

Converting Colors

CIELCh(29, 88.003, 315.911)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(29, 88.003, 315.911)
contains.

CIELCh(29, 87.721, 315.757)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(29, 87.721, 315.757)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6B00A6
RGB	107, 0, 166
RGB Percent	42%, 0%, 65%
CMY	0.5816, 1.0000, 0.3501
CMYK	0.36, 1.00, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	279°, 100%, 32%
HSV	279°, 100%, 65%
XYZ	12.8781, 5.8380, 36.3864
YIQ	50.9170, 10.4860, 74.3100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

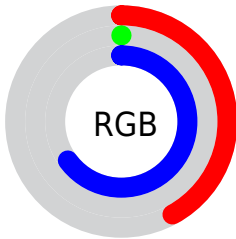
Format	Color
R_{YB}	107, 0, 166
Decimal	7012518
CIE _{Lab}	29.00, 62.84, -61.20
CIE _{LCh}	29, 87.721, 315.757
Yxy	5.8380, 0.2337, 0.1059
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285202598 (0xFF6B00A6)
YUV	50.9170, 56.7359, 49.1848
Hunter-Lab	24.1619, 52.8557, -72.3737

Details

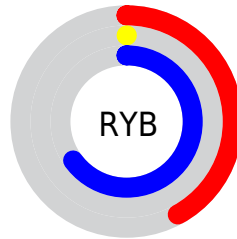
The CIELCh color **29, 87.721, 315.757** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660099**. A complement of this color would be **60, 82.323, 131.898**, and the grayscale version is **21, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49, 87.519, 315.711**, and **15, 69.079, 310.983** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29, 87.620, 315.739**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31, 83.936, 316.260**.

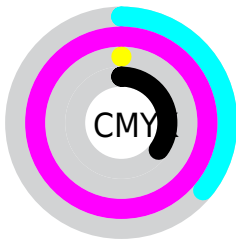
Distribution



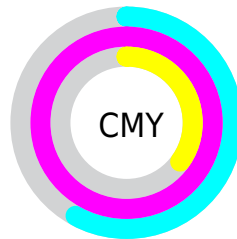
- Red (42%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (35%)




- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (35%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 29, 87.721, 315.757 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 29, 87.721, 315.757 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 29, 87.721,
315.757


 29, 87.721,
315.757

 100, 87.721,
315.757


 19, 87.721,
315.757


 49, 87.721,
315.757


 9, 87.721, 315.757

 59, 87.721,
315.757

 0, 87.721, 315.757

 69, 87.721,
315.757

 79, 87.721,
315.757

 89, 87.721,
315.757

 99, 87.721,

315.757

■ 29, 87.721,
315.757

■ 29, 87.721,
315.757

■ 29, 87.620,
315.739

■ 31, 83.936,
316.260

■ 33, 78.413,
316.542

■ 37, 70.880,
316.550

■ 40, 61.888,
316.358

■ 44, 51.983,
316.035

■ 49, 41.599,
315.637

■ 54, 31.044,
315.204

■ 58, 20.520,
314.762

■ 63, 10.151,
314.326

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



29, 87.721, 315.757



60, 82.323, 131.898

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



29, 87.721, 315.757



29, 87.721, 5.757



29, 87.721, 135.757



29, 87.721, 185.757

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



29, 87.620, 315.739



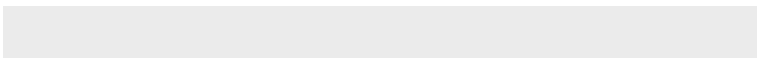
68, 38.270, 315.227



30, 66.494, 294.306



33, 26.127, 315.402



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



29, 87.620, 315.739



38, 106.202, 315.553



38, 75.462, 334.308



32, 5.666, 314.293



25, 79.523, 315.852



1, 8.608, 312.026

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35, 61.993, 15.402



45, 75.321, 16.494



59, 83.757, 137.465



32, 4.037, 352.980



30, 56.195, 14.741



1, 6.066, 354.411

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 29, 87.721, 315.757 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

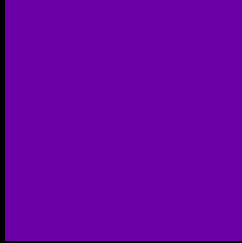
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 29, 87.721, 315.757 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 29, 87.721, 315.757

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 87.721, 315.757.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 29, 87.721, 315.757.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
29, 87.721, 315.757

Protanopia
30, 48.785, 285.433

Deuteranopia
30, 34.917, 272.681



Tritanopia
30, 10.892, 4.468

Trichromacy



Original Color
29, 87.721, 315.757

Protanomaly
25, 69.763, 301.127

Deuteranomaly
25, 60.934, 299.584

Tritanomaly
27, 44.131, 322.502

Monochromacy



Original Color
29, 87.721, 315.757

Achromatopsia
21, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
21, 42.004, 316.265

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 29, 87.721, 315.757 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 0, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 0, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 0, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 0, 166) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 29, 87.721, 315.757 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 0, 166) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 0, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 0, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 0, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 0, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 0,  
166) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 29, 87.721, 315.757 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 0, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107, 0,  
166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor