

Converting Colors

CIELCh(29, 81.458, 148.018)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(29, 81.458, 148.018)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(31, 54.713, 136.016)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	005600
RGB	0, 86, 0
RGB Percent	0%, 34%, 0%
CMY	1.0000, 0.6625, 1.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.66
HSL	120°, 100%, 17%
HSV	120°, 100%, 34%
XYZ	3.3062, 6.6515, 1.0850
YIQ	50.4820, -23.6500, -44.9780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	0, 86, 86
Decimal	22016
CIELab	31.00, -39.37, 38.00
CIELCh	31, 54.713, 136.016
Yxy	6.6515, 0.2994, 0.6023
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278212096 (0xFF005600)
YUV	50.4820, -24.8876, -44.2727
Hunter-Lab	25.7905, -22.2503, 15.5589

Details

The CIELCh color **31, 54.713, 136.016** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006600**. A complement of this color would be **19, 52.394, 328.233**, and the grayscale version is **21, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51, 54.176, 136.048**, and **13, 29.984, 142.357** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31, 54.303, 136.016**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31, 51.127, 136.894**.

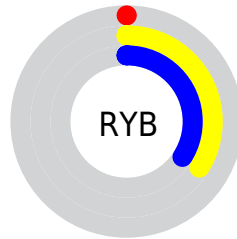
Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (34%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (34%)

Blue (34%)

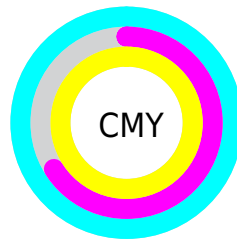


Cyan (100%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (66%)



Cyan (100%)


Magenta (66%)


Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 31, 54.713, 136.016 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 31, 54.713, 136.016 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 31, 54.713,
136.016


 31, 54.713,
136.016

 100, 54.713,
136.016


 21, 54.713,
136.016

 51, 54.713,
136.016


 11, 54.713,
136.016


 61, 54.713,
136.016

 1, 54.713, 136.016

 71, 54.713,
136.016

 0, 54.713, 136.016

 81, 54.713,
136.016

 91, 54.713,
136.016

■ 31, 54.713,
136.016

■ 31, 54.713,
136.016

■ 31, 54.303,
136.016

■ 31, 51.127,
136.894

■ 31, 47.762,
137.747

■ 32, 43.378,
138.748

■ 32, 38.178,
139.793

■ 33, 32.380,
140.803

■ 33, 26.174,
141.732

■ 34, 19.717,
142.561

■ 35, 13.139,

143.288

■ 36, 6.540, 143.925

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31, 54.713, 136.016



19, 52.394, 328.233

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31, 54.713, 136.016



31, 54.713, 186.016



31, 54.713, 316.016



31, 54.713, 6.016

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31, 54.303, 136.016



44, 24.536, 142.482



35, 43.936, 102.852



21, 16.546, 142.283



75, 0.009, 296.813



24, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31, 54.303, 136.016



41, 65.382, 136.016



31, 38.804, 151.105



17, 3.679, 143.998



39, 63.260, 136.016



81, 112.456, 136.016

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19, 52.394, 328.233



26, 63.084, 328.233



16, 38.735, 358.490



16, 3.685, 324.858



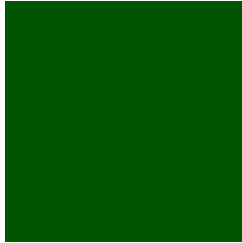
24, 61.036, 328.233



56, 108.502, 328.233

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 54.713, 136.016 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

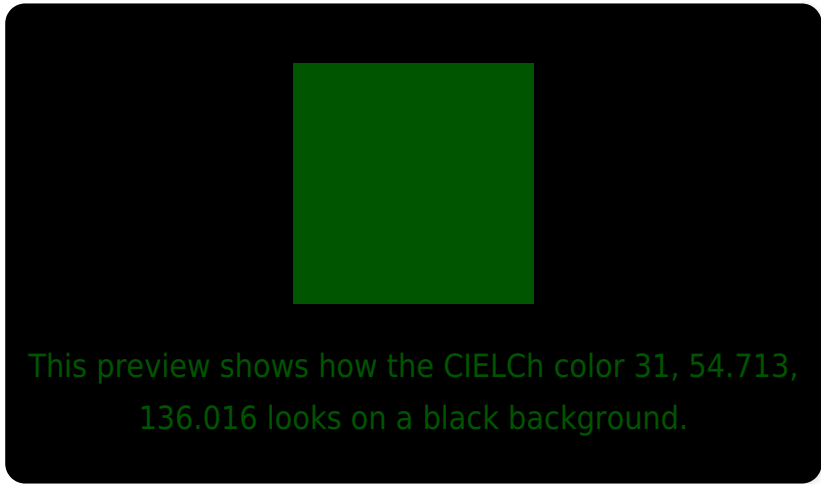
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

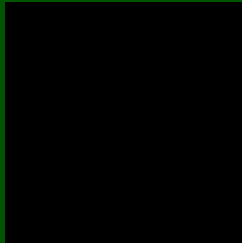
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 31, 54.713, 136.016

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 54.713, 136.016.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 54.713, 136.016.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
31, 54.279, 136.016

Protanopia
31, 39.950, 96.010

Deuteranopia
31, 32.916, 83.616



Tritanopia
31, 15.517, 211.761

Trichromacy



Original Color
31, 54.279, 136.016

Protanomaly
30, 43.230, 119.503

Deuteranomaly
30, 37.204, 116.890

Tritanomaly
31, 28.185, 158.221

Monochromacy



Original Color
31, 54.279, 136.016

Achromatopsia
21, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
24, 25.386, 141.025

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 31, 54.713, 136.016 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 86, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 86, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 86, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 86, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 31, 54.713, 136.016 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 86, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 86, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 86, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 86, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 86, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 86, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 31, 54.713, 136.016 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 86, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 86,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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