

Converting Colors

CIELCh(30, 16.364, 323.100)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(30, 16.364, 323.100)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(30, 16.398, 323.111)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	544056
RGB	84, 64, 86
RGB Percent	33%, 25%, 34%
CMY	0.6703, 0.7487, 0.6625
CMYK	0.02, 0.26, 0.00, 0.66
HSL	295°, 15%, 29%
HSV	295°, 26%, 34%
XYZ	7.1827, 6.2359, 9.6446
YIQ	72.4880, 4.8580, 11.0820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

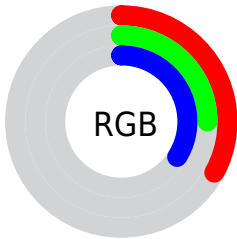
Format	Color
RYB	84, 64, 86
Decimal	5521494
CIELab	30.00, 13.12, -9.84
CIElCh	30, 16.398, 323.111
Yxy	6.2359, 0.3114, 0.2704
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283711574 (0xFF544056)
YUV	72.4880, 6.6614, 10.0960
Hunter-Lab	24.9718, 7.6418, -5.4188

Details

The CIELCh color **30, 16.398, 323.111** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **34, 16.320, 140.612**, and the grayscale version is **31, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50, 16.496, 323.014**, and **10, 16.698, 323.553** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28, 22.797, 323.549**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33, 9.947, 322.657**.

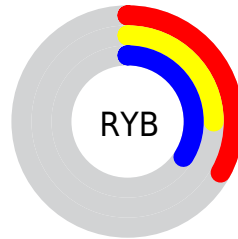
Distribution



Red (33%)

Green (25%)

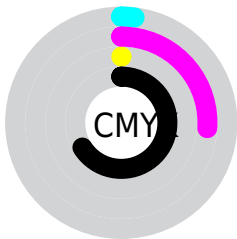
Blue (34%)



Red (33%)

Yellow (25%)

Blue (34%)

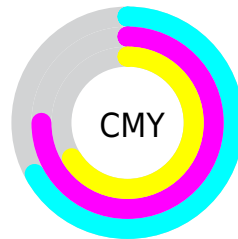


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (66%)



Cyan (67%)


Magenta (75%)


Yellow (66%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 30, 16.398, 323.111 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 30, 16.398, 323.111 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 30, 16.398,
323.111


 30, 16.398,
323.111

 100, 16.398,
323.111


 20, 16.398,
323.111


 50, 16.398,
323.111


 10, 16.398,
323.111

 60, 16.398,
323.111

 0, 16.398, 323.111

 70, 16.398,
323.111

 80, 16.398,
323.111

 90, 16.398,
323.111

■ 30, 16.398,
323.111

■ 30, 16.398,
323.111

■ 28, 22.797,
323.549

■ 33, 9.947, 322.657

■ 25, 29.025,
323.957

■ 35, 3.533, 322.183

■ 38, 2.785, 141.822

■ 23, 34.919,
324.320

■ 40, 8.972, 141.360

■ 21, 40.276,
324.615

■ 43, 15.006,
140.941

■ 20, 44.873,
324.822

■ 46, 20.877,
140.548

■ 18, 48.495,
324.921

■ 49, 26.581,
140.177

■ 17, 51.355,
324.940

■ 51, 32.121,
139.831

■ 17, 52.677,

■ 54, 37.501,

324.960

139.508

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30, 16.398, 323.111



34, 16.320, 140.612

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30, 16.398, 323.111



30, 16.398, 13.111



30, 16.398, 143.111



30, 16.398, 193.111

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30, 16.397, 323.111



45, 6.336, 322.316



29, 12.797, 288.721



22, 4.457, 322.366



75, 0.009, 296.813



24, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30, 16.397, 323.111



37, 24.750, 323.397



30, 12.770, 340.493



16, 3.584, 322.341



22, 61.371, 324.869



52, 109.153, 324.649

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30, 10.221, 14.088



37, 15.712, 14.854



34, 12.552, 156.689



16, 2.140, 12.459



21, 50.660, 32.899



49, 94.335, 36.941

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 30, 16.398, 323.111 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 30, 16.398, 323.111 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

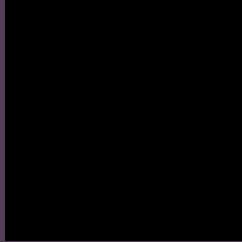
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 30, 16.398, 323.111

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 30, 16.398, 323.111.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 30, 16.398, 323.111.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30, 16.398, 323.111

Protanopia

30, 12.859, 285.580

Deuteranopia

30, 10.311, 296.588



Tritanopia
30, 7.422, 355.305

Trichromacy



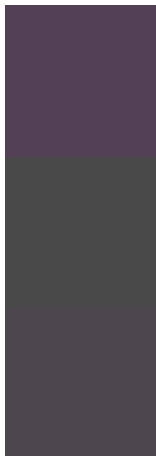
Original Color
30, 16.398, 323.111

Protanomaly
30, 13.659, 301.031

Deuteranomaly
30, 12.189, 309.970

Tritanomaly
30, 10.230, 337.879

Monochromacy



Original Color
30, 16.398, 323.111

Achromatopsia
31, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
31, 5.961, 321.423

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 30, 16.398, 323.111 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(84, 64, 86)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(84, 64, 86)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(84, 64, 86) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(84, 64, 86) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 30, 16.398, 323.111 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(84, 64, 86) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(84, 64, 86) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(84, 64, 86) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(84, 64, 86); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 64, 86);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 64, 86)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 30, 16.398, 323.111 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(84, 64, 86) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(84, 64,  
86) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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