

Converting Colors

CIELCh(30, 52.131, 135.212)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(30, 52.131, 135.212)
contains.

CIELCh(30, 52.027, 135.382)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(30, 52.027, 135.382)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	075301
RGB	7, 83, 1
RGB Percent	3%, 33%, 0%
CMY	0.9725, 0.6745, 0.9960
CMYK	0.92, 0.00, 0.99, 0.67
HSL	116°, 98%, 16%
HSV	116°, 99%, 33%
XYZ	3.1876, 6.2359, 1.0647
YIQ	50.9280, -18.9740, -41.6140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

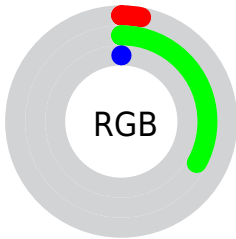
Format	Color
R_{YB}	1, 83, 77
Decimal	480001
CIE _{Lab}	30.00, -37.03, 36.54
CIE _{LCh}	30, 52.027, 135.382
Yxy	6.2359, 0.3039, 0.5946
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278670081 (0xFF075301)
YUV	50.9280, -24.6145, -38.5249
Hunter-Lab	24.9718, -20.9152, 14.9524

Details

The CIELCh color **30, 52.027, 135.382** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006600**. A complement of this color would be **17, 50.949, 325.587**, and the grayscale version is **21, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50, 51.534, 135.361**, and **12, 28.494, 142.987** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30, 52.431, 135.254**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **30, 48.873, 136.250**.

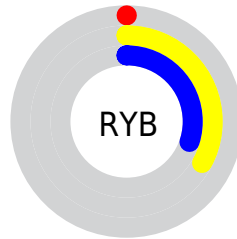
Distribution



Red (3%)

Green (33%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (33%)

Blue (30%)

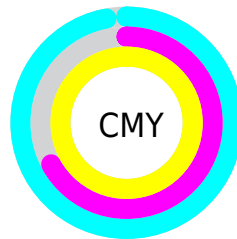


Cyan (92%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (99%)

Black (67%)



Cyan (97%)


Magenta (67%)


Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 30, 52.027, 135.382 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 30, 52.027, 135.382 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 30, 52.027,
135.382


 30, 52.027,
135.382

 100, 52.027,
135.382


 20, 52.027,
135.382


 50, 52.027,
135.382


 10, 52.027,
135.382

 60, 52.027,
135.382

 0, 52.027, 135.382

 70, 52.027,
135.382

 80, 52.027,
135.382

 90, 52.027,
135.382

■ 30, 52.027,
135.382

■ 30, 52.027,
135.382

■ 30, 52.431,
135.254

■ 30, 48.873,
136.250

■ 30, 45.322,
136.881

■ 31, 40.862,
137.671

■ 31, 35.709,
138.523

■ 32, 30.063,
139.364

■ 32, 24.093,
140.151

■ 33, 17.932,
140.865

■ 34, 11.686,

141.498

■ 35, 5.436, 142.061

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30, 52.027, 135.382



17, 50.949, 325.587

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30, 52.027, 135.382



30, 52.027, 185.382



30, 52.027, 315.382



30, 52.027, 5.382

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30, 52.027, 135.383



42, 23.065, 140.712



32, 40.206, 97.797



20, 15.545, 140.548



74, 0.009, 296.813



22, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30, 52.027, 135.383



39, 62.762, 135.439



30, 40.509, 147.541



16, 3.412, 142.065



38, 61.690, 135.423



81, 111.151, 135.768

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17, 50.949, 325.587



23, 61.285, 325.510



16, 38.686, 351.270



15, 3.422, 322.833



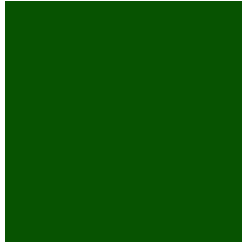
22, 60.250, 325.518



52, 108.089, 325.332

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 30, 52.027, 135.382 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

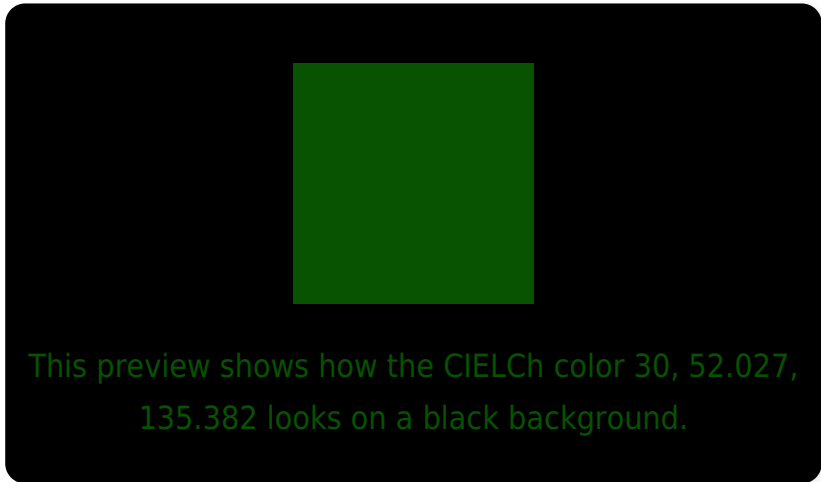
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

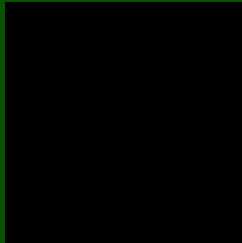
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 30, 52.027, 135.382

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 30, 52.027, 135.382.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 30, 52.027, 135.382.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30, 52.027, 135.382

Protanopia

30, 38.862, 95.772

Deuteranopia

30, 32.065, 82.900



Tritanopia
30, 14.982, 212.410

Trichromacy



Original Color
30, 52.027, 135.382

Protanomaly
29, 41.760, 118.198

Deuteranomaly
29, 35.604, 115.205

Tritanomaly
30, 26.822, 157.538

Monochromacy



Original Color
30, 52.027, 135.382

Achromatopsia
21, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
24, 23.449, 139.779

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 30, 52.027, 135.382 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(7, 83, 1)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(7, 83, 1)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(7, 83, 1) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(7, 83, 1) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 30, 52.027, 135.382 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(7, 83, 1) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(7, 83, 1) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(7, 83, 1)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(7, 83, 1); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(7, 83, 1); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(7, 83, 1) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 30, 52.027, 135.382 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(7, 83, 1) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(7, 83,  
1) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor