

Converting Colors

CIELCh(29, 54.037, 354.785)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(29, 54.037, 354.785)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(29, 54.063, 354.426)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	88024E
RGB	136, 2, 78
RGB Percent	53%, 1%, 31%
CMY	0.4664, 0.9915, 0.6939
CMYK	0.00, 0.98, 0.43, 0.47
HSL	326°, 97%, 27%
HSV	326°, 98%, 53%
XYZ	11.5662, 5.8380, 7.7366
YIQ	50.7300, 55.4680, 52.0440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

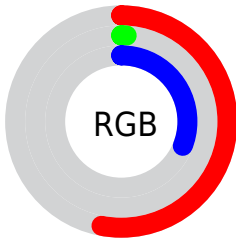
Format	Color
R_{YB}	136, 2, 78
Decimal	8913486
CIE Lab	29.00, 53.81, -5.25
CIE LCh	29, 54.063, 354.426
Yxy	5.8380, 0.4601, 0.2322
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287103566 (0xFF88024E)
YUV	50.7300, 13.4441, 74.7818
Hunter-Lab	24.1619, 43.1635, -2.0712

Details

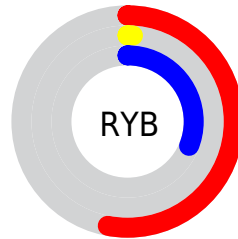
The CIELCh color **29, 54.063, 354.426** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993366**. A complement of this color would be **49, 58.239, 146.940**, and the grayscale version is **21, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49, 54.106, 354.510**, and **15, 36.439, 4.523** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29, 54.286, 354.866**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30, 52.654, 351.668**.

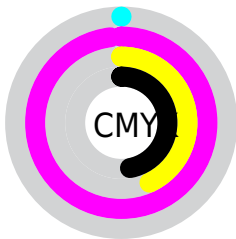
Distribution



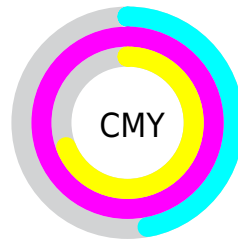
- Red (53%)
- Green (1%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (98%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Black (47%)




- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 29, 54.063, 354.426 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 29, 54.063, 354.426 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 29, 54.063,
354.426

 29, 54.063,
354.426

 100, 54.063,
354.426

 19, 54.063,
354.426

 49, 54.063,
354.426

 9, 54.063, 354.426

 59, 54.063,
354.426

 0, 54.063, 354.426

 69, 54.063,
354.426

 79, 54.063,
354.426

 89, 54.063,
354.426

 99, 54.063,

354.426

■ 29, 54.063,
354.426

■ 29, 54.063,
354.426

■ 29, 54.286,
354.866

■ 30, 52.654,
351.668

■ 32, 49.998,
349.358

■ 34, 45.854,
347.493

■ 36, 40.479,
345.957

■ 39, 34.213,
344.660

■ 42, 27.387,
343.536

■ 46, 20.272,
342.541

■ 50, 13.071,
341.642

■ 53, 5.920, 340.804

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29, 54.063, 354.426



49, 58.239, 146.940

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29, 54.063, 354.426



29, 54.063, 44.426



29, 54.063, 174.426



29, 54.063, 224.426

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29, 54.060, 354.427



58, 26.413, 342.754



19, 78.594, 310.439



28, 18.162, 343.115



87, 0.010, 296.813



38, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29, 54.060, 354.427



38, 65.321, 355.680



28, 61.144, 35.007



27, 4.012, 340.866



28, 53.299, 354.774



0, 1.845, 340.216

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29, 54.060, 354.427



38, 65.321, 355.680



51, 33.652, 184.857



27, 4.012, 340.866



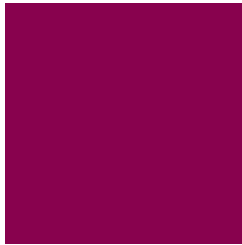
28, 53.299, 354.774



0, 1.845, 340.216

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 29, 54.063, 354.426 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

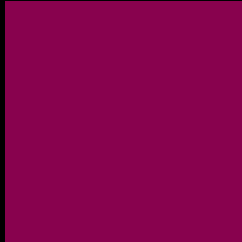
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 29, 54.063, 354.426 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

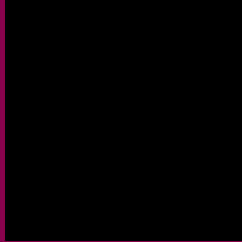
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 29, 54.063, 354.426

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 54.063, 354.426.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 54.063, 354.426.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
29, 54.063, 354.426

Protanopia
30, 26.985, 285.273

Deuteranopia
30, 4.442, 354.627



Tritanopia
30, 50.489, 31.284

Trichromacy



Original Color
29, 54.063, 354.426

Protanomaly
26, 38.105, 318.711

Deuteranomaly
27, 28.988, 346.920

Tritanomaly
29, 49.682, 16.911

Monochromacy



Original Color
29, 54.063, 354.426

Achromatopsia
21, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
21, 27.500, 345.396

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 29, 54.063, 354.426 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(136, 2, 78)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 2, 78)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 2, 78) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 2, 78) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 29, 54.063, 354.426 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 2, 78) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 2, 78) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(136, 2, 78)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(136, 2, 78); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 2, 78);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 2, 78)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 29, 54.063, 354.426 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 2, 78) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136, 2,  
78) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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