

Converting Colors

CIELCh(30, 26.357, 196.837)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(30, 26.357, 196.837)
contains.

CIELCh(31, 21.633, 198.136)	3
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Color

CIELCh(31, 21.633, 198.136)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	025253
RGB	2, 82, 83
RGB Percent	1%, 32%, 33%
CMY	0.9937, 0.6788, 0.6750
CMYK	0.98, 0.01, 0.00, 0.67
HSL	181°, 96%, 17%
HSV	181°, 98%, 33%
XYZ	4.5861, 6.6515, 9.2020
YIQ	58.1940, -48.0010, -16.6490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

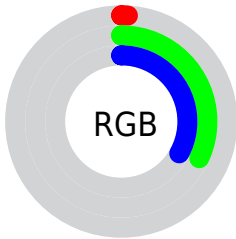
Format	Color
R_YB	2, 42, 83
Decimal	152147
CIE Lab	31.00, -20.56, -6.73
CIE LCh	31, 21.633, 198.136
Yxy	6.6515, 0.2244, 0.3254
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278342227 (0xFF025253)
YUV	58.1940, 12.2294, -49.2821
Hunter-Lab	25.7905, -13.3924, -3.1012

Details

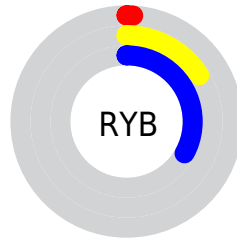
The CIELCh color **31, 21.633, 198.136** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **15, 41.255, 33.121**, and the grayscale version is **24, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51, 21.656, 197.251**, and **12, 13.076, 199.666** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31, 21.792, 198.135**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31, 20.825, 198.126**.

Distribution



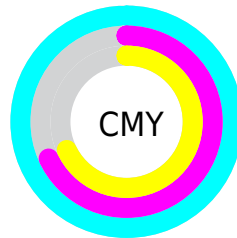
- Red (1%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (67%)





- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (68%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 31, 21.633, 198.136 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 31, 21.633, 198.136 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 31, 21.633,
198.136


 31, 21.633,
198.136

 100, 21.633,
198.136


 21, 21.633,
198.136

 51, 21.633,
198.136


 11, 21.633,
198.136


 61, 21.633,
198.136

 1, 21.633, 198.136

 71, 21.633,
198.136

 0, 21.633, 198.136

 81, 21.633,
198.136

 91, 21.633,
198.136

■ 31, 21.633,
198.136

■ 31, 21.633,
198.136

■ 31, 21.792,
198.135

■ 31, 20.825,
198.126

■ 31, 19.837,
198.145

■ 32, 18.447,
198.236

■ 32, 16.657,
198.397

■ 32, 14.487,
198.625

■ 33, 11.970,
198.917

■ 33, 9.148, 199.267

■ 34, 6.067, 199.674

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31, 21.633, 198.136



15, 41.255, 33.121

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31, 21.633, 198.136



31, 21.633, 248.136



31, 21.633, 18.136



31, 21.633, 68.136

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31, 21.633, 198.135



43, 11.610, 199.195



30, 52.267, 136.208



21, 7.806, 199.107



74, 0.009, 296.813



22, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31, 21.633, 198.135



40, 26.035, 198.196



17, 28.847, 279.252



16, 1.897, 200.127



39, 25.597, 198.190



83, 45.852, 198.318

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18, 50.087, 328.641



24, 60.486, 328.697



22, 34.697, 62.825



15, 3.471, 325.177



24, 59.467, 328.696



55, 106.576, 328.728

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 21.633, 198.136 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 21.633, 198.136 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

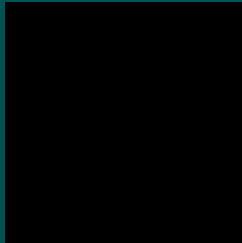
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 31, 21.633, 198.136

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 21.633, 198.136.

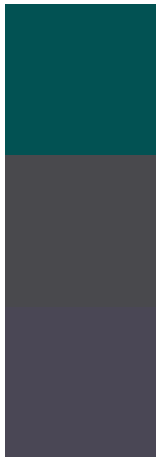


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 21.633, 198.136.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


31, 21.611, 198.160

Protanopia

31, 2.549, 290.654

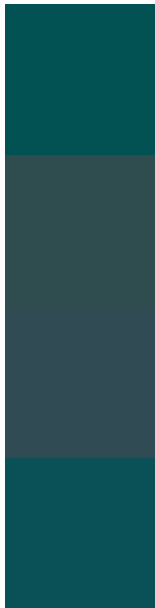
Deuteranopia

31, 9.045, 299.633



Tritanopia
31, 19.658, 210.118

Trichromacy



Original Color
31, 21.611, 198.160

Protanomaly
30, 11.218, 207.760

Deuteranomaly
30, 11.395, 228.737

Tritanomaly
31, 20.268, 205.859

Monochromacy



Original Color
31, 21.611, 198.160

Achromatopsia
24, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
26, 11.701, 197.536

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 31, 21.633, 198.136 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(2, 82, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(2, 82, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 82, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(2, 82, 83) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 31, 21.633, 198.136 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(2, 82, 83) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(2, 82, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(2, 82, 83)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(2, 82, 83); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 82, 83); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 82, 83) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 31, 21.633, 198.136 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(2, 82, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(2, 82,  
83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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