

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(30, 43.291, 144.173)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(30, 43.291, 144.173)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(30, 43.510, 144.006)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	02531C
RGB	2, 83, 28
RGB Percent	1%, 33%, 11%
CMY	0.9940, 0.6756, 0.8912
CMYK	0.98, 0.00, 0.66, 0.68
HSL	139°, 96%, 17%
HSV	139°, 98%, 32%
XYZ	3.2974, 6.2359, 2.1123
YIQ	52.5110, -30.6210, -34.2770

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

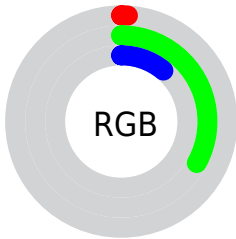
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	2, 63, 83
Decimal	152348
CIE Lab	30.00, -35.20, 25.57
CIE LCh	30, 43.510, 144.006
Yxy	6.2359, 0.2831, 0.5355
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278342428 (0xFF02531C)
YUV	52.5110, -12.0839, -44.2981
Hunter-Lab	24.9718, -20.1305, 12.4651

# Details

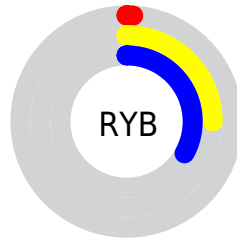
The CIELCh color **30, 43.510, 144.006** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006633**. A complement of this color would be **16, 40.411, 344.422**, and the grayscale version is **22, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50, 43.118, 144.029**, and **12, 28.494, 142.987** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30, 44.092, 143.765**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30, 40.294, 145.524**.

# Distribution



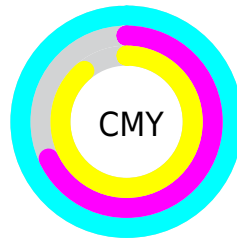
- Red (1%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Black (68%)




- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (89%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 30, 43.510, 144.006 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 30, 43.510, 144.006 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 30, 43.510,  
144.006


 30, 43.510,  
144.006

 100, 43.510,  
144.006


 20, 43.510,  
144.006


 50, 43.510,  
144.006


 10, 43.510,  
144.006

 60, 43.510,  
144.006

 0, 43.510, 144.006

 70, 43.510,  
144.006

 80, 43.510,  
144.006

 90, 43.510,  
144.006

■ 30, 43.510,  
144.006

■ 30, 43.510,  
144.006

■ 30, 44.092,  
143.765

■ 30, 40.294,  
145.524

■ 30, 36.800,  
147.178

■ 31, 32.872,  
148.680

■ 31, 28.571,  
150.022

■ 32, 23.970,  
151.211

■ 32, 19.148,  
152.258

■ 33, 14.183,  
153.182

■ 34, 9.143, 154.000



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30, 43.510, 144.006



16, 40.411, 344.422

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30, 43.510, 144.006



30, 43.510, 194.006



30, 43.510, 324.006



30, 43.510, 14.006

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30, 43.510, 144.006



42, 18.082, 153.020



32, 44.385, 119.456



20, 12.253, 152.799



74, 0.009, 296.813



22, 0.004, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30, 43.510, 144.006



39, 53.706, 142.987



31, 26.097, 174.368



16, 2.775, 154.702



38, 52.723, 143.051



81, 97.839, 141.547



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16, 40.411, 344.422



22, 48.535, 345.412



15, 38.862, 24.364



15, 2.790, 335.733



22, 47.741, 345.347

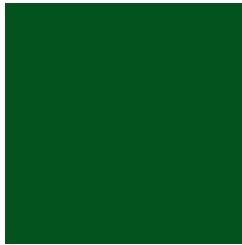


51, 84.511, 346.964



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 30, 43.510, 144.006 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

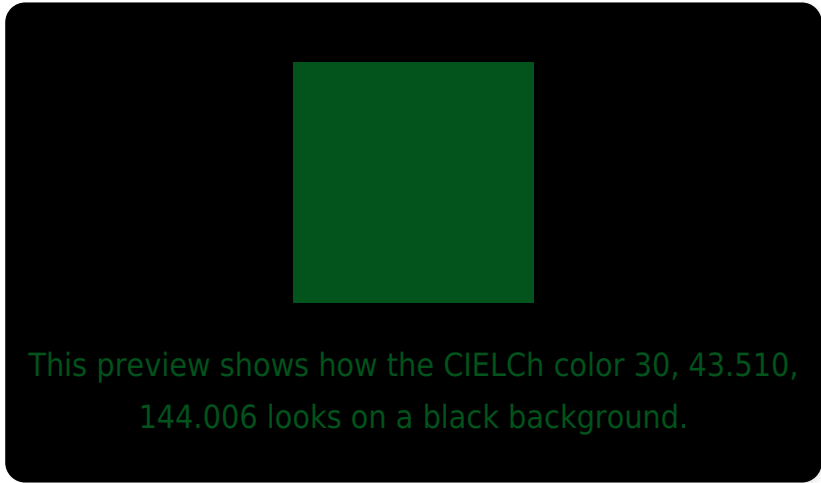
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

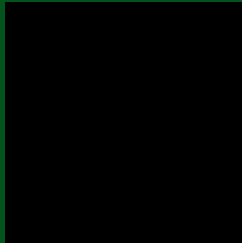
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 30, 43.510, 144.006**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 30, 43.510, 144.006.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 30, 43.510, 144.006.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30, 43.510, 144.006

### Protanopia

30, 28.304, 96.358

### Deuteranopia

30, 24.270, 79.232





**Tritanopia**  
30, 15.500, 214.356

# Trichromacy



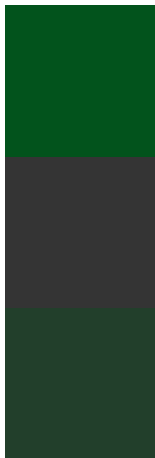
**Original Color**  
30, 43.510, 144.006

**Protanomaly**  
29, 31.848, 126.105

**Deuteranomaly**  
29, 27.014, 122.230

**Tritanomaly**  
30, 22.779, 171.088

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
30, 43.510, 144.006

**Achromatopsia**  
22, 0.004, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
24, 18.521, 151.169

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 30, 43.510, 144.006 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(2, 83, 28)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(2, 83, 28)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 83, 28) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(2, 83, 28) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 30, 43.510, 144.006 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(2, 83, 28) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(2, 83, 28) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 83, 28) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(2, 83, 28); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 83, 28); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 83, 28) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 30, 43.510, 144.006 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(2, 83, 28) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(2, 83,  
28) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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