

Converting Colors

CIELCh(30, 14.150, 0.948)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(30, 14.150, 0.948) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(30, 14.016, 0.880)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5C3F47
RGB	92, 63, 71
RGB Percent	36%, 25%, 28%
CMY	0.6404, 0.7540, 0.7227
CMYK	0.00, 0.32, 0.23, 0.64
HSL	343°, 19%, 30%
HSV	343°, 32%, 36%
XYZ	7.2748, 6.2359, 6.7347
YIQ	72.5830, 14.7160, 8.6360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

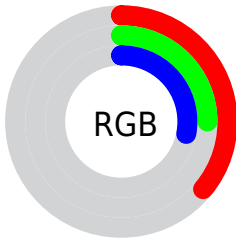
Format	Color
RYB	92, 63, 71
Decimal	6045511
CIELab	30.00, 14.01, 0.22
CIELCh	30, 14.016, 0.880
Yxy	6.2359, 0.3593, 0.3080
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284235591 (0xFF5C3F47)
YUV	72.5830, -0.7804, 17.0287
Hunter-Lab	24.9718, 8.2998, 1.4902

Details

The CIELCh color $30, 14.016, 0.880$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 663333 . A complement of this color would be $37, 12.754, 174.797$, and the grayscale version is $31, 0.005, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $50, 13.979, 1.767$, and $10, 13.977, 0.283$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $27, 18.672, 2.298$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $33, 9.424, 359.680$.

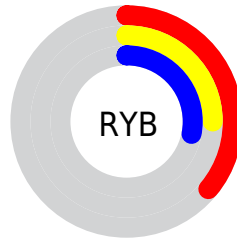
Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (25%)

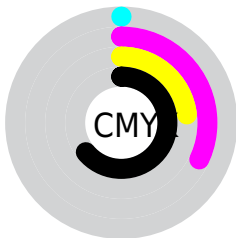
Blue (28%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (25%)

Blue (28%)

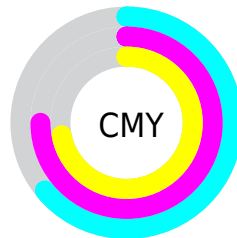


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (23%)

Black (64%)



Cyan (64%)

Magenta (75%)


Yellow (72%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 30, 14.016, 0.880 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 30, 14.016, 0.880 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 30, 14.016, 0.880  30, 14.016, 0.880

 100, 14.016, 0.880  20, 14.016, 0.880

 50, 14.016, 0.880  10, 14.016, 0.880


 60, 14.016, 0.880  0, 14.016, 0.880

 70, 14.016, 0.880

 80, 14.016, 0.880

 90, 14.016, 0.880

 30, 14.016, 0.880  30, 14.016, 0.880

 27, 18.672, 2.298  33, 9.424, 359.680

 25, 23.296, 3.998  36, 4.965, 358.627

■ 23, 27.746, 6.076

■ 38, 0.673, 357.375

■ 21, 31.849, 8.650

■ 41, 3.438, 177.072

■ 19, 35.439, 11.857

■ 44, 7.366, 176.320

■ 18, 38.446, 15.766

■ 47, 11.117,
175.667

■ 17, 41.091, 18.885

■ 50, 14.701,
175.079

■ 53, 18.131,
174.542

■ 56, 21.419,
174.050

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30, 14.016, 0.880



37, 12.754, 174.797

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30, 14.016, 0.880



30, 14.016, 50.880



30, 14.016, 180.880



30, 14.016, 230.880

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30, 14.015, 0.883



47, 4.781, 358.395



30, 20.421, 317.510



24, 3.355, 358.498



77, 0.009, 296.813



26, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30, 14.015, 0.883



37, 21.213, 1.939



32, 11.530, 40.908



17, 2.387, 358.349



22, 46.885, 20.265



50, 84.552, 24.245

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30, 14.015, 0.883



37, 21.213, 1.939



35, 9.454, 223.029



17, 2.387, 358.349



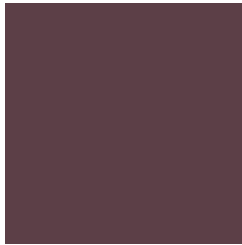
22, 46.885, 20.265



50, 84.552, 24.245

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 30, 14.016, 0.880 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 30, 14.016, 0.880 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

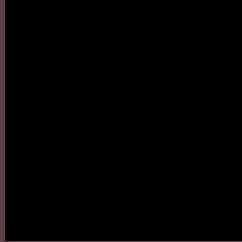
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 30, 14.016, 0.880

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 30, 14.016, 0.880.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 30, 14.016, 0.880.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30, 14.016, 0.880

Protanopia

30, 2.560, 290.664

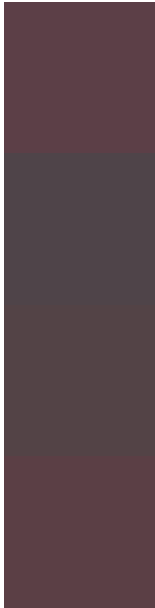
Deuteranopia

30, 4.088, 11.079



Tritanopia
30, 13.195, 7.987

Trichromacy



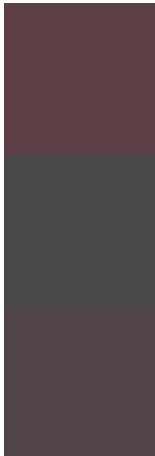
Original Color
30, 14.016, 0.880

Protanomaly
30, 5.836, 347.254

Deuteranomaly
30, 7.473, 5.920

Tritanomaly
30, 13.296, 5.295

Monochromacy



Original Color
30, 14.016, 0.880

Achromatopsia
31, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
30, 4.851, 357.015

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 30, 14.016, 0.880 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 63, 71)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 63, 71)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 63, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 63, 71) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 30, 14.016, 0.880 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 63, 71) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 63, 71) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(92, 63, 71)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 63, 71); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 63, 71);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 63, 71)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 30, 14.016, 0.880 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 63, 71) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 63,  
71) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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