

Converting Colors

CIELCh(29, 5.449, 40.741)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(29, 5.449, 40.741) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(29, 5.449, 40.728)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4D423F
RGB	77, 66, 63
RGB Percent	30%, 26%, 25%
CMY	0.6979, 0.7411, 0.7528
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.18, 0.70
HSL	13°, 10%, 27%
HSV	13°, 18%, 30%
XYZ	5.9108, 5.8380, 5.5222
YIQ	68.9470, 7.5190, 1.3990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

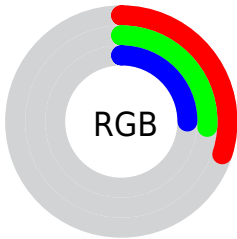
Format	Color
R_{YB}	77, 67, 63
Decimal	5063231
CIE Lab	29.00, 4.13, 3.56
CIE LCh	29, 5.449, 40.728
Yxy	5.8380, 0.3422, 0.3380
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283253311 (0xFF4D423F)
YUV	68.9470, -2.9319, 7.0625
Hunter-Lab	24.1619, 1.3837, 3.3627

Details

The CIELCh color $[29, 5.449, 40.728]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 333333 . A complement of this color would be $[31, 4.906, 221.883]$, and the grayscale version is $[29, 0.005, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[49, 5.289, 39.201]$, and $[9, 5.696, 35.235]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[27, 8.768, 40.674]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[31, 2.362, 40.851]$.

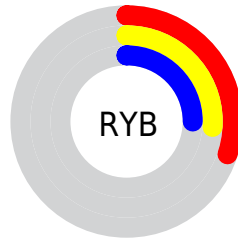
Distribution



Red (30%)

Green (26%)

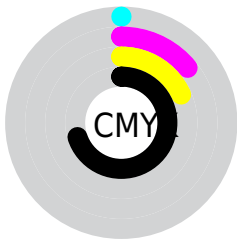
Blue (25%)



Red (30%)

Yellow (26%)

Blue (25%)

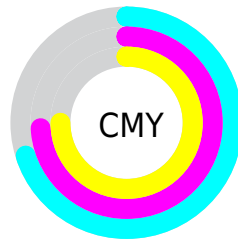


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (70%)



Cyan (70%)

Magenta (74%)

Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 29, 5.449, 40.728 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 29, 5.449, 40.728 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 29, 5.449, 40.728 ■ 29, 5.449, 40.728

■ 100, 5.449, 40.728 ■ 19, 5.449, 40.728

■ 49, 5.449, 40.728 ■ 9, 5.449, 40.728

■ 59, 5.449, 40.728 ■ 0, 5.449, 40.728

■ 69, 5.449, 40.728

■ 79, 5.449, 40.728

■ 89, 5.449, 40.728

■ 99, 5.449, 40.728

■ 29, 5.449, 40.728 ■ 29, 5.449, 40.728

■ 27, 8.768, 40.674 ■ 31, 2.362, 40.851

■ 25, 12.335, 40.711

■ 33, 0.510, 221.746

■ 23, 16.156, 40.886

■ 35, 3.188, 221.596

■ 21, 20.226, 41.222

■ 37, 5.692, 221.895

■ 20, 24.514, 41.735

■ 39, 8.040, 222.244

■ 18, 28.875, 42.246

■ 42, 10.250,
222.617

■ 17, 32.452, 41.368

■ 44, 12.338,
223.005

■ 16, 35.545, 40.515

■ 15, 36.088, 40.450

■ 46, 14.317,
223.399

■ 48, 16.200,
223.795

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29, 5.449, 40.728



31, 4.906, 221.883

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29, 5.449, 40.728



29, 5.449, 90.728



29, 5.449, 220.728



29, 5.449, 270.728

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29, 5.449, 40.741



41, 1.765, 40.850



28, 9.489, 331.543



20, 1.216, 40.854



73, 0.009, 296.813



21, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29, 5.449, 40.741



37, 8.290, 40.699



31, 6.503, 91.662



14, 1.606, 40.848



22, 47.197, 42.922



51, 91.504, 43.609

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31, 4.906, 221.883



39, 7.248, 222.115



28, 6.522, 275.933



15, 1.532, 221.539



31, 22.452, 236.174



68, 41.002, 239.339

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 29, 5.449, 40.728 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 29, 5.449, 40.728 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

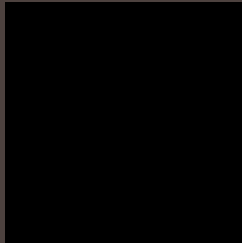
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 29, 5.449, 40.728

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 5.449, 40.728.

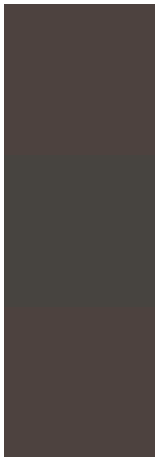


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 5.449, 40.728.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

29, 5.449, 40.728

Protanopia

29, 2.898, 81.580

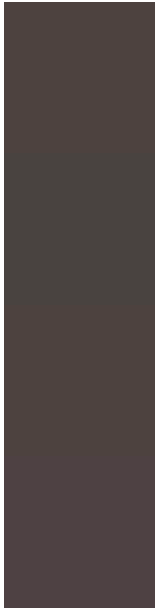
Deuteranopia

29, 5.449, 40.728



Tritanopia
29, 6.651, 351.767

Trichromacy



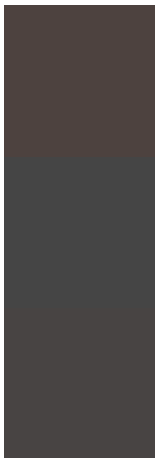
Original Color
29, 5.449, 40.728

Protanomaly
29, 3.345, 54.763

Deuteranomaly
29, 5.449, 40.728

Tritanomaly
29, 6.042, 8.216

Monochromacy



Original Color
29, 5.449, 40.728

Achromatopsia
29, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
29, 1.902, 39.217

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 29, 5.449, 40.728 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(77, 66, 63)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(77, 66, 63)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(77, 66, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(77, 66, 63) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 29, 5.449, 40.728 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(77, 66, 63) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(77, 66, 63) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(77, 66, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(77, 66, 63); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 66, 63);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 66, 63)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 29, 5.449, 40.728 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(77, 66, 63) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(77, 66,  
63) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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