

Converting Colors

CIELCh(30, 70.152, 327.847)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(30, 70.152, 327.847)
contains.

CIELCh(30, 70.126, 327.937)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(30, 70.126, 327.937)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	810082
RGB	129, 0, 130
RGB Percent	51%, 0%, 51%
CMY	0.4953, 1.0000, 0.4913
CMYK	0.01, 1.00, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	300°, 100%, 25%
HSV	300°, 100%, 51%
XYZ	13.0136, 6.2359, 21.5407
YIQ	53.3910, 35.1540, 67.7780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

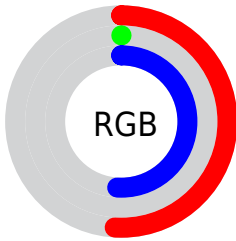
Format	Color
R_{YB}	129, 0, 130
Decimal	8454274
CIE _{Lab}	30.00, 59.43, -37.23
CIE _{LCh}	30, 70.126, 327.937
Yxy	6.2359, 0.3190, 0.1529
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286644354 (0xFF810082)
YUV	53.3910, 37.7682, 66.3091
Hunter-Lab	24.9718, 49.3215, -33.6634

Details

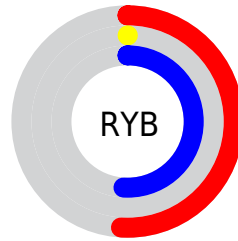
The CIELCh color **30, 70.126, 327.937** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990099**. A complement of this color would be **47, 72.500, 135.966**, and the grayscale version is **22, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50, 70.053, 327.714**, and **16, 49.998, 325.992** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30, 70.020, 327.932**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31, 67.693, 327.839**.

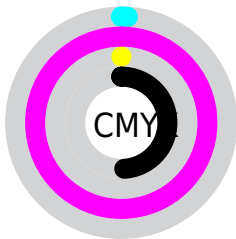
Distribution



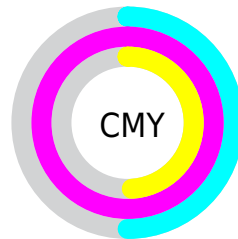
- Red (51%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (49%)





- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (49%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 30, 70.126, 327.937 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 30, 70.126, 327.937 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 30, 70.126,
327.937


 30, 70.126,
327.937

 100, 70.126,
327.937


 20, 70.126,
327.937


 50, 70.126,
327.937


 10, 70.126,
327.937

 60, 70.126,
327.937

 0, 70.126, 327.937

 70, 70.126,
327.937

 80, 70.126,
327.937

 90, 70.126,
327.937

■ 30, 70.126,
327.937

■ 30, 70.126,
327.937

■ 30, 70.020,
327.932

■ 31, 67.693,
327.839

■ 32, 64.228,
327.685

■ 33, 59.135,
327.442

■ 35, 52.612,
327.117

■ 38, 44.961,
326.721

■ 41, 36.515,
326.270

■ 44, 27.578,
325.781

■ 47, 18.398,

325.266

■ 51, 9.164, 324.735

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30, 70.126, 327.937



47, 72.500, 135.966

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30, 70.126, 327.937



30, 70.126, 17.937



30, 70.126, 147.937



30, 70.126, 197.937

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30, 70.020, 327.932



56, 34.108, 325.815



14, 80.152, 305.981



27, 23.120, 325.990



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30, 70.020, 327.932



40, 84.686, 327.925



27, 51.659, 359.112



25, 5.089, 324.685



29, 69.151, 327.932



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26, 61.751, 38.181



35, 76.126, 39.547



47, 54.028, 149.061



25, 2.950, 19.239



25, 60.867, 38.040



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 30, 70.126, 327.937 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 30, 70.126, 327.937 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

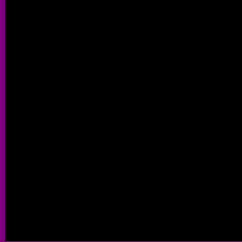
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 30, 70.126, 327.937

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 30, 70.126, 327.937.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 30, 70.126, 327.937.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30, 70.126, 327.937

Protanopia

31, 50.990, 286.117

Deuteranopia

31, 31.158, 279.079



Tritanopia
31, 33.142, 23.133

Trichromacy



Original Color
30, 70.126, 327.937



Protanomaly
25, 63.129, 301.402



Deuteranomaly
27, 50.698, 307.744



Tritanomaly
29, 44.276, 349.495

Monochromacy



Original Color
30, 70.126, 327.937



Achromatopsia
22, 0.004, 296.813



Achromatomaly
22, 35.060, 327.156

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 30, 70.126, 327.937 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 0, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 0, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 0, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 0, 130) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 30, 70.126, 327.937 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 0, 130) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 0, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(129, 0, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(129, 0, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 0, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 0,  
130) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 30, 70.126, 327.937 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 0, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129, 0,  
130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor