

Converting Colors

CIELCh(30, 113.346, 308.668)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(30, 113.346, 308.668)
contains.

CIELCh(30, 113.263, 308.670)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	25
<i>CSS Examples</i>	28

Color

CIELCh(30, 113.263, 308.670)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4701D6
RGB	71, 1, 214
RGB Percent	28%, 0%, 84%
CMY	0.7200, 0.9980, 0.1596
CMYK	0.67, 1.00, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	260°, 100%, 42%
HSV	260°, 100%, 84%
XYZ	14.8085, 6.2359, 64.2377
YIQ	46.2120, -26.6530, 81.0830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

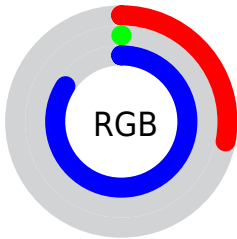
Format	Color
R_{YB}	71, 1, 214
Decimal	4653526
CIE _{Lab}	30.00, 70.77, -88.43
CIE _{LCh}	30, 113.263, 308.670
Yxy	6.2359, 0.1736, 0.0731
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282843606 (0xFF4701D6)
YUV	46.2120, 82.7195, 21.7391
Hunter-Lab	24.9718, 62.1512, -135.0380

Details

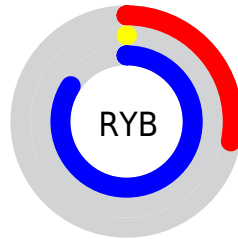
The CIELCh color **30, 113.263, 308.670** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3300CC**. The color can be described as dark washed blue. A complement of this color would be **79, 90.555, 121.499**, and the grayscale version is **19, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **48, 104.650, 309.305**, and **18, 93.137, 306.287** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30, 113.384, 308.667**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33, 107.766, 308.891**.

Distribution



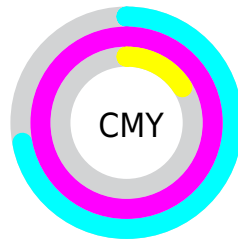
- Red (28%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (28%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (16%)





- Cyan (72%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (16%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 30, 113.263, 308.670 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 30, 113.263, 308.670 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 30, 113.263,
308.670


 30, 113.263,
308.670


 100, 113.263,
308.670


 20, 113.263,
308.670


 50, 113.263,
308.670


 10, 113.263,
308.670

 60, 113.263,
308.670

 0, 113.263,
308.670

 70, 113.263,
308.670

 80, 113.263,
308.670

 90, 113.263,
308.670

■ 30, 113.263,
308.670

■ 30, 113.263,
308.670

■ 30, 113.384,
308.667

■ 33, 107.766,
308.891

■ 37, 99.122,
308.689

■ 42, 87.944,
308.120

■ 47, 75.385,
307.352

■ 53, 62.284,
306.511

■ 60, 49.141,
305.676

■ 66, 36.223,
304.890

■ 73, 23.656,

304.173

■ 79, 11.491,
303.531

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30, 113.263, 308.670



79, 90.555, 121.499

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30, 113.263, 308.670



30, 113.263, 358.670



30, 113.263, 128.670



30, 113.263, 178.670

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30, 113.265, 308.671



77, 42.077, 304.930



58, 44.305, 259.600



38, 28.901, 305.258



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30, 113.265, 308.671



36, 129.441, 308.573



44, 103.006, 321.240



42, 6.672, 303.510



23, 95.587, 308.817



2, 28.168, 302.517

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 79.243, 347.486



56, 90.195, 347.799



75, 103.440, 134.923



42, 6.218, 336.222



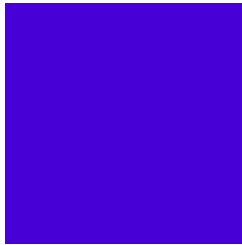
38, 67.141, 347.137



6, 25.897, 342.957

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 30, 113.263, 308.670 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

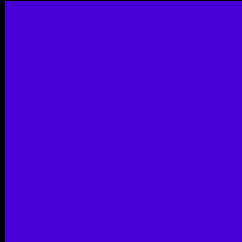
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 30, 113.263, 308.670 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 30, 113.263, 308.670

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 30, 113.263, 308.670.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 30, 113.263, 308.670.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30, 113.091, 308.633

Protanopia

31, 49.304, 285.461

Deuteranopia

31, 33.848, 270.504



Tritanopia
30, 20.901, 207.329

Trichromacy



Original Color
30, 113.091, 308.633

Protanomaly
27, 79.502, 300.890

Deuteranomaly
26, 69.767, 298.984

Tritanomaly
25, 53.566, 294.757

Monochromacy



Original Color
30, 113.091, 308.633

Achromatopsia
19, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
19, 52.122, 308.084

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 30, 113.263, 308.670 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(71, 1, 214)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(71, 1, 214)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(71, 1, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(71, 1, 214) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 30, 113.263, 308.670 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(71, 1, 214) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(71, 1, 214) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(71, 1, 214)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(71, 1, 214); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 1, 214);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 1, 214)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 30, 113.263, 308.670 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(71, 1, 214) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(71, 1,  
214) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor