

Converting Colors

CIELCh(30, 46.319, 325.494)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(30, 46.319, 325.494)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(30, 46.304, 325.479)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6C2D70
RGB	108, 45, 112
RGB Percent	42%, 18%, 44%
CMY	0.5764, 0.8235, 0.5608
CMYK	0.04, 0.60, 0.00, 0.56
HSL	296°, 43%, 31%
HSV	296°, 60%, 44%
XYZ	10.0489, 6.2359, 16.0051
YIQ	71.4750, 16.0410, 34.1930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

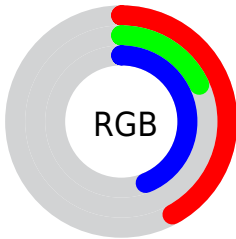
Format	Color
R_{YB}	108, 45, 112
Decimal	7089520
CIE _{Lab}	30.00, 38.15, -26.24
CIE _{LCh}	30, 46.304, 325.479
Yxy	6.2359, 0.3112, 0.1931
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285279600 (0xFF6C2D70)
YUV	71.4750, 19.9788, 32.0324
Hunter-Lab	24.9718, 28.1293, -20.5204

Details

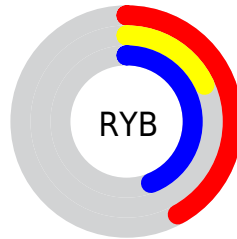
The CIELCh color $[30, 46.304, 325.479]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 663366 . A complement of this color would be $[42, 46.397, 138.501]$, and the grayscale version is $[30, 0.005, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[50, 45.996, 325.355]$, and $[11, 43.154, 325.011]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[28, 52.319, 325.755]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[32, 39.386, 325.124]$.

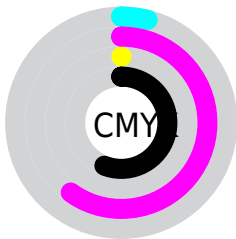
Distribution



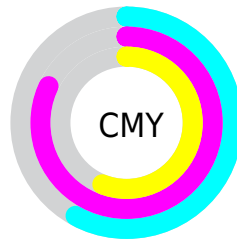
- Red (42%)
- Green (18%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (56%)





- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 30, 46.304, 325.479 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 30, 46.304, 325.479 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 30, 46.304,
325.479


 30, 46.304,
325.479

 100, 46.304,
325.479


 20, 46.304,
325.479


 50, 46.304,
325.479


 10, 46.304,
325.479

 60, 46.304,
325.479

 0, 46.304, 325.479

 70, 46.304,
325.479

 80, 46.304,
325.479

 90, 46.304,
325.479

■ 30, 46.304,
325.479

■ 30, 46.304,
325.479

■ 28, 52.319,
325.755

■ 32, 39.386,
325.124

■ 26, 57.150,
325.933

■ 35, 31.857,
324.710

■ 25, 60.578,
325.997

■ 38, 23.967,
324.257

■ 24, 63.154,
325.997

■ 41, 15.914,
323.779

■ 24, 63.203,
325.998

■ 44, 7.845, 323.287

■ 47, 0.141, 143.962

■ 51, 7.978, 142.378

■ 54, 15.627,
141.915

■ 57, 23.067,
141.480

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30, 46.304, 325.479



42, 46.397, 138.501

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30, 46.304, 325.479



30, 46.304, 15.479



30, 46.304, 145.479



30, 46.304, 195.479

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30, 46.303, 325.479



53, 17.892, 323.714



24, 41.292, 296.483



26, 12.539, 323.828



81, 0.010, 296.813



31, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30, 46.303, 325.479



36, 65.690, 325.840



29, 35.309, 345.996



22, 4.499, 323.245



26, 66.333, 325.981



56, 113.313, 325.855

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28, 32.516, 22.408



34, 49.156, 26.460



42, 34.202, 154.159



22, 2.654, 15.018



24, 56.408, 35.403



52, 99.855, 38.279

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 30, 46.304, 325.479 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 30, 46.304, 325.479 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

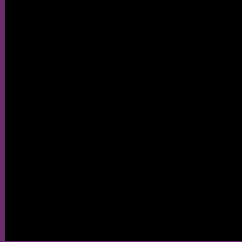
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 30, 46.304, 325.479

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 30, 46.304, 325.479.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 30, 46.304, 325.479.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30, 46.304, 325.479

Protanopia

30, 42.263, 286.559

Deuteranopia

30, 23.959, 281.623



Tritanopia
30, 20.317, 16.257

Trichromacy



Original Color
30, 46.304, 325.479

Protanomaly
29, 42.982, 298.347

Deuteranomaly
29, 30.560, 303.356

Tritanomaly
30, 26.881, 345.969

Monochromacy



Original Color
30, 46.304, 325.479

Achromatopsia
30, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
29, 17.929, 323.436

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 30, 46.304, 325.479 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 45, 112)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 45, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 45, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 45, 112) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 30, 46.304, 325.479 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 45, 112) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 45, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 45, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 45, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 45, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 45,  
112) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 30, 46.304, 325.479 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 45, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108, 45,  
112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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