

Converting Colors

CIELCh(29, 5.163, 249.197)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(29, 5.163, 249.197) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(29, 5.289, 246.085)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3D464C
RGB	61, 70, 76
RGB Percent	24%, 27%, 30%
CMY	0.7621, 0.7268, 0.7033
CMYK	0.20, 0.08, 0.00, 0.70
HSL	204°, 11%, 27%
HSV	204°, 20%, 30%
XYZ	5.3669, 5.8380, 7.6205
YIQ	67.9930, -7.2900, -0.0420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

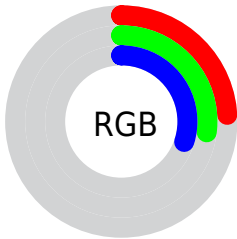
Format	Color
R _Y B	61, 67, 76
Decimal	4015692
CIE Lab	29.00, -2.14, -4.83
CIE LCh	29, 5.289, 246.085
Yxy	5.8380, 0.2851, 0.3101
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282205772 (0xFF3D464C)
YUV	67.9930, 3.9475, -6.1329
Hunter-Lab	24.1619, -2.6349, -1.7864

Details

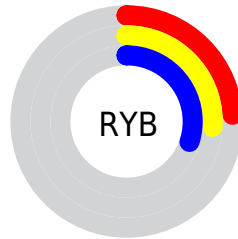
The CIELCh color $29, 5.289, 246.085$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 333333 . A complement of this color would be $29, 5.706, 62.042$, and the grayscale version is $29, 0.004, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $49, 5.319, 249.932$, and $9, 5.086, 246.058$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $27, 7.841, 247.472$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $31, 2.654, 244.937$.

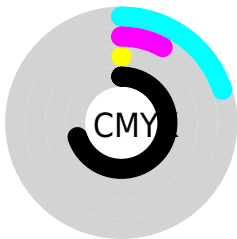
Distribution



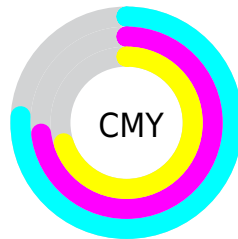
- Red (24%)
- Green (27%)
- Blue (30%)



- Red (24%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Blue (30%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (70%)



- Cyan (76%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 29, 5.289, 246.085 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 29, 5.289, 246.085 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 29, 5.289, 246.085

■ 29, 5.289, 246.085

■ 100, 5.289,
246.085

■ 19, 5.289, 246.085

■ 49, 5.289, 246.085

■ 9, 5.289, 246.085

■ 59, 5.289, 246.085

■ 0, 5.289, 246.085

■ 69, 5.289, 246.085

■ 79, 5.289, 246.085

■ 89, 5.289, 246.085

■ 99, 5.289, 246.085

■ 29, 5.289, 246.085

■ 29, 5.289, 246.085

■ 27, 7.841, 247.472

■ 31, 2.654, 244.937

■ 26, 10.292,
249.151

■ 32, 0.049, 59.291

■ 24, 12.628,
251.162

■ 34, 2.802, 62.941

■ 35, 5.593, 62.266

■ 23, 14.837,
253.560

■ 37, 8.410, 61.669

■ 22, 16.916,
256.400

■ 39, 11.244, 61.150

■ 40, 14.086, 60.699

■ 20, 18.874,
259.718

■ 42, 16.929, 60.305

■ 19, 20.749,
263.467

■ 44, 19.768, 59.958

■ 18, 22.703,
266.845

■ 18, 22.741,
266.903

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29, 5.289, 246.085



29, 5.706, 62.042

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29, 5.289, 246.085



29, 5.289, 296.085



29, 5.289, 66.085



29, 5.289, 116.085

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29, 5.289, 246.077



41, 2.044, 244.609



31, 8.859, 156.465



20, 1.366, 244.631



73, 0.009, 296.813



21, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29, 5.289, 246.077



37, 7.975, 246.759



27, 8.659, 287.127



14, 1.525, 244.826



25, 28.786, 269.226



56, 55.011, 273.093

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27, 8.867, 339.998



35, 13.505, 340.398



31, 8.404, 103.077



14, 2.499, 339.164



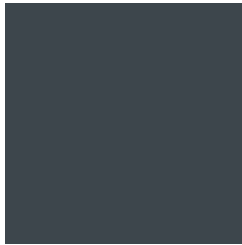
21, 45.051, 351.047



50, 80.508, 353.367

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 29, 5.289, 246.085 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 29, 5.289, 246.085 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

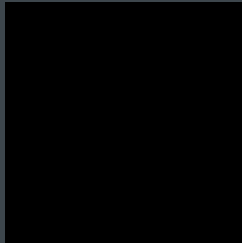
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

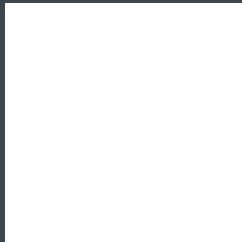
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 29, 5.289, 246.085

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 5.289, 246.085.

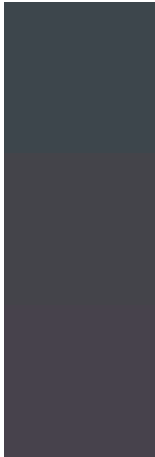


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 5.289, 246.085.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

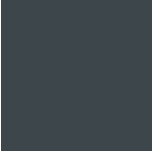
29, 5.289, 246.085

Protanopia

29, 3.866, 290.920

Deuteranopia

29, 6.831, 309.595



Tritanopia
29, 4.872, 240.470

Trichromacy



Original Color

29, 5.289, 246.085

Protanomaly

29, 4.179, 267.084

Deuteranomaly

29, 5.810, 291.291

Tritanomaly

29, 4.872, 240.470

Monochromacy



Original Color

29, 5.289, 246.085

Achromatopsia

29, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly

29, 2.134, 236.458

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 29, 5.289, 246.085 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(61, 70, 76)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(61, 70, 76)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(61, 70, 76) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(61, 70, 76) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 29, 5.289, 246.085 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(61, 70, 76) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(61, 70, 76) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(61, 70, 76) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(61, 70, 76); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 70, 76);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 70, 76)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 29, 5.289, 246.085 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(61, 70, 76) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(61, 70,  
76) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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