

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(30, 70.175, 327.349)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(30, 70.175, 327.349)  
contains.

<b>CIELCh(30, 70.205, 327.333)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	21
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	27

**Color**

**CIELCh(30, 70.205, 327.333)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	800283
RGB	128, 2, 131
RGB Percent	50%, 1%, 51%
CMY	0.4990, 0.9940, 0.4872
CMYK	0.02, 0.99, 0.00, 0.49
HSL	299°, 98%, 26%
HSV	299°, 99%, 51%
XYZ	12.9638, 6.2359, 21.9127
YIQ	54.3800, 33.6870, 66.8310

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

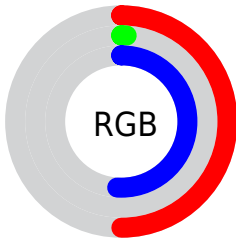
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	128, 2, 131
Decimal	8389251
CIELab	30.00, 59.10, -37.89
CIElCh	30, 70.205, 327.333
Yxy	6.2359, 0.3153, 0.1517
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286579331 (0xFF800283)
YUV	54.3800, 37.7737, 64.5647
Hunter-Lab	24.9718, 48.9654, -34.5466

# Details

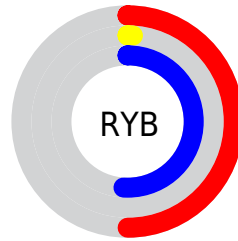
The CIELCh color **30, 70.205, 327.333** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990099**. A complement of this color would be **47, 72.500, 135.941**, and the grayscale version is **22, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50, 70.386, 327.166**, and **16, 50.510, 325.144** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30, 70.477, 327.339**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31, 67.793, 327.278**.

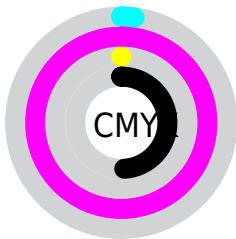
# Distribution



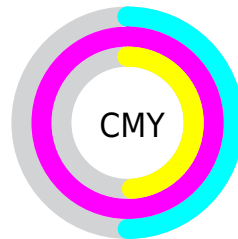
- Red (50%)
- Green (1%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (49%)




- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (99%)
- Yellow (49%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 30, 70.205, 327.333 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 30, 70.205, 327.333 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 30, 70.205,  
327.333


 30, 70.205,  
327.333

 100, 70.205,  
327.333


 20, 70.205,  
327.333


 50, 70.205,  
327.333


 10, 70.205,  
327.333

 60, 70.205,  
327.333

 0, 70.205, 327.333

 70, 70.205,  
327.333

 80, 70.205,  
327.333

 90, 70.205,  
327.333

■ 30, 70.205,  
327.333

■ 30, 70.205,  
327.333

■ 30, 70.477,  
327.339

■ 31, 67.793,  
327.278

■ 32, 64.076,  
327.146

■ 34, 58.735,  
326.917

■ 36, 51.992,  
326.600

■ 38, 44.169,  
326.211

■ 41, 35.600,  
325.765

■ 45, 26.584,  
325.282

■ 48, 17.362,

324.775

■ 51, 8.110, 324.251

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30, 70.205, 327.333



47, 72.500, 135.941

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30, 70.205, 327.333



30, 70.205, 17.333



30, 70.205, 147.333



30, 70.205, 197.333

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30, 70.203, 327.333



57, 34.387, 325.374



14, 79.113, 305.536



28, 23.604, 325.550



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30, 70.203, 327.333



40, 85.694, 327.319



28, 52.002, 357.305



26, 5.234, 324.267



30, 70.195, 327.340



0, 1.246, 323.818



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26, 61.183, 37.399



35, 76.361, 38.947



48, 54.852, 148.464



26, 3.050, 17.989



26, 61.411, 37.588



0, 0.708, 17.464



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 30, 70.205, 327.333 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 30, 70.205, 327.333 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

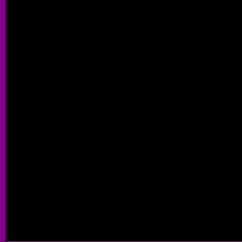
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 30, 70.205, 327.333

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 30, 70.205, 327.333.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 30, 70.205, 327.333.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30, 70.205, 327.333

### Protanopia

31, 50.406, 285.806

### Deuteranopia

31, 31.839, 278.841





**Tritanopia**  
31, 32.531, 21.922

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
30, 70.205, 327.333

**Protanomaly**  
25, 62.499, 300.921

**Deuteranomaly**  
27, 50.620, 307.019

**Tritanomaly**  
29, 43.859, 348.475

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
30, 70.205, 327.333

**Achromatopsia**  
23, 0.004, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
22, 34.909, 326.489

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 30, 70.205, 327.333 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 2, 131)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 2, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 2, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 2, 131) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 30, 70.205, 327.333 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 2, 131) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 2, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 2, 131)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 2, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 2, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 2,  
131) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 30, 70.205, 327.333 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 2, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128, 2,  
131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor