

Converting Colors

CIELCh(30, 55.460, 358.629)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(30, 55.460, 358.629)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(30, 55.264, 358.439)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8E004B
RGB	142, 0, 75
RGB Percent	56%, 0%, 29%
CMY	0.4438, 1.0000, 0.7064
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.47, 0.44
HSL	328°, 100%, 28%
HSV	328°, 100%, 56%
XYZ	12.3897, 6.2359, 7.1839
YIQ	51.0080, 60.5570, 53.4290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

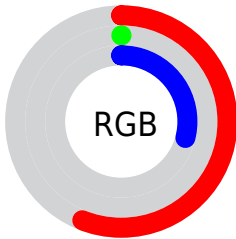
Format	Color
R_{YB}	142, 0, 75
Decimal	9306187
CIE _{Lab}	30.00, 55.24, -1.51
CIE _{LCh}	30, 55.264, 358.439
Yxy	6.2359, 0.4800, 0.2416
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287496267 (0xFF8E004B)
YUV	51.0080, 11.8281, 79.8000
Hunter-Lab	24.9718, 44.8619, 0.4237

Details

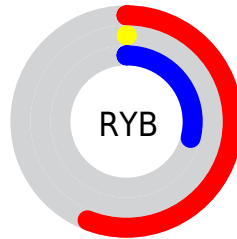
The CIELCh color **30, 55.264, 358.439** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993366**. A complement of this color would be **51, 58.537, 148.315**, and the grayscale version is **21, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50, 55.384, 357.988**, and **16, 38.000, 9.322** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30, 55.215, 358.463**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31, 53.775, 355.264**.

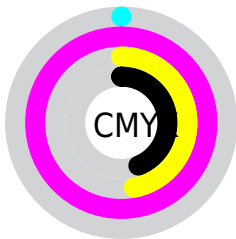
Distribution



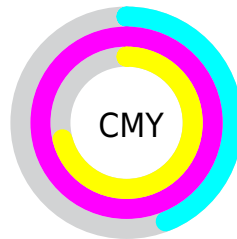
- Red (56%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (29%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (29%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Black (44%)





- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (71%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 30, 55.264, 358.439 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 30, 55.264, 358.439 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 30, 55.264,
358.439


 30, 55.264,
358.439

 100, 55.264,
358.439


 20, 55.264,
358.439


 50, 55.264,
358.439


 10, 55.264,
358.439

 60, 55.264,
358.439

 0, 55.264, 358.439

 70, 55.264,
358.439

 80, 55.264,
358.439

 90, 55.264,
358.439

■ 30, 55.264,
358.439

■ 30, 55.264,
358.439

■ 30, 55.215,
358.463

■ 31, 53.775,
355.264

■ 32, 51.267,
352.536

■ 35, 47.242,
350.357

■ 37, 41.927,
348.590

■ 40, 35.663,
347.123

■ 43, 28.795,
345.874

■ 47, 21.612,
344.785

■ 51, 14.331,

343.816

■ 55, 7.098, 342.928

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30, 55.264, 358.439



51, 58.537, 148.315

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30, 55.264, 358.439



30, 55.264, 48.439



30, 55.264, 178.439



30, 55.264, 228.439

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30, 55.215, 358.463



60, 26.682, 344.850



20, 81.019, 311.404



29, 18.147, 345.239



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30, 55.215, 358.463



40, 66.595, 359.358



29, 65.597, 37.789



28, 4.026, 342.857



28, 53.341, 358.274



1, 2.691, 342.177

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30, 55.215, 358.463



40, 66.595, 359.358



53, 33.231, 191.500



28, 4.026, 342.857



28, 53.341, 358.274



1, 2.691, 342.177

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 30, 55.264, 358.439 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

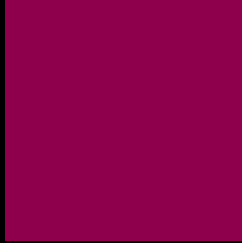
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 30, 55.264, 358.439 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

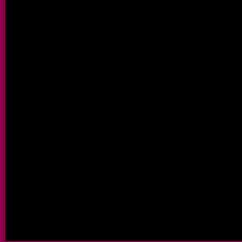
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 30, 55.264, 358.439

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 30, 55.264, 358.439.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 30, 55.264, 358.439.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30, 55.264, 358.439

Protanopia

32, 22.350, 285.147

Deuteranopia

31, 5.608, 33.194



Tritanopia
31, 53.830, 32.580

Trichromacy



Original Color
30, 55.264, 358.439

Protanomaly
27, 36.055, 324.558

Deuteranomaly
28, 29.821, 353.386

Tritanomaly
30, 52.757, 19.999

Monochromacy



Original Color
30, 55.264, 358.439

Achromatopsia
21, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
21, 28.390, 347.669

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 30, 55.264, 358.439 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(142, 0, 75)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 0, 75)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 0, 75) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 0, 75) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 30, 55.264, 358.439 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 0, 75) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 0, 75) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 0, 75) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(142, 0, 75); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 0, 75);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 0, 75)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 30, 55.264, 358.439 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 0, 75) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142, 0,  
75) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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