

Converting Colors

CIELCh(29, 65.932, 323.786)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(29, 65.932, 323.786)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(29, 66.192, 323.703)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	741482
RGB	116, 20, 130
RGB Percent	45%, 8%, 51%
CMY	0.5447, 0.9211, 0.4899
CMYK	0.11, 0.85, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	292°, 73%, 29%
HSV	292°, 85%, 51%
XYZ	11.5020, 5.8380, 21.6702
YIQ	61.2440, 21.9060, 54.5620

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

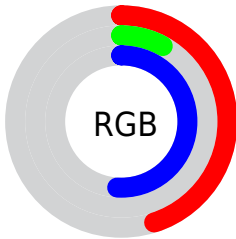
Format	Color
R_{YB}	116, 20, 130
Decimal	7607426
CIE _{Lab}	29.00, 53.35, -39.18
CIE _{LCh}	29, 66.192, 323.703
Yxy	5.8380, 0.2948, 0.1497
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285797506 (0xFF741482)
YUV	61.2440, 33.8967, 48.0210
Hunter-Lab	24.1619, 42.6892, -36.2623

Details

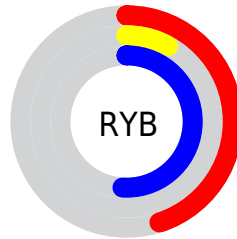
The CIELCh color **29, 66.192, 323.703** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660066**. A complement of this color would be **47, 66.591, 135.519**, and the grayscale version is **26, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49, 66.317, 323.540**, and **13, 50.751, 320.897** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28, 69.312, 323.563**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31, 61.417, 323.685**.

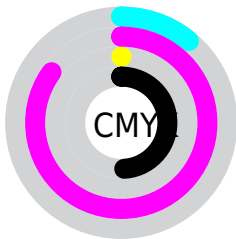
Distribution



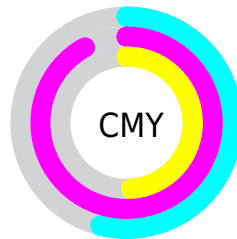
- Red (45%)
- Green (8%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (49%)





- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (92%)
- Yellow (49%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 29, 66.192, 323.703 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 29, 66.192, 323.703 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 29, 66.192,
323.703


 29, 66.192,
323.703

 100, 66.192,
323.703


 19, 66.192,
323.703


 49, 66.192,
323.703


 9, 66.192, 323.703

 59, 66.192,
323.703

 0, 66.192, 323.703

 69, 66.192,
323.703

 79, 66.192,
323.703

 89, 66.192,
323.703

 99, 66.192,

323.703

■ 29, 66.192,
323.703

■ 29, 66.192,
323.703

■ 28, 69.312,
323.563

■ 31, 61.417,
323.685

■ 27, 70.782,
323.470

■ 33, 55.155,
323.526

■ 36, 47.739,
323.254

■ 39, 39.524,
322.900

■ 42, 30.825,
322.490

■ 45, 21.892,
322.047

■ 49, 12.907,
321.587

■ 53, 3.994, 321.103

■ 56, 4.767, 140.734

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29, 66.192, 323.703



47, 66.591, 135.519

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29, 66.192, 323.703



29, 66.192, 13.703



29, 66.192, 143.703



29, 66.192, 193.703

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29, 66.191, 323.703



58, 27.551, 322.094



20, 63.155, 300.228



28, 18.718, 322.225



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29, 66.191, 323.703



36, 85.461, 323.366



29, 51.791, 346.014



26, 5.072, 321.333



27, 70.767, 323.470



0, 1.206, 320.937

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28, 50.651, 26.128



35, 71.149, 33.990



48, 53.927, 146.999



26, 3.089, 9.633



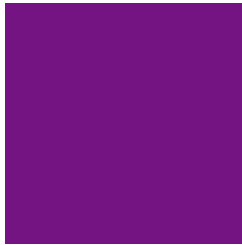
26, 58.195, 32.789



0, 0.721, 8.943

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 29, 66.192, 323.703 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 29, 66.192, 323.703 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

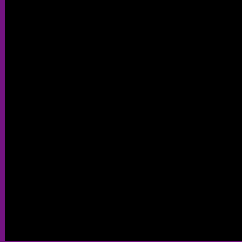
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 29, 66.192, 323.703

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 66.192, 323.703.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 66.192, 323.703.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

29, 66.192, 323.703

Protanopia

30, 48.264, 285.405

Deuteranopia

30, 34.239, 277.441



Tritanopia
29, 25.859, 19.222

Trichromacy



Original Color
29, 66.192, 323.703

Protanomaly
26, 56.255, 298.032

Deuteranomaly
27, 47.288, 300.522

Tritanomaly
28, 37.388, 343.133

Monochromacy



Original Color
29, 66.192, 323.703

Achromatopsia
26, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
25, 29.381, 322.961

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 29, 66.192, 323.703 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(116, 20, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(116, 20, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(116, 20, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(116, 20, 130) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 29, 66.192, 323.703 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(116, 20, 130) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(116, 20, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(116, 20, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(116, 20, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 20, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 20,  
130) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 29, 66.192, 323.703 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(116, 20, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(116, 20,  
130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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