

Converting Colors

CIELCh(2, 8.502, 339.357)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(2, 8.502, 339.357) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(2, 8.583, 340.151)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	15010E
RGB	21, 1, 14
RGB Percent	8%, 0%, 5%
CMY	0.9170, 0.9950, 0.9442
CMYK	0.00, 0.94, 0.33, 0.92
HSL	321°, 89%, 4%
HSV	321°, 94%, 8%
XYZ	0.4075, 0.2214, 0.4448
YIQ	8.4620, 7.7470, 8.2830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	21, 1, 14
Decimal	1376526
CIELab	2.00, 8.07, -2.91
CIELCh	2, 8.583, 340.151
Yxy	0.2214, 0.3795, 0.2062
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279566606 (0xFF15010E)
YUV	8.4620, 2.7302, 10.9958
Hunter-Lab	4.7054, 7.2248, -2.3112

Details

The CIELCh color **2, 8.583, 340.151** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **5, 9.491, 153.999**, and the grayscale version is **2, 0.001, 296.812**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **22, 8.381, 341.549**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **2, 9.047, 340.153**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **2, 7.824, 340.086**.

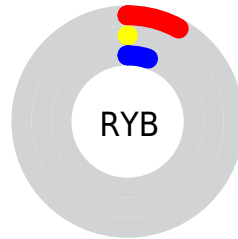
Distribution



Red (8%)

Green (0%)

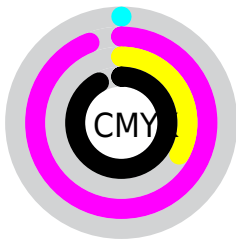
Blue (5%)



Red (8%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (5%)

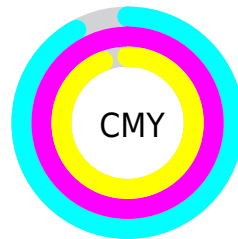


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (94%)

Yellow (33%)

Black (92%)



Cyan (92%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (94%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 2, 8.583, 340.151 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 2, 8.583, 340.151 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 2, 8.583, 340.151 ■ 2, 8.583, 340.151

■ 92, 8.583, 340.151 ■ 0, 8.583, 340.151

■ 22, 8.583, 340.151

■ 32, 8.583, 340.151

■ 42, 8.583, 340.151

■ 52, 8.583, 340.151

■ 62, 8.583, 340.151

■ 72, 8.583, 340.151

■ 82, 8.583, 340.151

■ 2, 8.583, 340.151 ■ 2, 8.583, 340.151

■ 2, 9.047, 340.153

■ 2, 7.824, 340.086

■ 3, 7.074, 339.921

■ 3, 6.333, 339.621

■ 4, 5.602, 339.132

■ 4, 4.834, 338.510

■ 5, 3.948, 337.938

■ 5, 2.939, 337.408

■ 6, 1.804, 336.911

■ 7, 0.537, 336.368

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



2, 8.583, 340.151



5, 9.491, 153.999

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



2, 8.583, 340.151



2, 8.583, 30.151



2, 8.583, 160.151



2, 8.583, 210.151

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



2, 8.583, 340.151



7, 5.547, 337.796



1, 9.760, 301.030



3, 2.268, 337.704



59, 0.008, 296.813



4, 0.001, 296.812

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



2, 8.583, 340.151



3, 13.515, 342.087



2, 6.725, 7.943



3, 0.393, 336.264



14, 37.381, 346.055



44, 74.978, 348.820

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



2, 8.583, 340.151



3, 13.515, 342.087



5, 6.936, 181.545



3, 0.393, 336.264



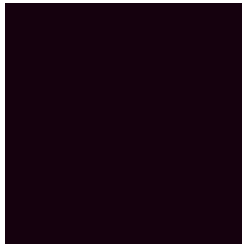
14, 37.381, 346.055



44, 74.978, 348.820

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 2, 8.583, 340.151 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

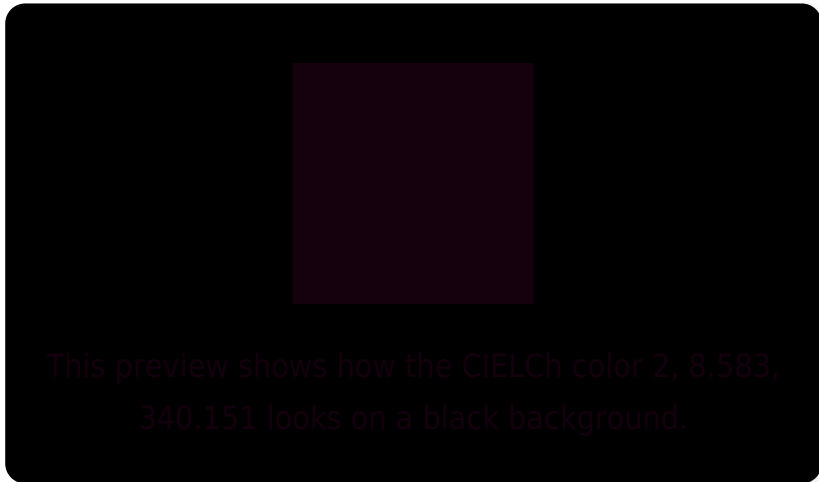
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

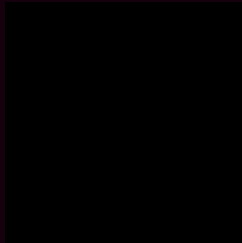
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 2, 8.583, 340.151

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 2, 8.583, 340.151.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 2, 8.583, 340.151.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

2, 8.583, 340.151

Protanopia

3, 4.961, 277.178

Deuteranopia

3, 0.955, 308.584



Tritanopia

3, 5.187, 19.399

Trichromacy



Original Color
2, 8.583, 340.151

Protanomaly
2, 5.422, 305.333

Deuteranomaly
3, 3.523, 333.624

Tritanomaly
2, 6.111, 0.136

Monochromacy



Original Color
2, 8.583, 340.151

Achromatopsia
2, 0.001, 296.812

Achromatomaly
2, 2.876, 334.593

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIElCh 2, 8.583, 340.151 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(21, 1, 14)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(21, 1, 14)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(21, 1, 14) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(21, 1, 14) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 2, 8.583, 340.151 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(21, 1, 14) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(21, 1, 14) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(21, 1, 14)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(21, 1, 14); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 1, 14); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 1, 14) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 2, 8.583, 340.151 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(21, 1, 14) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(21, 1,  
14) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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