

Converting Colors

CIELCh(30, 14.383, 336.192)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(30, 14.383, 336.192)
contains.

CIELCh(30, 14.228, 336.189)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(30, 14.228, 336.189)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	574050
RGB	87, 64, 80
RGB Percent	34%, 25%, 31%
CMY	0.6597, 0.7498, 0.6871
CMYK	0.00, 0.26, 0.08, 0.66
HSL	318°, 15%, 30%
HSV	318°, 26%, 34%
XYZ	7.1727, 6.2359, 8.3746
YIQ	72.7010, 8.5720, 9.8520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

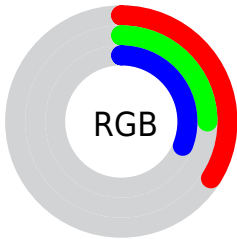
Format	Color
RYB	87, 64, 80
Decimal	5718096
CIELab	30.00, 13.02, -5.74
CIELCh	30, 14.228, 336.189
Yxy	6.2359, 0.3293, 0.2863
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283908176 (0xFF574050)
YUV	72.7010, 3.5984, 12.5402
Hunter-Lab	24.9718, 7.5703, -2.4033

Details

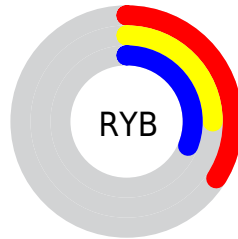
The CIELCh color $[30, 14.228, 336.189]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex $\#333333$. A complement of this color would be $[35, 14.089, 152.572]$, and the grayscale version is $[31, 0.005, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[50, 14.082, 336.347]$, and $[10, 14.423, 335.040]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[28, 19.575, 336.927]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[33, 8.823, 335.493]$.

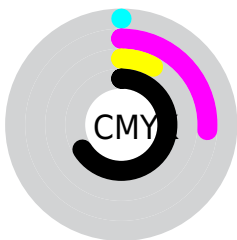
Distribution



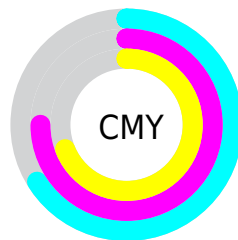
- Red (34%)
- Green (25%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (34%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (66%)





- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (69%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 30, 14.228, 336.189 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 30, 14.228, 336.189 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 30, 14.228,
336.189


 30, 14.228,
336.189

 100, 14.228,
336.189


 20, 14.228,
336.189


 50, 14.228,
336.189


 10, 14.228,
336.189

 60, 14.228,
336.189

 0, 14.228, 336.189

 70, 14.228,
336.189

 80, 14.228,
336.189

 90, 14.228,
336.189

30, 14.228,
336.189

30, 14.228,
336.189

28, 19.575,
336.927

33, 8.823, 335.493

25, 24.746,
337.715

35, 3.449, 334.811

38, 1.842, 154.352

23, 29.578,
338.569

41, 7.014, 153.697

21, 33.869,
339.510

43, 12.051,
153.136

20, 37.399,
340.571

46, 16.945,
152.612

19, 39.963,
341.796

49, 21.695,
152.119

18, 41.872,
343.126

52, 26.305,
151.653

17, 42.593,

54, 30.780,

343.567

151.214

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30, 14.228, 336.189



35, 14.089, 152.572

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30, 14.228, 336.189



30, 14.228, 26.189



30, 14.228, 156.189



30, 14.228, 206.189

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30, 14.227, 336.190



45, 5.263, 334.935



29, 15.181, 303.396



22, 3.702, 335.006



75, 0.009, 296.813



24, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30, 14.227, 336.190



37, 21.241, 336.667



30, 10.869, 5.807



16, 2.977, 334.970



22, 49.084, 344.116



52, 86.180, 345.548

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30, 14.227, 336.190



37, 21.241, 336.667



35, 9.840, 181.038



16, 2.977, 334.970



22, 49.084, 344.116



52, 86.180, 345.548

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 30, 14.228, 336.189 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 30, 14.228, 336.189 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

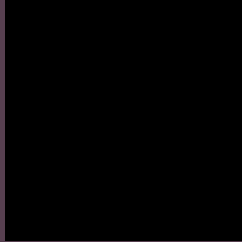
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 30, 14.228, 336.189

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 30, 14.228, 336.189.

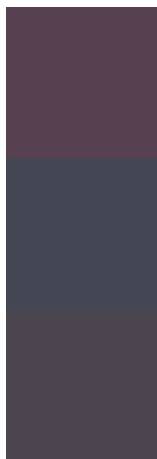


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 30, 14.228, 336.189.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30, 14.228, 336.189

Protanopia

30, 8.989, 286.661

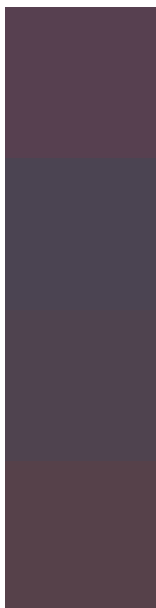
Deuteranopia

30, 6.782, 309.577



Tritanopia
30, 10.189, 359.280

Trichromacy



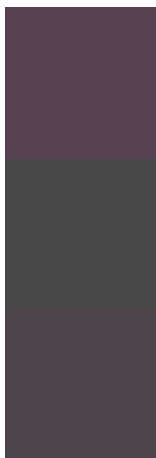
Original Color
30, 14.228, 336.189

Protanomaly
30, 9.489, 309.777

Deuteranomaly
30, 9.289, 325.180

Tritanomaly
30, 10.935, 349.818

Monochromacy



Original Color
30, 14.228, 336.189

Achromatopsia
31, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
30, 5.213, 332.917

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 30, 14.228, 336.189 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 64, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 64, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 64, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 64, 80) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 30, 14.228, 336.189 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 64, 80) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 64, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(87, 64, 80)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 64, 80); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 64, 80);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 64, 80)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 30, 14.228, 336.189 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 64, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 64,  
80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor