

Converting Colors

CIELCh(29, 56.007, 345.243)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(29, 56.007, 345.243)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(29, 56.203, 345.051)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	85045C
RGB	133, 4, 92
RGB Percent	52%, 2%, 36%
CMY	0.4787, 0.9847, 0.6394
CMYK	0.00, 0.97, 0.31, 0.48
HSL	319°, 94%, 27%
HSV	319°, 97%, 52%
XYZ	11.6354, 5.8380, 10.6274
YIQ	52.6030, 48.6360, 54.7160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

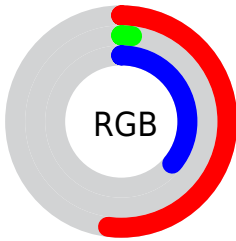
Format	Color
RYB	133, 4, 92
Decimal	8717404
CIELab	29.00, 54.30, -14.50
CIElCh	29, 56.203, 345.051
Yxy	5.8380, 0.4141, 0.2078
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286907484 (0xFF85045C)
YUV	52.6030, 19.4227, 70.5082
Hunter-Lab	24.1619, 43.6750, -9.1648

Details

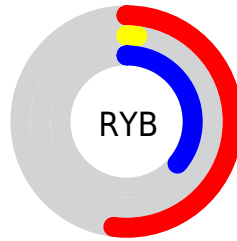
The CIELCh color **29, 56.203, 345.051** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **48, 62.515, 142.787**, and the grayscale version is **22, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49, 55.945, 345.296**, and **14, 37.504, 350.705** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29, 56.583, 345.566**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30, 54.760, 343.321**.

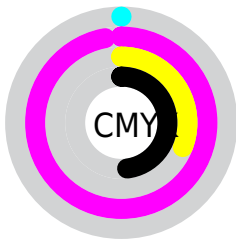
Distribution



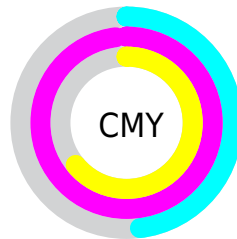
- Red (52%)
- Green (2%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (97%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Black (48%)





- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (98%)
- Yellow (64%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 29, 56.203, 345.051 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 29, 56.203, 345.051 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 29, 56.203,
345.051


 29, 56.203,
345.051

 100, 56.203,
345.051


 19, 56.203,
345.051


 49, 56.203,
345.051


 9, 56.203, 345.051

 59, 56.203,
345.051

 0, 56.203, 345.051

 69, 56.203,
345.051

 79, 56.203,
345.051

 89, 56.203,
345.051

 99, 56.203,

345.051

■ 29, 56.203,
345.051

■ 29, 56.203,
345.051

■ 29, 56.583,
345.566

■ 30, 54.760,
343.321

■ 31, 51.865,
341.852

■ 34, 47.433,
340.612

■ 36, 41.745,
339.537

■ 39, 35.145,
338.581

■ 42, 27.962,
337.712

■ 46, 20.467,
336.909

■ 49, 12.862,
336.156

■ 53, 5.288, 335.430

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29, 56.203, 345.051



48, 62.515, 142.787

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29, 56.203, 345.051



29, 56.203, 35.051



29, 56.203, 165.051



29, 56.203, 215.051

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29, 56.201, 345.052



58, 27.245, 337.112



17, 77.966, 308.708



28, 18.602, 337.403



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29, 56.201, 345.052



38, 68.436, 346.097



27, 55.768, 27.800



26, 4.218, 335.581



28, 55.713, 345.517



0, 1.003, 335.006

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29, 56.201, 345.052



38, 68.436, 346.097



49, 36.833, 173.536



26, 4.218, 335.581



28, 55.713, 345.517



0, 1.003, 335.006

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 29, 56.203, 345.051 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

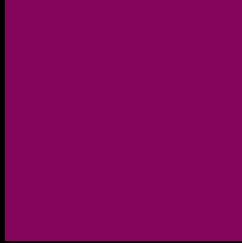
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 29, 56.203, 345.051 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

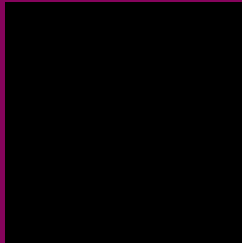
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 29, 56.203, 345.051

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 56.203, 345.051.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 56.203, 345.051.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
29, 56.203, 345.051

Protanopia
30, 39.750, 286.274

Deuteranopia
30, 10.258, 294.310



Tritanopia
30, 45.461, 28.844

Trichromacy



Original Color
29, 56.203, 345.051

Protanomaly
26, 47.355, 309.222

Deuteranomaly
27, 32.501, 330.883

Tritanomaly
29, 46.488, 9.321

Monochromacy



Original Color
29, 56.203, 345.051

Achromatopsia
22, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
22, 28.340, 339.316

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 29, 56.203, 345.051 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(133, 4, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(133, 4, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 4, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(133, 4, 92) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 29, 56.203, 345.051 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(133, 4, 92) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(133, 4, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(133, 4, 92)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(133, 4, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 4, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 4, 92)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 29, 56.203, 345.051 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(133, 4, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(133, 4,  
92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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