

Converting Colors

CIELCh(30, 16.443, 242.915)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(30, 16.443, 242.915)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(30, 16.369, 243.337)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	264B5D
RGB	38, 75, 93
RGB Percent	15%, 29%, 36%
CMY	0.8509, 0.7058, 0.6353
CMYK	0.59, 0.19, 0.00, 0.64
HSL	200°, 42%, 26%
HSV	200°, 59%, 36%
XYZ	5.2924, 6.2359, 11.2825
YIQ	65.9890, -27.8300, -2.2460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

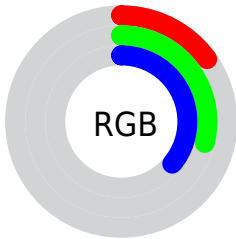
Format	Color
RYB	38, 60, 93
Decimal	2509661
CIELab	30.00, -7.35, -14.63
CIElCh	30, 16.369, 243.337
Yxy	6.2359, 0.2320, 0.2734
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280699741 (0xFF264B5D)
YUV	65.9890, 13.3164, -24.5464
Hunter-Lab	24.9718, -5.8701, -9.3074

Details

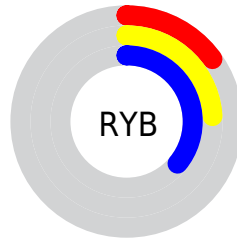
The CIELCh color **30, 16.369, 243.337** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **28, 23.077, 51.536**, and the grayscale version is **28, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50, 16.217, 242.065**, and **10, 14.546, 252.700** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29, 18.433, 246.029**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31, 14.067, 241.124**.

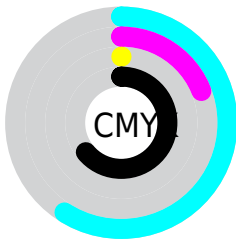
Distribution



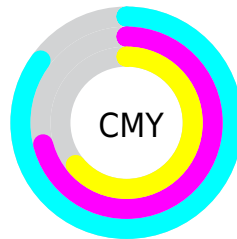
- Red (15%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (15%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (64%)





- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (64%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 30, 16.369, 243.337 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 30, 16.369, 243.337 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 30, 16.369,
243.337


 30, 16.369,
243.337

 100, 16.369,
243.337


 20, 16.369,
243.337


 50, 16.369,
243.337


 10, 16.369,
243.337

 60, 16.369,
243.337

 0, 16.369, 243.337

 70, 16.369,
243.337

 80, 16.369,
243.337

 90, 16.369,
243.337

■ 30, 16.369,
243.337

■ 30, 16.369,
243.337

■ 29, 18.433,
246.029

■ 31, 14.067,
241.124

■ 27, 20.266,
249.263

■ 33, 11.541,
239.320

■ 26, 21.894,
253.074

■ 35, 8.815, 237.859

■ 25, 23.505,
256.915

■ 36, 5.918, 236.682

■ 38, 2.878, 235.765

■ 25, 23.652,
257.225

■ 40, 0.276, 53.857

■ 41, 3.518, 54.159

■ 43, 6.829, 53.673

■ 45, 10.189, 53.257

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30, 16.369, 243.337



28, 23.077, 51.536

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30, 16.369, 243.337



30, 16.369, 293.337



30, 16.369, 63.337



30, 16.369, 113.337

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30, 16.368, 243.336



47, 6.869, 236.621



35, 32.072, 149.536



23, 4.791, 236.839



77, 0.009, 296.813



26, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30, 16.368, 243.336



37, 22.959, 247.260



21, 30.238, 290.820



18, 1.748, 235.741



29, 26.823, 258.357



63, 48.968, 261.923

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24, 32.069, 339.989



29, 45.212, 341.511



35, 27.565, 94.944



17, 3.074, 335.940



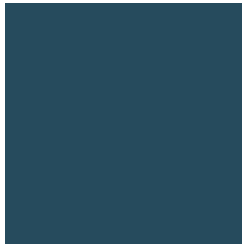
23, 49.194, 345.794



52, 85.660, 347.348

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 30, 16.369, 243.337 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 30, 16.369, 243.337 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

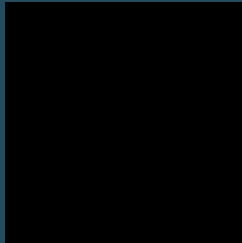
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 30, 16.369, 243.337

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 30, 16.369, 243.337.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 30, 16.369, 243.337.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30, 16.369, 243.337

Protanopia

30, 12.227, 285.064

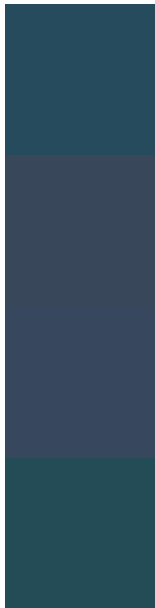
Deuteranopia

30, 16.086, 286.407



Tritanopia
30, 15.223, 212.137

Trichromacy



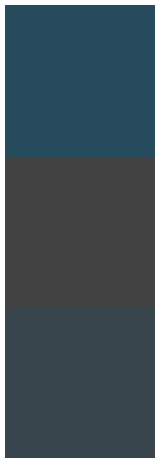
Original Color
30, 16.369, 243.337

Protanomaly
30, 12.756, 264.322

Deuteranomaly
30, 15.597, 271.067

Tritanomaly
30, 15.274, 225.394

Monochromacy



Original Color
30, 16.369, 243.337

Achromatopsia
28, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
28, 6.832, 240.446

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 30, 16.369, 243.337 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(38, 75, 93)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(38, 75, 93)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(38, 75, 93) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(38, 75, 93) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 30, 16.369, 243.337 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(38, 75, 93) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(38, 75, 93) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(38, 75, 93) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(38, 75, 93); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 75, 93);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(38, 75, 93)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 30, 16.369, 243.337 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(38, 75, 93) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(38, 75,  
93) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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