

Converting Colors

CIELCh(30, 85.960, 299.548)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(30, 85.960, 299.548)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(30, 86.365, 299.732)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | 0134BF |
| RGB | 1, 52, 191 |
| RGB Percent | 0%, 20%, 75% |
| CMY | 0.9976, 0.7957, 0.2505 |
| CMYK | 1.00, 0.73, 0.00, 0.25 |
| HSL | 224°, 99%, 38% |
| HSV | 224°, 100%, 75% |
| XYZ | 10.6577, 6.2359, 50.0054 |
| YIQ | 52.5970, -75.0150, 32.4170 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

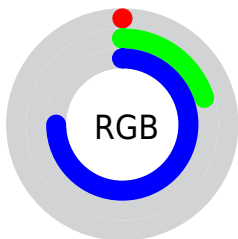
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 1, 41, 191 |
| Decimal | 79039 |
| CIE Lab | 30.00, 42.83, -75.00 |
| CIE LCh | 30, 86.365, 299.732 |
| Yxy | 6.2359, 0.1593, 0.0932 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4278269119 (0xFF0134BF) |
| YUV | 52.5970, 68.2327, -45.2506 |
| Hunter-Lab | 24.9718, 32.4813, -101.2465 |

Details

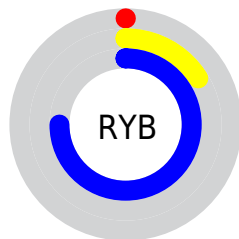
The CIELCh color **30, 86.365, 299.732** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0033CC**. A complement of this color would be **61, 67.017, 81.562**, and the grayscale version is **22, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50, 86.576, 299.795**, and **16, 79.766, 304.891** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30, 86.652, 299.823**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34, 77.247, 296.622**.

Distribution



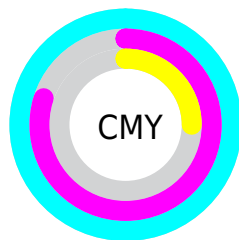
- Red (0%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (25%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 30, 86.365, 299.732 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 30, 86.365, 299.732 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 30, 86.365,
299.732


 30, 86.365,
299.732

 100, 86.365,
299.732


 20, 86.365,
299.732


 50, 86.365,
299.732


 10, 86.365,
299.732

 60, 86.365,
299.732

 0, 86.365, 299.732

 70, 86.365,
299.732

 80, 86.365,
299.732

 90, 86.365,
299.732

■ 30, 86.365,
299.732

■ 30, 86.365,
299.732

■ 30, 86.652,
299.823

■ 34, 77.247,
296.622

■ 38, 67.818,
293.308

■ 42, 58.461,
290.089

■ 47, 49.347,
287.123

■ 52, 40.513,
284.484

■ 57, 31.940,
282.188

■ 62, 23.600,
280.212

■ 67, 15.467,

278.522

■ 72, 7.524, 277.083

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30, 86.365, 299.732



61, 67.017, 81.562

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30, 86.365, 299.732



30, 86.365, 349.732



30, 86.365, 119.732



30, 86.365, 169.732

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30, 86.366, 299.733



78, 29.444, 280.359



69, 55.643, 163.217



39, 20.356, 281.175



99, 0.012, 296.813



52, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30, 86.366, 299.733



39, 106.814, 300.319



25, 105.734, 307.378



37, 4.360, 277.039



24, 74.239, 299.362



2, 14.163, 281.543

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40, 71.609, 23.732



52, 87.661, 24.886



72, 80.323, 115.617



37, 4.357, 358.877



33, 62.005, 23.000



3, 12.740, 4.234

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 30, 86.365, 299.732 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

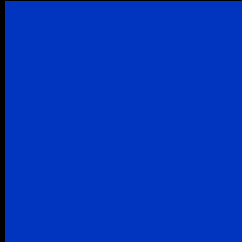
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 30, 86.365, 299.732 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

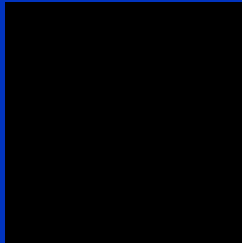
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 30, 86.365, 299.732

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 30, 86.365, 299.732.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 30, 86.365, 299.732.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30, 86.355, 299.756

Protanopia

30, 48.853, 285.737

Deuteranopia

30, 33.304, 270.594



Tritanopia
30, 20.879, 203.684

Trichromacy



Original Color
30, 86.355, 299.756

Protanomaly
29, 62.910, 293.010

Deuteranomaly
29, 52.623, 288.420

Tritanomaly
29, 35.503, 274.918

Monochromacy



Original Color
30, 86.355, 299.756

Achromatopsia
22, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
23, 33.330, 287.843

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 30, 86.365, 299.732 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(1, 52, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(1, 52, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(1, 52, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(1, 52, 191) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 30, 86.365, 299.732 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(1, 52, 191) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(1, 52, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(1, 52, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(1, 52, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 52, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(1, 52, 191)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 30, 86.365, 299.732 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(1, 52, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(1, 52,  
191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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