

Converting Colors

CIELCh(29, 58.459, 27.177)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(29, 58.459, 27.177) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(29, 58.187, 26.837)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8D021F
RGB	141, 2, 31
RGB Percent	55%, 1%, 12%
CMY	0.4461, 0.9903, 0.8778
CMYK	0.00, 0.98, 0.78, 0.45
HSL	348°, 97%, 28%
HSV	348°, 98%, 55%
XYZ	11.3039, 5.8380, 1.8394
YIQ	46.8670, 73.5350, 38.4870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

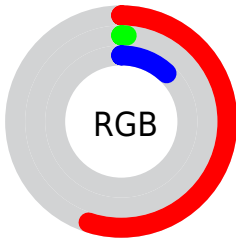
Format	Color
R_{YB}	141, 2, 31
Decimal	9241119
CIE _{Lab}	29.00, 51.92, 26.27
CIE _{LCh}	29, 58.187, 26.837
Yxy	5.8380, 0.5955, 0.3076
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287431199 (0xFF8D021F)
YUV	46.8670, -7.8224, 82.5546
Hunter-Lab	24.1619, 41.2256, 12.3998

Details

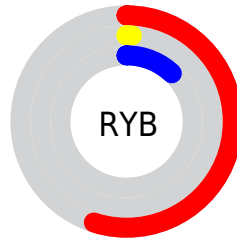
The CIELCh color **29, 58.187, 26.837** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990033**. A complement of this color would be **52, 39.871, 170.888**, and the grayscale version is **20, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49, 58.414, 26.737**, and **14, 41.690, 32.564** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29, 58.967, 27.620**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30, 53.914, 21.990**.

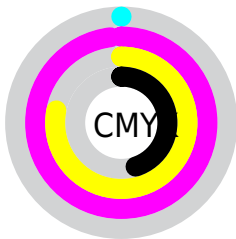
Distribution



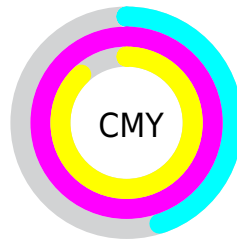
- Red (55%)
- Green (1%)
- Blue (12%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Blue (12%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (98%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (88%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 29, 58.187, 26.837 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 29, 58.187, 26.837 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 29, 58.187, 26.837

■ 29, 58.187, 26.837

■ 100, 58.187,
26.837

■ 19, 58.187, 26.837

■ 49, 58.187, 26.837

■ 9, 58.187, 26.837

■ 59, 58.187, 26.837

■ 0, 58.187, 26.837

■ 69, 58.187, 26.837

■ 79, 58.187, 26.837

■ 89, 58.187, 26.837

■ 99, 58.187, 26.837

■ 29, 58.187, 26.837

■ 29, 58.187, 26.837

29, 58.967, 27.620

30, 53.914, 21.990

32, 49.090, 17.638

34, 43.510, 14.087

37, 37.321, 11.254

40, 30.763, 9.001

43, 24.077, 7.190

47, 17.456, 5.711

51, 11.027, 4.474

55, 4.864, 3.395

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29, 58.187, 26.837



52, 39.871, 170.888

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29, 58.187, 26.837



29, 58.187, 76.837



29, 58.187, 206.837



29, 58.187, 256.837

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29, 58.185, 26.839



60, 22.255, 5.896



28, 75.479, 320.340



29, 15.328, 6.433



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29, 58.185, 26.839



38, 72.273, 28.908



33, 59.727, 47.177



28, 3.365, 3.494



27, 56.992, 27.369



0, 2.223, 2.728

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29, 58.185, 26.839



38, 72.273, 28.908



40, 30.214, 251.025



28, 3.365, 3.494



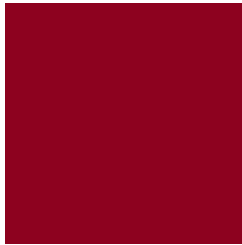
27, 56.992, 27.369



0, 2.223, 2.728

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 29, 58.187, 26.837 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

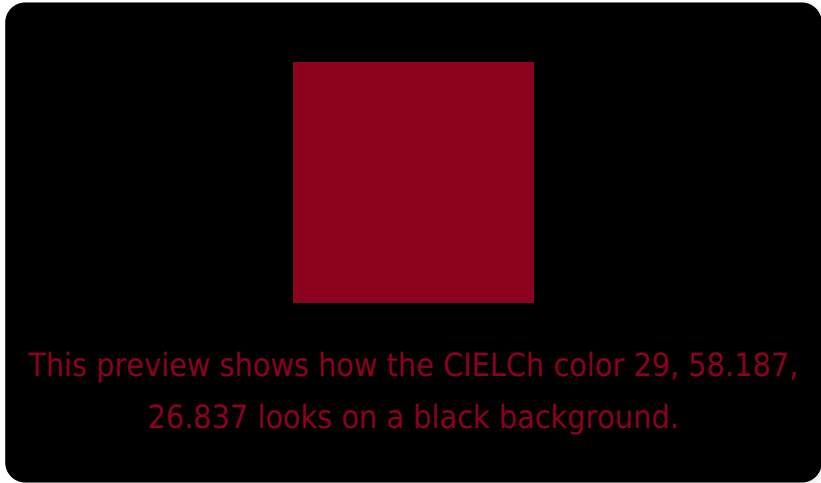
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 29, 58.187, 26.837

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 58.187, 26.837.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 58.187, 26.837.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

29, 58.187, 26.837

Protanopia

31, 15.427, 96.320

Deuteranopia

30, 30.647, 82.364



Tritanopia
29, 63.665, 38.968

Trichromacy



Original Color
29, 58.187, 26.837

Protanomaly
27, 27.884, 31.453

Deuteranomaly
27, 38.035, 43.390

Tritanomaly
29, 61.843, 35.525

Monochromacy



Original Color
29, 58.187, 26.837

Achromatopsia
19, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
20, 25.023, 11.676

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 29, 58.187, 26.837 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 2, 31)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 2, 31)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 2, 31) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 2, 31) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 29, 58.187, 26.837 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 2, 31) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 2, 31) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(141, 2, 31)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 2, 31); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 2, 31);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 2, 31)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 29, 58.187, 26.837 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 2, 31) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141, 2,  
31) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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