

Converting Colors

CIELCh(30, 15.788, 333.707)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(30, 15.788, 333.707)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(30, 16.140, 333.703)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	583F52
RGB	88, 63, 82
RGB Percent	35%, 25%, 32%
CMY	0.6550, 0.7530, 0.6785
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.07, 0.65
HSL	314°, 17%, 30%
HSV	314°, 28%, 35%
XYZ	7.3217, 6.2359, 8.7968
YIQ	72.6410, 8.8010, 11.2090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

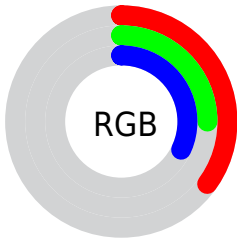
Format	Color
R_YB	88, 63, 82
Decimal	5783378
CIE Lab	30.00, 14.47, -7.15
CIE LCh	30, 16.140, 333.703
Yxy	6.2359, 0.3275, 0.2790
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283973458 (0xFF583F52)
YUV	72.6410, 4.6140, 13.4698
Hunter-Lab	24.9718, 8.6351, -3.4059

Details

The CIELCh color **30, 16.140, 333.703** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **35, 16.039, 149.997**, and the grayscale version is **31, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50, 15.859, 333.944**, and **10, 15.996, 334.353** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28, 21.749, 334.374**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33, 10.437, 333.058**.

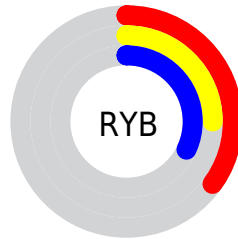
Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (25%)

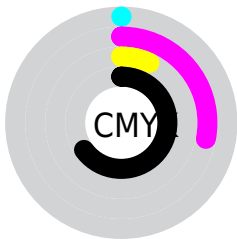
Blue (32%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (25%)

Blue (32%)

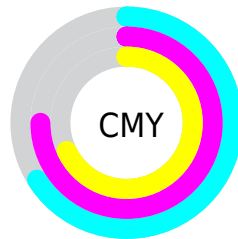


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (65%)



Cyan (66%)


Magenta (75%)


Yellow (68%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 30, 16.140, 333.703 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 30, 16.140, 333.703 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 30, 16.140,
333.703


 30, 16.140,
333.703

 100, 16.140,
333.703


 20, 16.140,
333.703


 50, 16.140,
333.703


 10, 16.140,
333.703

 60, 16.140,
333.703

 0, 16.140, 333.703

 70, 16.140,
333.703

 80, 16.140,
333.703

 90, 16.140,
333.703

■ 30, 16.140,
333.703

■ 30, 16.140,
333.703

■ 28, 21.749,
334.374

■ 33, 10.437,
333.058

■ 25, 27.132,
335.076

■ 35, 4.741, 332.426

■ 38, 0.883, 152.079

■ 23, 32.111,
335.817

■ 41, 6.394, 151.347

■ 22, 36.471,
336.608

■ 43, 11.769,
150.802

■ 20, 39.988,
337.470

■ 46, 16.997,
150.291

■ 19, 42.467,
338.433

■ 49, 22.074,
149.809

■ 18, 44.464,
339.423

■ 52, 27.004,
149.352

■ 18, 44.802,

339.573

■ 54, 31.790,
148.921

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30, 16.140, 333.703



35, 16.039, 149.997

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30, 16.140, 333.703



30, 16.140, 23.703



30, 16.140, 153.703



30, 16.140, 203.703

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30, 16.139, 333.704



45, 6.319, 332.483



28, 16.418, 301.247



23, 4.429, 332.546



76, 0.009, 296.813



25, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30, 16.139, 333.704



37, 24.007, 334.151



30, 12.074, 1.127



16, 3.117, 332.448



23, 51.194, 339.932



53, 90.016, 340.936

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30, 16.139, 333.704



37, 24.007, 334.151



35, 11.075, 175.804



16, 3.117, 332.448



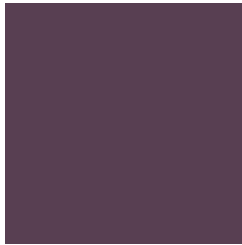
23, 51.194, 339.932



53, 90.016, 340.936

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 30, 16.140, 333.703 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 30, 16.140, 333.703 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 30, 16.140, 333.703

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 30, 16.140, 333.703.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 30, 16.140, 333.703.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30, 16.140, 333.703

Protanopia

30, 10.925, 285.923

Deuteranopia

30, 7.903, 303.820



Tritanopia
30, 10.012, 2.722

Trichromacy



Original Color
30, 16.140, 333.703

Protanomaly
30, 12.072, 308.072

Deuteranomaly
30, 10.159, 319.061

Tritanomaly
30, 12.017, 349.649

Monochromacy



Original Color
30, 16.140, 333.703

Achromatopsia
31, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
30, 5.973, 331.952

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 30, 16.140, 333.703 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(88, 63, 82)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(88, 63, 82)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(88, 63, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(88, 63, 82) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 30, 16.140, 333.703 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

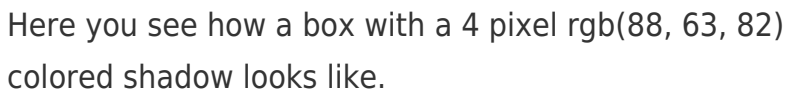
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(88, 63, 82) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(88, 63, 82) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(88, 63, 82)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(88, 63, 82); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 63, 82);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 63, 82)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 30, 16.140, 333.703 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(88, 63, 82) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(88, 63,  
82) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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