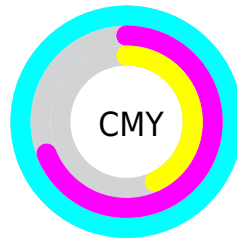
- Red (0%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (43%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (43%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 33, 42.574, 278.631 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 33, 42.574, 278.631 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 33, 42.574,  
278.631


 33, 42.574,  
278.631

 100, 42.574,  
278.631


 23, 42.574,  
278.631

 53, 42.574,  
278.631


 13, 42.574,  
278.631


 63, 42.574,  
278.631

 3, 42.574, 278.631

 73, 42.574,  
278.631

 0, 42.574, 278.631

 83, 42.574,  
278.631

 93, 42.574,  
278.631

■ 33, 42.574,  
278.631

■ 33, 42.574,  
278.631

■ 33, 42.945,  
279.001

■ 35, 38.536,  
274.188

■ 38, 34.597,  
269.880

■ 40, 30.637,  
266.019

■ 43, 26.588,  
262.660

■ 46, 22.407,  
259.798

■ 48, 18.081,  
257.387

■ 51, 13.616,  
255.369

■ 54, 9.028, 253.685



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33, 42.574, 278.631



38, 56.019, 58.448

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33, 42.574, 278.631



33, 42.574, 328.631



33, 42.574, 98.631



33, 42.574, 148.631

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33, 42.574, 278.633



65, 17.423, 255.654



52, 60.311, 147.423



33, 11.798, 256.388



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33, 42.574, 278.633



43, 53.338, 280.093



17, 84.643, 305.384



29, 2.666, 252.308



31, 40.693, 278.683



1, 1.813, 251.139



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31, 55.977, 357.291



41, 68.140, 358.450



56, 61.022, 99.696



28, 4.055, 342.300



28, 53.506, 357.318



1, 2.712, 341.628



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 33, 42.574, 278.631 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 33, 42.574, 278.631 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

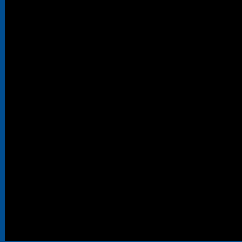
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 33, 42.574, 278.631**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 42.574, 278.631.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 42.574, 278.631.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

33, 42.560, 278.710

### Protanopia

33, 41.668, 286.015

### Deuteranopia

33, 39.770, 275.801





**Tritanopia**  
33, 22.243, 204.815

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
33, 42.560, 278.710

**Protanomaly**  
33, 42.080, 282.146

**Deuteranomaly**  
33, 40.874, 276.840

**Tritanomaly**  
33, 24.347, 242.542

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
33, 42.560, 278.710

**Achromatopsia**  
27, 0.004, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
28, 17.666, 260.951

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 33, 42.574, 278.631 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 78, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 78, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 78, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 78, 144) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 33, 42.574, 278.631 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 78, 144) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 78, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(1, 78, 144)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 78, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 78, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 78, 144)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 33, 42.574, 278.631 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 78, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 78,  
144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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