

Converting Colors

CIELCh(29, 5.528, 320.839)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(29, 5.528, 320.839) contains.

CIELCh(29, 6.017, 321.444)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(29, 6.017, 321.444)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	49424A
RGB	73, 66, 74
RGB Percent	29%, 26%, 29%
CMY	0.7130, 0.7405, 0.7091
CMYK	0.01, 0.11, 0.00, 0.71
HSL	293°, 6%, 28%
HSV	293°, 11%, 29%
XYZ	5.9625, 5.8380, 7.3236
YIQ	69.0050, 1.6040, 3.9720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	73, 66, 74
Decimal	4801098
CIELab	29.00, 4.71, -3.75
CIElCh	29, 6.017, 321.444
Yxy	5.8380, 0.3118, 0.3053
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282991178 (0xFF49424A)
YUV	69.0050, 2.4625, 3.5036
Hunter-Lab	24.1619, 1.7657, -1.0578

Details

The CIELCh color **29, 6.017, 321.444** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **31, 5.993, 140.539**, and the grayscale version is **29, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49, 6.209, 321.709**, and **9, 6.046, 321.270** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **27, 11.658, 321.879**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31, 0.439, 320.784**.

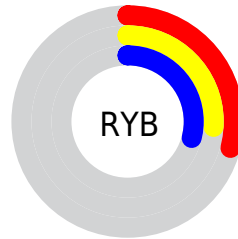
Distribution



Red (29%)

Green (26%)

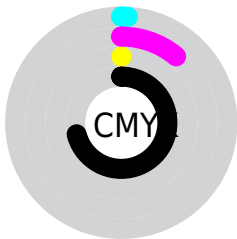
Blue (29%)



Red (29%)

Yellow (26%)

Blue (29%)

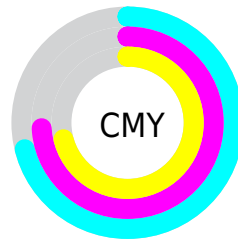


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (71%)



Cyan (71%)

Magenta (74%)

Yellow (71%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 29, 6.017, 321.444 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 29, 6.017, 321.444 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 29, 6.017, 321.444

■ 29, 6.017, 321.444

■ 100, 6.017,
321.444

■ 19, 6.017, 321.444

■ 49, 6.017, 321.444

■ 9, 6.017, 321.444

■ 59, 6.017, 321.444

■ 0, 6.017, 321.444

■ 69, 6.017, 321.444

■ 79, 6.017, 321.444

■ 89, 6.017, 321.444

■ 99, 6.017, 321.444

■ 29, 6.017, 321.444

■ 29, 6.017, 321.444

27, 11.658,
321.879

24, 17.311,
322.303

22, 22.892,
322.707

20, 28.289,
323.076

18, 33.353,
323.391

17, 37.905,
323.629

15, 41.749,
323.766

14, 44.823,
323.799

13, 47.741,

31, 0.439, 320.784

34, 5.035, 140.651

36, 10.386,
140.244

39, 15.601,
139.864

41, 20.677,
139.508

43, 25.611,
139.174

46, 30.409,
138.863

48, 35.073,
138.574

51, 39.610,
138.307

323.864

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29, 6.017, 321.444



31, 5.993, 140.539

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29, 6.017, 321.444



29, 6.017, 11.444



29, 6.017, 141.444



29, 6.017, 191.444

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29, 6.016, 321.444



40, 2.078, 321.073



29, 4.491, 285.244



19, 1.554, 321.107



72, 0.009, 296.813



20, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29, 6.016, 321.444



37, 9.062, 321.563



29, 4.829, 337.783



14, 3.188, 321.350



20, 59.477, 323.672



50, 107.731, 323.355

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29, 3.667, 9.905



37, 5.556, 10.155



31, 4.795, 156.428



14, 1.935, 9.713



19, 47.940, 30.749



48, 90.863, 35.168

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 29, 6.017, 321.444 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 29, 6.017, 321.444 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

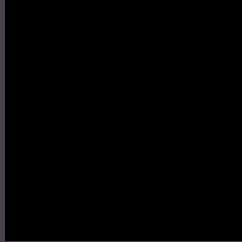
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 29, 6.017, 321.444

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 6.017, 321.444.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 6.017, 321.444.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


29, 6.017, 321.444

Protanopia

29, 4.509, 291.040

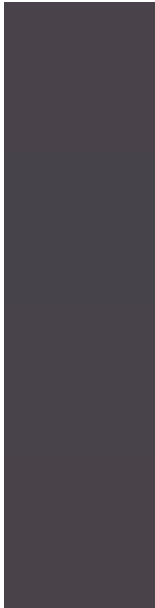
Deuteranopia

29, 5.808, 317.691



Tritanopia
29, 4.180, 329.799

Trichromacy



Original Color

29, 6.017, 321.444

Protanomaly

29, 5.337, 305.084

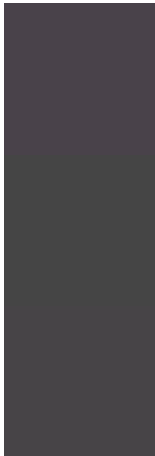
Deuteranomaly

29, 5.808, 317.691

Tritanomaly

29, 4.691, 324.817

Monochromacy



Original Color

29, 6.017, 321.444

Achromatopsia

29, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly

29, 2.352, 324.595

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 29, 6.017, 321.444 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(73, 66, 74)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(73, 66, 74)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(73, 66, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(73, 66, 74) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 29, 6.017, 321.444 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(73, 66, 74) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(73, 66, 74) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(73, 66, 74)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(73, 66, 74); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 66, 74);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 66, 74)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 29, 6.017, 321.444 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(73, 66, 74) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(73, 66,  
74) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor