

Converting Colors

CIELCh(29, 61.349, 73.236)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(29, 61.349, 73.236) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(29, 43.648, 64.879)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6A3800
RGB	106, 56, 0
RGB Percent	42%, 22%, 0%
CMY	0.5858, 0.7816, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.47, 1.00, 0.59
HSL	32°, 100%, 21%
HSV	32°, 100%, 41%
XYZ	7.2959, 5.8380, 0.7327
YIQ	64.5660, 47.7760, -6.8160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

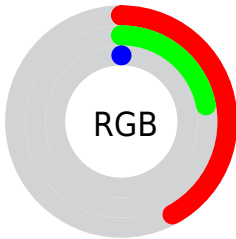
Format	Color
RYB	95, 106, 0
Decimal	6961152
CIELab	29.00, 18.53, 39.52
CIELCh	29, 43.648, 64.879
Yxy	5.8380, 0.5261, 0.4210
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285151232 (0xFF6A3800)
YUV	64.5660, -31.8310, 36.3376
Hunter-Lab	24.1619, 11.6160, 15.1153

Details

The CIELCh color **29, 43.648, 64.879** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **21, 37.828, 284.146**, and the grayscale version is **27, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49, 43.577, 64.623**, and **9, 23.441, 37.051** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29, 43.530, 64.795**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30, 39.526, 66.398**.

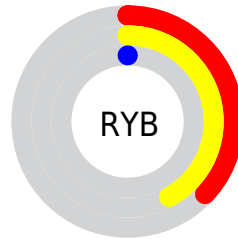
Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (22%)

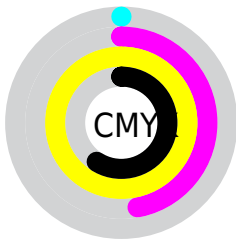
Blue (0%)



Red (37%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (0%)

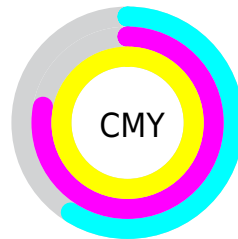


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (59%)



Cyan (59%)

Magenta (78%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 29, 43.648, 64.879 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 29, 43.648, 64.879 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 29, 43.648, 64.879

■ 29, 43.648, 64.879

■ 100, 43.648,
64.879

■ 19, 43.648, 64.879

■ 49, 43.648, 64.879

■ 9, 43.648, 64.879

■ 59, 43.648, 64.879

■ 0, 43.648, 64.879

■ 69, 43.648, 64.879

■ 79, 43.648, 64.879

■ 89, 43.648, 64.879

■ 99, 43.648, 64.879

■ 29, 43.648, 64.879

■ 29, 43.648, 64.879

■ 29, 43.530, 64.795

■ 30, 39.526, 66.398

■ 32, 35.419, 68.142

■ 33, 30.830, 69.612

■ 35, 26.088, 70.951

■ 36, 21.373, 72.231

■ 38, 16.775, 73.482

■ 40, 12.333, 74.713

■ 41, 8.058, 75.921

■ 43, 3.949, 77.088

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29, 43.648, 64.879



21, 37.828, 284.146

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29, 43.648, 64.879



29, 43.648, 114.879



29, 43.648, 244.879



29, 43.648, 294.879

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29, 43.530, 64.795



51, 15.359, 74.610



21, 44.392, 1.121



25, 10.463, 74.238



79, 0.010, 296.813



29, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29, 43.530, 64.795



38, 53.153, 63.845



43, 50.695, 103.833



21, 2.240, 77.203



32, 47.235, 64.478



66, 82.039, 62.173

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21, 37.828, 284.146



28, 47.044, 285.493



9, 69.873, 306.382



21, 2.205, 259.480



24, 41.239, 284.720



51, 75.256, 287.450

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 29, 43.648, 64.879 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

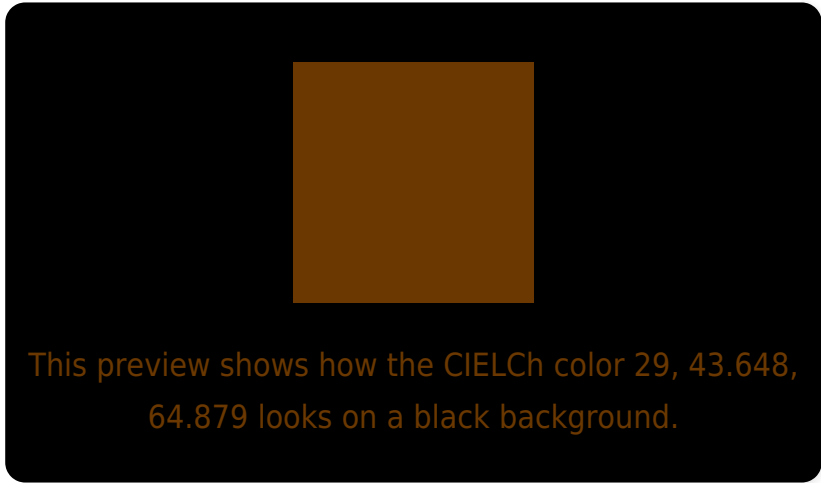
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 29, 43.648, 64.879

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 43.648, 64.879.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 43.648, 64.879.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

29, 43.648, 64.879

Protanopia

29, 34.559, 95.561

Deuteranopia

29, 38.558, 85.781



Tritanopia
29, 26.503, 20.857

Trichromacy



Original Color
29, 43.648, 64.879

Protanomaly
29, 36.044, 82.295

Deuteranomaly
29, 39.660, 76.968

Tritanomaly
29, 30.898, 44.940

Monochromacy



Original Color
29, 43.648, 64.879

Achromatopsia
27, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
27, 16.055, 72.609

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 29, 43.648, 64.879 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(106, 56, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(106, 56, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 56, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(106, 56, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 29, 43.648, 64.879 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(106, 56, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(106, 56, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 56, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(106, 56, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 56, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 56, 0)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 29, 43.648, 64.879 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(106, 56, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(106, 56,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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