

Converting Colors

CIELCh(30, 36.169, 134.028)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(30, 36.169, 134.028)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(30, 36.488, 133.645)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	29501B
RGB	41, 80, 27
RGB Percent	16%, 31%, 11%
CMY	0.8404, 0.6875, 0.8952
CMYK	0.49, 0.00, 0.66, 0.69
HSL	104°, 50%, 21%
HSV	104°, 66%, 31%
XYZ	3.9433, 6.2359, 2.0156
YIQ	62.2970, -6.2310, -24.7510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

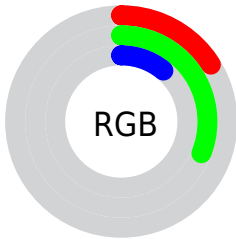
Format	Color
R_{YB}	27, 80, 66
Decimal	2707483
CIE _{Lab}	30.00, -25.18, 26.40
CIE _{LCh}	30, 36.488, 133.645
Yxy	6.2359, 0.3234, 0.5114
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280897563 (0xFF29501B)
YUV	62.2970, -17.4014, -18.6775
Hunter-Lab	24.9718, -15.5136, 12.6947

Details

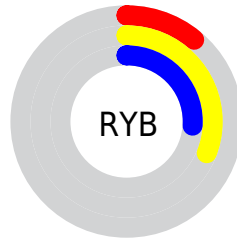
The CIELCh color **30, 36.488, 133.645** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **18, 37.706, 319.228**, and the grayscale version is **26, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50, 36.600, 133.672**, and **11, 25.980, 143.748** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30, 40.967, 133.267**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30, 31.509, 134.138**.

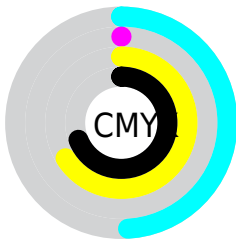
Distribution



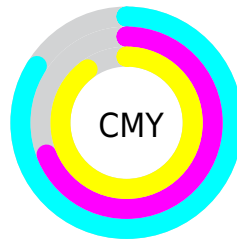
- Red (16%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (26%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Black (69%)





- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (90%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 30, 36.488, 133.645 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 30, 36.488, 133.645 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 30, 36.488,
133.645


 30, 36.488,
133.645

 100, 36.488,
133.645


 20, 36.488,
133.645


 50, 36.488,
133.645


 10, 36.488,
133.645

 60, 36.488,
133.645

 0, 36.488, 133.645

 70, 36.488,
133.645

 80, 36.488,
133.645

 90, 36.488,
133.645

■ 30, 36.488,
133.645

■ 30, 36.488,
133.645

■ 30, 40.967,
133.267

■ 30, 31.509,
134.138

■ 29, 44.747,
133.091

■ 31, 26.192,
134.675

■ 29, 48.099,
132.855

■ 31, 20.665,
135.212

■ 29, 49.329,
132.642

■ 32, 15.021,
135.725

■ 33, 9.333, 136.201

■ 33, 3.652, 136.643

■ 34, 1.983, 316.947

■ 35, 7.543, 317.320

■ 36, 13.008,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30, 36.488, 133.645



18, 37.706, 319.228

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30, 36.488, 133.645



30, 36.488, 183.645



30, 36.488, 313.645



30, 36.488, 3.645

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30, 36.488, 133.646



42, 14.193, 136.003



28, 25.473, 88.333



21, 9.764, 135.925



74, 0.009, 296.813



22, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30, 36.488, 133.646



39, 52.514, 133.123



30, 33.474, 145.758



16, 3.218, 136.543



38, 59.888, 133.121



81, 108.497, 133.936

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18, 37.706, 319.228



21, 54.266, 319.364



20, 33.128, 336.075



15, 3.239, 317.183



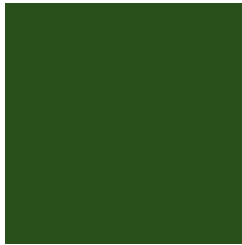
18, 61.634, 318.982



45, 110.858, 318.406

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 30, 36.488, 133.645 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

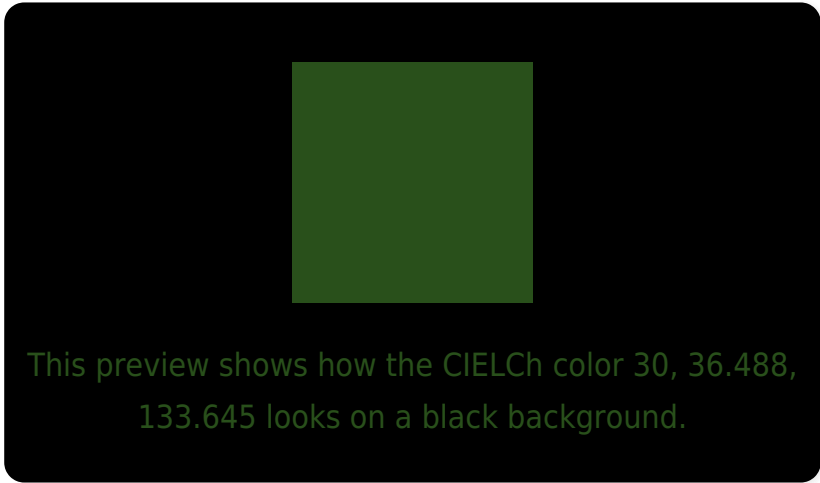
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

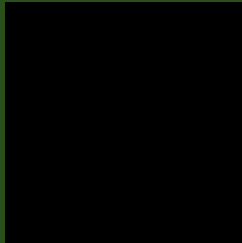
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 30, 36.488, 133.645

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 30, 36.488, 133.645.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 30, 36.488, 133.645.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30, 36.488, 133.645

Protanopia

30, 28.819, 96.398

Deuteranopia

30, 25.096, 81.146



Tritanopia
30, 10.208, 220.375

Trichromacy



Original Color
30, 36.488, 133.645

Protanomaly
30, 29.812, 113.453

Deuteranomaly
29, 26.331, 107.382

Tritanomaly
30, 16.437, 158.596

Monochromacy



Original Color
30, 36.488, 133.645

Achromatopsia
26, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
27, 13.894, 135.707

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 30, 36.488, 133.645 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(41, 80, 27)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(41, 80, 27)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(41, 80, 27) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(41, 80, 27) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 30, 36.488, 133.645 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(41, 80, 27) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(41, 80, 27) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(41, 80, 27)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(41, 80, 27); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 80, 27);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(41, 80, 27)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 30, 36.488, 133.645 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(41, 80, 27) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(41, 80,  
27) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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