

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(30, 84.823, 304.169)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(30, 84.823, 304.169)  
contains.

<b>CIELCh(30, 84.788, 304.164)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	21
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	27

# Color

**CIELCh(30, 84.788, 304.164)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	3B2DB7
RGB	59, 45, 183
RGB Percent	23%, 18%, 72%
CMY	0.7682, 0.8233, 0.2821
CMYK	0.68, 0.75, 0.00, 0.28
HSL	246°, 60%, 45%
HSV	246°, 75%, 72%
XYZ	11.3045, 6.2359, 45.4469
YIQ	64.9180, -35.9540, 45.8860

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

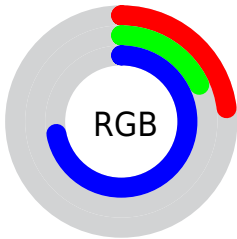
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	59, 45, 183
Decimal	3878327
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	30.00, 47.61, -70.16
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	30, 84.788, 304.164
Yxy	6.2359, 0.1795, 0.0990
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282068407 (0xFF3B2DB7)
YUV	64.9180, 58.2144, -5.1901
Hunter-Lab	24.9718, 37.1043, -90.4233

# Details

The CIELCh color **30, 84.788, 304.164** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3333CC**. A complement of this color would be **71, 67.181, 108.922**, and the grayscale version is **27, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50, 84.982, 304.318**, and **13, 80.724, 306.287** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **26, 94.651, 305.516**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35, 73.281, 302.538**.

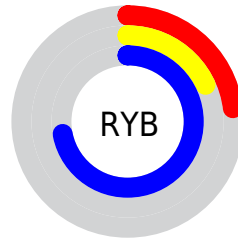
# Distribution



Red (23%)

Green (18%)

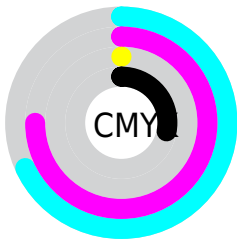
Blue (72%)



Red (23%)

Yellow (18%)

Blue (72%)

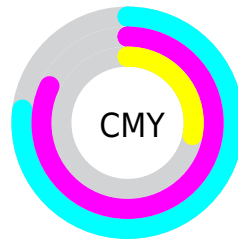


Cyan (68%)

Magenta (75%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (77%)

Magenta (82%)


Yellow (28%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 30, 84.788, 304.164 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 30, 84.788, 304.164 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 30, 84.788,  
304.164


 30, 84.788,  
304.164

 100, 84.788,  
304.164


 20, 84.788,  
304.164


 50, 84.788,  
304.164


 10, 84.788,  
304.164

 60, 84.788,  
304.164

 0, 84.788, 304.164

 70, 84.788,  
304.164

 80, 84.788,  
304.164

 90, 84.788,  
304.164

■ 30, 84.788,  
304.164

■ 30, 84.788,  
304.164

■ 26, 94.651,  
305.516

■ 35, 73.281,  
302.538

■ 23, 101.379,  
306.320

■ 41, 61.250,  
300.865

■ 22, 103.759,  
306.627

■ 47, 49.297,  
299.287

■ 53, 37.680,  
297.866

■ 59, 26.490,  
296.620

■ 65, 15.737,  
295.543

■ 71, 5.408, 294.621

■ 77, 4.525, 113.819

■ 83, 14.088,  
113.145

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30, 84.788, 304.164



71, 67.181, 108.922

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30, 84.788, 304.164



30, 84.788, 354.164



30, 84.788, 124.164



30, 84.788, 174.164

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30, 84.789, 304.165



76, 29.496, 296.391



64, 32.707, 210.691



38, 20.732, 296.807



97, 0.011, 296.813



50, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30, 84.789, 304.165



33, 120.443, 306.084



38, 81.548, 315.297



36, 5.740, 294.968



18, 91.919, 306.680



1, 15.416, 293.241



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



45, 75.848, 331.548



56, 99.501, 332.331



67, 75.500, 129.562



36, 6.444, 327.833



36, 73.840, 332.680

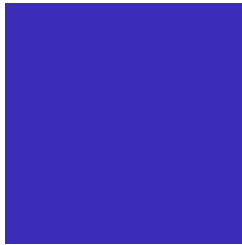


3, 16.965, 329.006



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 30, 84.788, 304.164 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

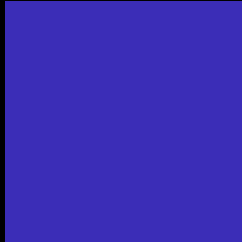
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 30, 84.788, 304.164 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

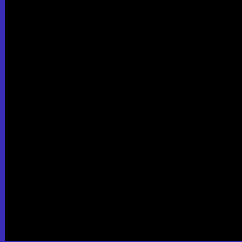
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 30, 84.788, 304.164

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 30, 84.788, 304.164.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 30, 84.788, 304.164.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30, 84.788, 304.164

### Protanopia

30, 48.264, 285.405

### Deuteranopia

30, 33.304, 270.594





**Tritanopia**  
30, 20.537, 207.574

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
30, 84.788, 304.164

**Protanomaly**  
29, 62.320, 294.451

**Deuteranomaly**  
29, 51.966, 290.315

**Tritanomaly**  
28, 35.660, 279.658

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
30, 84.788, 304.164

**Achromatopsia**  
28, 0.004, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
27, 32.569, 299.047

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 30, 84.788, 304.164 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(59, 45, 183)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(59, 45, 183)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 45, 183) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(59, 45, 183) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 30, 84.788, 304.164 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(59, 45, 183) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(59, 45, 183) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 45, 183) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(59, 45, 183); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 45, 183);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 45,  
183) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 30, 84.788, 304.164 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(59, 45, 183) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(59, 45,  
183) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor