

Converting Colors

CIELCh(30, 1.259, 284.689)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(30, 1.259, 284.689) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(30, 1.347, 271.670)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	464749
RGB	70, 71, 73
RGB Percent	27%, 28%, 29%
CMY	0.7267, 0.7227, 0.7149
CMYK	0.04, 0.03, 0.00, 0.71
HSL	220°, 2%, 28%
HSV	220°, 4%, 29%
XYZ	5.9306, 6.2359, 7.1416
YIQ	70.9290, -1.2380, 0.4100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_YB	70, 71, 73
Decimal	4605769
CIE Lab	30.00, 0.04, -1.35
CIE LCh	30, 1.347, 271.670
Yxy	6.2359, 0.3072, 0.3230
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282795849 (0xFF464749)
YUV	70.9290, 1.0210, -0.8147
Hunter-Lab	24.9718, -1.3086, 0.5242

Details

The CIELCh color **30, 1.347, 271.670** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **30, 1.339, 90.551**, and the grayscale version is **30, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50, 1.797, 277.673**, and **10, 1.546, 272.100** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28, 4.634, 272.804**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32, 1.895, 90.411**.

Distribution



 Red (27%)

 Green (28%)

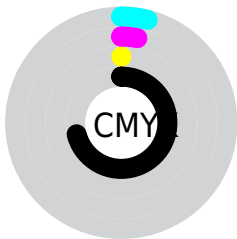
 Blue (29%)



 Red (27%)

 Yellow (28%)

 Blue (29%)

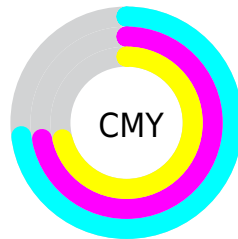


 Cyan (4%)

 Magenta (3%)

 Yellow (0%)

 Black (71%)



 Cyan (73%)

 Magenta (72%)

 Yellow (71%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 30, 1.347, 271.670 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 30, 1.347, 271.670 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 30, 1.347, 271.670

■ 30, 1.347, 271.670

100, 1.347,
271.670

■ 20, 1.347, 271.670

■ 50, 1.347, 271.670

■ 10, 1.347, 271.670

■ 60, 1.347, 271.670

■ 0, 1.347, 271.670

■ 70, 1.347, 271.670

■ 80, 1.347, 271.670

■ 90, 1.347, 271.670

■ 30, 1.347, 271.670

■ 30, 1.347, 271.670

■ 28, 4.634, 272.804

■ 32, 1.895, 90.411

■ 26, 7.969, 274.205

■ 34, 5.089, 89.504

■ 23, 11.352,
275.824

■ 36, 8.236, 88.678

■ 21, 14.786,
277.690

■ 39, 11.335, 87.940

■ 41, 14.386, 87.279

■ 19, 18.280,
279.833

■ 43, 17.389, 86.686

■ 17, 21.842,
282.273

■ 45, 20.343, 86.150

■ 47, 23.249, 85.663

■ 15, 25.485,
285.015

■ 49, 26.108, 85.219

■ 13, 29.221,
288.027

■ 11, 33.064,
290.991

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30, 1.347, 271.670



30, 1.339, 90.551

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30, 1.347, 271.670



30, 1.347, 321.670



30, 1.347, 91.670



30, 1.347, 141.670

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30, 1.346, 271.636



40, 0.408, 271.545



31, 1.476, 172.411



20, 0.234, 271.574



72, 0.009, 296.813



20, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30, 1.346, 271.636



39, 2.027, 271.742



30, 1.938, 296.336



13, 1.075, 271.736



16, 46.022, 294.304



39, 90.763, 297.063

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30, 1.479, 353.846



39, 2.230, 353.966



31, 1.915, 115.787



13, 1.183, 353.961



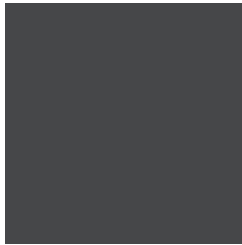
19, 42.781, 14.394



48, 79.406, 18.828

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 30, 1.347, 271.670 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

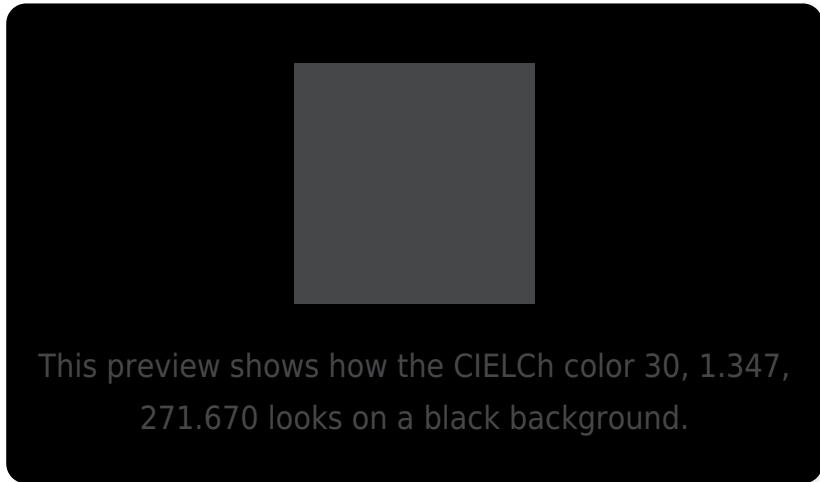
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

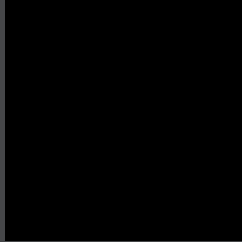
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

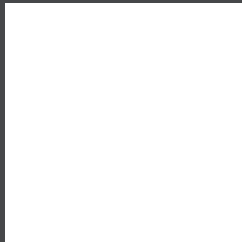
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 30, 1.347, 271.670

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 30, 1.347, 271.670.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 30, 1.347, 271.670.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30, 1.347, 271.670

Protanopia

30, 1.363, 309.134

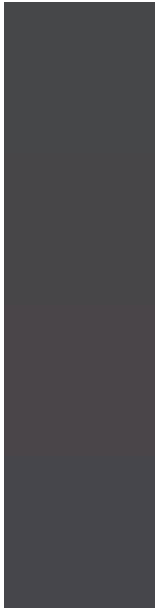
Deuteranopia

30, 4.779, 338.146



Tritanopia
30, 3.847, 290.903

Trichromacy



Original Color

30, 1.347, 271.670

Protanomaly

30, 1.363, 309.134

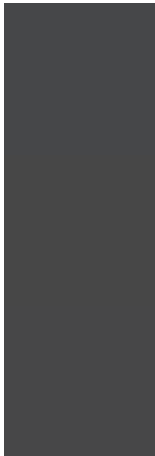
Deuteranomaly

30, 3.391, 330.858

Tritanomaly

30, 3.207, 290.786

Monochromacy



Original Color

30, 1.347, 271.670

Achromatopsia

30, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly

30, 0.643, 290.345

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 30, 1.347, 271.670 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(70, 71, 73)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(70, 71, 73)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(70, 71, 73) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(70, 71, 73) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 30, 1.347, 271.670 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(70, 71, 73) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(70, 71, 73) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(70, 71, 73) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(70, 71, 73); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 71, 73);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 71, 73)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 30, 1.347, 271.670 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(70, 71, 73) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(70, 71,  
73) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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