

Converting Colors

CIELCh(30, 39.713, 217.507)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(30, 39.713, 217.507)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(33, 23.497, 238.091)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	01556D
RGB	1, 85, 109
RGB Percent	0%, 33%, 43%
CMY	0.9946, 0.6683, 0.5740
CMYK	0.99, 0.22, 0.00, 0.57
HSL	193°, 98%, 22%
HSV	193°, 99%, 43%
XYZ	5.9730, 7.5373, 15.5001
YIQ	62.6200, -57.7680, -10.3440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

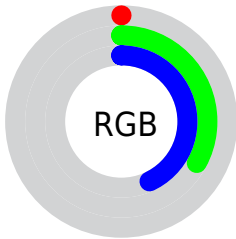
Format	Color
RYB	1, 48, 109
Decimal	87405
CIELab	33.00, -12.42, -19.95
CIElCh	33, 23.497, 238.091
Yxy	7.5373, 0.2059, 0.2598
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278277485 (0xFF01556D)
YUV	62.6200, 22.8653, -54.0407
Hunter-Lab	27.4541, -9.2096, -14.2562

Details

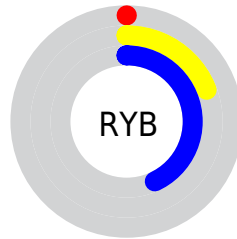
The CIELCh color **33, 23.497, 238.091** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **23, 49.237, 43.720**, and the grayscale version is **26, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **53, 23.660, 237.809**, and **15, 17.662, 256.331** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33, 23.621, 238.491**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34, 22.554, 234.781**.

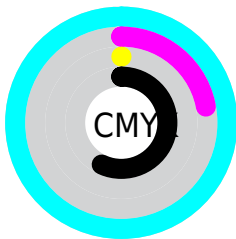
Distribution



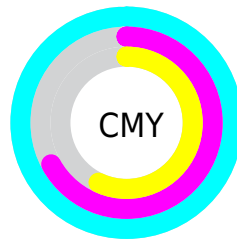
- Red (0%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (57%)





- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (57%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 33, 23.497, 238.091 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 33, 23.497, 238.091 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 33, 23.497,
238.091


 33, 23.497,
238.091

 100, 23.497,
238.091


 23, 23.497,
238.091

 53, 23.497,
238.091


 13, 23.497,
238.091


 63, 23.497,
238.091

 3, 23.497, 238.091

 73, 23.497,
238.091

 0, 23.497, 238.091

 83, 23.497,
238.091

 93, 23.497,
238.091

■ 33, 23.497,
238.091

■ 33, 23.497,
238.091

■ 33, 23.621,
238.491

■ 34, 22.554,
234.781

■ 35, 21.407,
231.795

■ 36, 19.874,
229.369

■ 37, 17.939,
227.434

■ 39, 15.613,
225.914

■ 40, 12.930,
224.737

■ 41, 9.934, 223.840

■ 43, 6.671, 223.175

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33, 23.497, 238.091



23, 49.237, 43.720

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33, 23.497, 238.091



33, 23.497, 288.091



33, 23.497, 58.091



33, 23.497, 108.091

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33, 23.496, 238.091



53, 12.702, 224.004



39, 57.893, 139.981



26, 8.639, 224.278



80, 0.010, 296.813



30, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33, 23.496, 238.091



42, 28.494, 239.711



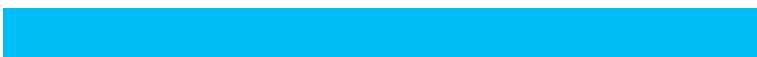
16, 52.785, 297.147



22, 2.026, 222.733



36, 24.980, 238.885



72, 43.409, 241.608

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23, 52.041, 338.863



31, 62.541, 339.343



35, 44.046, 81.758



21, 3.770, 331.883



25, 55.134, 339.101



55, 94.005, 339.908

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 33, 23.497, 238.091 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 33, 23.497, 238.091 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

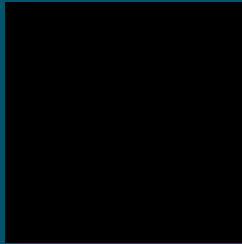
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 33, 23.497, 238.091

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 23.497, 238.091.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 33, 23.497, 238.091.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

33, 23.564, 237.849

Protanopia

33, 16.461, 285.201

Deuteranopia

33, 20.986, 283.152



Tritanopia
33, 21.928, 208.419

Trichromacy



Original Color
33, 23.564, 237.849

Protanomaly
33, 18.771, 256.482

Deuteranomaly
33, 21.166, 259.263

Tritanomaly
33, 21.881, 221.078

Monochromacy



Original Color
33, 23.564, 237.849

Achromatopsia
26, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
28, 12.215, 226.718

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 33, 23.497, 238.091 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 85, 109)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 85, 109)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 85, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 85, 109) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 33, 23.497, 238.091 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 85, 109) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 85, 109) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(1, 85, 109)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 85, 109); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 85, 109);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 85, 109)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 33, 23.497, 238.091 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 85, 109) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 85,  
109) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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