

Converting Colors

CIELCh(30, 68.073, 327.556)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(30, 68.073, 327.556)
contains.

CIELCh(30, 68.319, 327.555)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(30, 68.319, 327.555)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7F0881
RGB	127, 8, 129
RGB Percent	50%, 3%, 51%
CMY	0.5029, 0.9706, 0.4950
CMYK	0.02, 0.94, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	299°, 89%, 27%
HSV	299°, 94%, 51%
XYZ	12.7466, 6.2359, 21.2239
YIQ	57.3750, 32.0830, 62.8590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

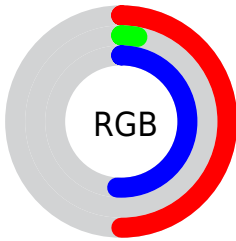
Format	Color
R_{YB}	127, 8, 129
Decimal	8325249
CIE _{Lab}	30.00, 57.65, -36.65
CIE _{LCh}	30, 68.319, 327.555
Yxy	6.2359, 0.3170, 0.1551
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286515329 (0xFF7F0881)
YUV	57.3750, 35.3111, 61.0611
Hunter-Lab	24.9718, 47.4132, -32.9113

Details

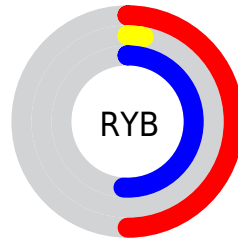
The CIELCh color **30, 68.319, 327.555** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993399**. A complement of this color would be **47, 70.445, 136.262**, and the grayscale version is **24, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50, 68.037, 327.664**, and **15, 49.618, 325.522** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30, 69.677, 327.596**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31, 65.497, 327.457**.

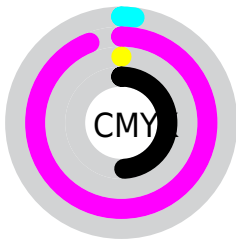
Distribution



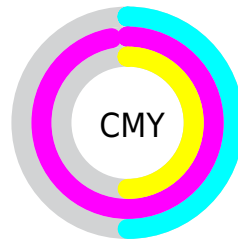
- Red (50%)
- Green (3%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (94%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (49%)





- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (97%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 30, 68.319, 327.555 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 30, 68.319, 327.555 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 30, 68.319,
327.555


 30, 68.319,
327.555


 100, 68.319,
327.555


 20, 68.319,
327.555


 50, 68.319,
327.555


 10, 68.319,
327.555

 60, 68.319,
327.555

 0, 68.319, 327.555

 70, 68.319,
327.555

 80, 68.319,
327.555

 90, 68.319,
327.555

■ 30, 68.319,
327.555

■ 30, 68.319,
327.555

■ 30, 69.677,
327.596

■ 31, 65.497,
327.457

■ 32, 61.060,
327.267

■ 34, 55.107,
326.986

■ 36, 47.910,
326.626

■ 39, 39.798,
326.204

■ 42, 31.090,
325.735

■ 45, 22.054,
325.235

■ 49, 12.899,

324.717

■ 52, 3.776, 324.167

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30, 68.319, 327.555



47, 70.445, 136.262

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30, 68.319, 327.555



30, 68.319, 17.555



30, 68.319, 147.555



30, 68.319, 197.555

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30, 68.317, 327.555



57, 31.780, 325.462



15, 76.501, 305.230



28, 21.809, 325.644



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30, 68.317, 327.555



39, 84.719, 327.581



27, 50.451, 357.245



25, 5.075, 324.447



29, 69.177, 327.597



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26, 58.587, 36.578



35, 75.761, 39.190



47, 51.686, 150.214



25, 2.950, 18.528



25, 60.608, 37.694



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 30, 68.319, 327.555 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 30, 68.319, 327.555 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

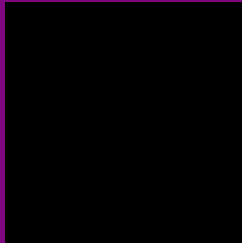
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 30, 68.319, 327.555

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 30, 68.319, 327.555.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 30, 68.319, 327.555.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30, 68.319, 327.555

Protanopia

31, 49.821, 285.488

Deuteranopia

31, 30.625, 278.146



Tritanopia
31, 32.679, 22.992

Trichromacy



Original Color
30, 68.319, 327.555

Protanomaly
26, 60.578, 300.200

Deuteranomaly
27, 48.094, 306.562

Tritanomaly
29, 42.504, 350.354

Monochromacy



Original Color
30, 68.319, 327.555

Achromatopsia
24, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
23, 32.884, 326.285

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 30, 68.319, 327.555 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 8, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(127, 8, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 8, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 8, 129) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 30, 68.319, 327.555 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 8, 129) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 8, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 8, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 8, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 8, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 8,  
129) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 30, 68.319, 327.555 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 8, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127, 8,  
129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor