

Converting Colors

CIELCh(30, 19.847, 339.840)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(30, 19.847, 339.840)
contains.

CIELCh(30, 20.063, 339.145)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(30, 20.063, 339.145)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5E3C52
RGB	94, 60, 82
RGB Percent	37%, 24%, 32%
CMY	0.6310, 0.7644, 0.6781
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.13, 0.63
HSL	321°, 22%, 30%
HSV	321°, 36%, 37%
XYZ	7.7724, 6.2359, 8.7944
YIQ	72.6740, 13.2020, 14.0500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

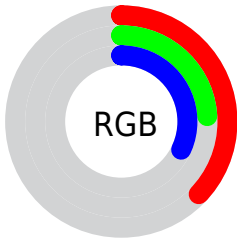
Format	Color
RYB	94, 60, 82
Decimal	6175826
CIELab	30.00, 18.75, -7.14
CIElCh	30, 20.063, 339.145
Yxy	6.2359, 0.3409, 0.2735
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284365906 (0xFF5E3C52)
YUV	72.6740, 4.5977, 18.7029
Hunter-Lab	24.9718, 11.8569, -3.4002




Details

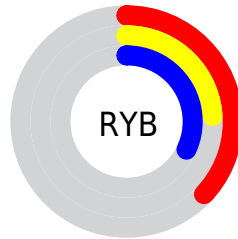
The CIELCh color $[30, 20.063, 339.145]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex $\#663366$. A complement of this color would be $[37, 19.728, 153.621]$, and the grayscale version is $[31, 0.005, 296.813]$.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[50, 19.872, 339.571]$, and $[10, 20.321, 339.689]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[28, 25.432, 340.024]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[33, 14.515, 338.339]$.

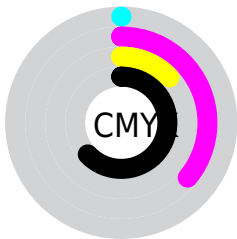
Distribution







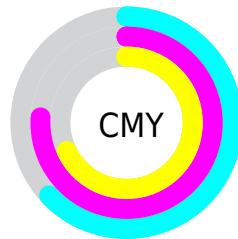
-  Red (37%)
-  Green (24%)
-  Blue (32%)






-  Red (37%)
-  Yellow (24%)
-  Blue (32%)



-  Cyan (0%)
-  Magenta (36%)
-  Yellow (13%)
-  Black (63%)





-  Cyan (63%)
-  Magenta (76%)
-  Yellow (68%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 30, 20.063, 339.145 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 30, 20.063, 339.145 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 30, 20.063,
339.145


 30, 20.063,
339.145

 100, 20.063,
339.145


 20, 20.063,
339.145


 50, 20.063,
339.145


 10, 20.063,
339.145

 60, 20.063,
339.145

 0, 20.063, 339.145

 70, 20.063,
339.145

 80, 20.063,
339.145

 90, 20.063,
339.145

■ 30, 20.063,
339.145

■ 30, 20.063,
339.145

■ 28, 25.432,
340.024

■ 33, 14.515,
338.339

■ 25, 30.453,
340.996

■ 35, 8.922, 337.587

■ 38, 3.368, 336.855

■ 23, 34.907,
342.093

■ 41, 2.088, 156.366

■ 22, 38.553,
343.362

■ 44, 7.415, 155.686

■ 20, 41.172,
344.864

■ 47, 12.594,
155.101

■ 19, 42.961,
346.567

■ 50, 17.620,
154.558

■ 19, 43.693,
347.197

■ 53, 22.493,
154.047

■ 56, 27.218,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30, 20.063, 339.145



37, 19.728, 153.621

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30, 20.063, 339.145



30, 20.063, 29.145



30, 20.063, 159.145



30, 20.063, 209.145

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30, 20.062, 339.146



47, 7.525, 337.238



28, 22.600, 305.782



23, 5.012, 337.297



77, 0.009, 296.813



26, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30, 20.062, 339.146



37, 29.486, 339.859



29, 16.062, 10.922



17, 3.018, 337.054



23, 48.478, 347.681



52, 84.417, 349.428

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30, 20.062, 339.146



37, 29.486, 339.859



37, 13.637, 184.213



17, 3.018, 337.054



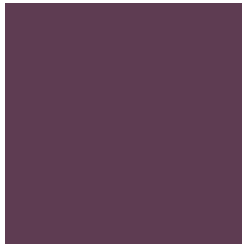
23, 48.478, 347.681



52, 84.417, 349.428

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 30, 20.063, 339.145 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 30, 20.063, 339.145 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

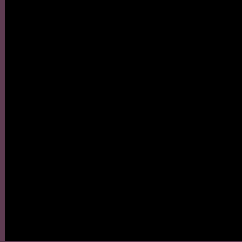
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 30, 20.063, 339.145

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 30, 20.063, 339.145.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 30, 20.063, 339.145.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


30, 20.063, 339.145

Protanopia

30, 12.227, 285.064

Deuteranopia

30, 7.279, 304.844



Tritanopia
30, 13.650, 8.560

Trichromacy



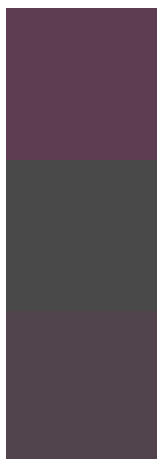
Original Color
30, 20.063, 339.145

Protanomaly
30, 13.552, 310.069

Deuteranomaly
30, 11.575, 325.351

Tritanomaly
30, 15.464, 355.607

Monochromacy



Original Color
30, 20.063, 339.145

Achromatopsia
31, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
30, 7.664, 339.003

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 30, 20.063, 339.145 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(94, 60, 82)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 60, 82)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 60, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 60, 82) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 30, 20.063, 339.145 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 60, 82) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 60, 82) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 60, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 60, 82); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 60, 82);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 60, 82)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 30, 20.063, 339.145 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 60, 82) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 60,  
82) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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