

Converting Colors

CIELCh(30, 25.228, 199.552)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(30, 25.228, 199.552)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(31, 21.485, 199.911)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	015254
RGB	1, 82, 84
RGB Percent	0%, 32%, 33%
CMY	0.9942, 0.6792, 0.6714
CMYK	0.98, 0.02, 0.00, 0.67
HSL	181°, 97%, 17%
HSV	181°, 98%, 33%
XYZ	4.6132, 6.6515, 9.3867
YIQ	58.0090, -48.9180, -16.5500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

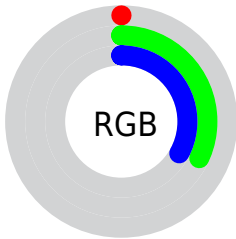
Format	Color
R_{YB}	1, 42, 84
Decimal	86612
CIE Lab	31.00, -20.20, -7.32
CIE LCh	31, 21.485, 199.911
Yxy	6.6515, 0.2234, 0.3221
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278276692 (0xFF015254)
YUV	58.0090, 12.8136, -49.9969
Hunter-Lab	25.7905, -13.2049, -3.5257

Details

The CIELCh color **31, 21.485, 199.911** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **15, 41.530, 33.731**, and the grayscale version is **24, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51, 21.556, 198.835**, and **12, 12.936, 203.024** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31, 21.623, 199.931**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31, 20.707, 199.775**.

Distribution



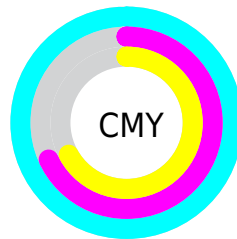
- Red (0%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (67%)





- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (67%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 31, 21.485, 199.911 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 31, 21.485, 199.911 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 31, 21.485,
199.911


 31, 21.485,
199.911

 100, 21.485,
199.911


 21, 21.485,
199.911

 51, 21.485,
199.911


 11, 21.485,
199.911


 61, 21.485,
199.911

 1, 21.485, 199.911

 71, 21.485,
199.911

 0, 21.485, 199.911

 81, 21.485,
199.911

 91, 21.485,
199.911

■ 31, 21.485,
199.911

■ 31, 21.485,
199.911

■ 31, 21.623,
199.931

■ 31, 20.707,
199.775

■ 31, 19.750,
199.672

■ 32, 18.388,
199.660

■ 32, 16.622,
199.734

■ 33, 14.474,
199.890

■ 33, 11.977,
200.119

■ 34, 9.173, 200.415

■ 34, 6.108, 200.776

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31, 21.485, 199.911



15, 41.530, 33.731

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31, 21.485, 199.911



31, 21.485, 249.911



31, 21.485, 19.911



31, 21.485, 69.911

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31, 21.485, 199.910



44, 11.688, 200.358



30, 52.317, 136.512



22, 8.009, 200.276



75, 0.009, 296.813



24, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31, 21.485, 199.910



41, 26.057, 200.060



17, 30.083, 281.082



16, 1.874, 201.201



39, 25.199, 200.039



82, 45.092, 200.303

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18, 50.087, 329.097



25, 60.951, 329.170



23, 35.066, 64.327



15, 3.443, 325.504



23, 58.938, 329.165



55, 105.562, 329.231

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 21.485, 199.911 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 21.485, 199.911 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

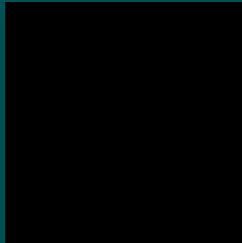
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 31, 21.485, 199.911

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 21.485, 199.911.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 21.485, 199.911.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
31, 21.567, 199.903

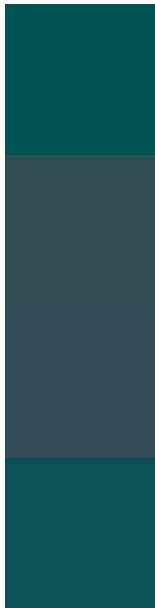
Protanopia
31, 3.185, 290.766

Deuteranopia
31, 9.676, 299.190



Tritanopia
31, 19.771, 210.027

Trichromacy



Original Color
31, 21.567, 199.903

Protanomaly
30, 11.252, 211.112

Deuteranomaly
30, 11.649, 231.759

Tritanomaly
31, 20.268, 205.859

Monochromacy



Original Color
31, 21.567, 199.903

Achromatopsia
24, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
26, 11.701, 197.536

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 31, 21.485, 199.911 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 82, 84)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 82, 84)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 82, 84) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 82, 84) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 31, 21.485, 199.911 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 82, 84) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 82, 84) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(1, 82, 84)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 82, 84); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 82, 84); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 82, 84) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 31, 21.485, 199.911 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 82, 84) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 82,  
84) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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