

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(30, 92.042, 312.049)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(30, 92.042, 312.049)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(30, 91.980, 312.156)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	6111B4
RGB	97, 17, 180
RGB Percent	38%, 7%, 71%
CMY	0.6196, 0.9334, 0.2942
CMYK	0.46, 0.91, 0.00, 0.29
HSL	269°, 83%, 39%
HSV	269°, 91%, 71%
XYZ	13.3657, 6.2359, 43.6736
YIQ	59.5020, -4.6430, 67.6530

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

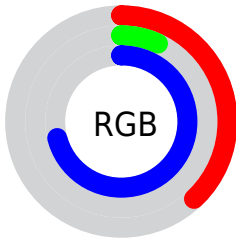
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	97, 17, 180
Decimal	6361524
CIELab	30.00, 61.73, -68.19
CIElCh	30, 91.980, 312.156
Yxy	6.2359, 0.2112, 0.0986
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284551604 (0xFF6111B4)
YUV	59.5020, 59.4055, 32.8857
Hunter-Lab	24.9718, 51.8380, -86.2132

# Details

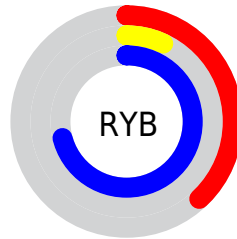
The CIELCh color **30, 91.980, 312.156** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6633CC**. A complement of this color would be **66, 80.471, 126.787**, and the grayscale version is **25, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **50, 91.857, 312.209**, and **14, 77.305, 308.049** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28, 96.242, 311.712**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33, 85.359, 312.336**.

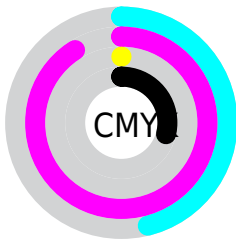
# Distribution



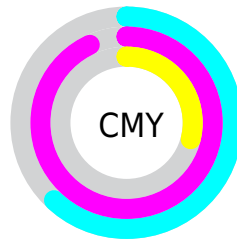
- Red (38%)
- Green (7%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (29%)




- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (93%)
- Yellow (29%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 30, 91.980, 312.156 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 30, 91.980, 312.156 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 30, 91.980,  
312.156


 30, 91.980,  
312.156

 100, 91.980,  
312.156


 20, 91.980,  
312.156


 50, 91.980,  
312.156


 10, 91.980,  
312.156

 60, 91.980,  
312.156

 0, 91.980, 312.156

 70, 91.980,  
312.156

 80, 91.980,  
312.156

 90, 91.980,  
312.156

■ 30, 91.980,  
312.156

■ 30, 91.980,  
312.156

■ 28, 96.242,  
311.712

■ 33, 85.359,  
312.336

■ 37, 76.567,  
312.184

■ 41, 66.372,  
311.815

■ 46, 55.428,  
311.326

■ 51, 44.197,  
310.785

■ 57, 32.966,  
310.237

■ 62, 21.903,  
309.708

■ 68, 11.098,

309.211

■ 73, 0.593, 308.592

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30, 91.980, 312.156



66, 80.471, 126.787

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30, 91.980, 312.156



30, 91.980, 2.156



30, 91.980, 132.156



30, 91.980, 182.156

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30, 91.980, 312.157



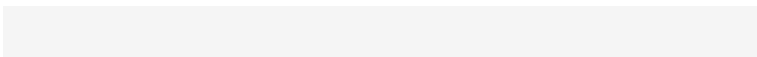
75, 35.987, 310.070



42, 48.704, 278.050



37, 24.326, 310.250



96, 0.011, 296.813



49, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30, 91.980, 312.157



37, 117.582, 311.519



43, 86.995, 327.546



35, 5.898, 309.152



23, 85.255, 311.856



1, 13.820, 304.934



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



40, 64.123, 357.559



51, 79.589, 1.837



64, 89.661, 136.323



35, 4.786, 343.875



33, 58.053, 0.462

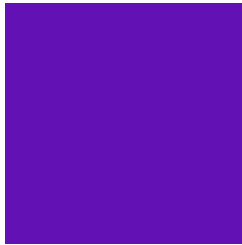


2, 10.661, 349.350



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 30, 91.980, 312.156 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

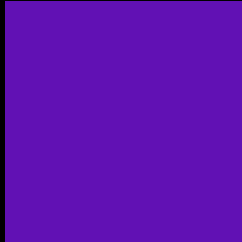
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 30, 91.980, 312.156 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

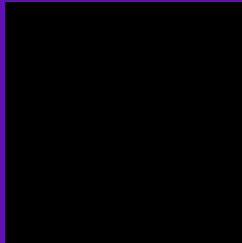
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 30, 91.980, 312.156

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 30, 91.980, 312.156.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 30, 91.980, 312.156.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

30, 91.980, 312.156


### Protanopia

31, 48.718, 285.130

### Deuteranopia

30, 34.376, 271.606





**Tritanopia**  
30, 3.838, 290.895

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
30, 91.980, 312.156

**Protanomaly**  
27, 68.154, 298.975

**Deuteranomaly**  
27, 59.206, 296.904

**Tritanomaly**  
28, 41.646, 310.533

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
30, 91.980, 312.156

**Achromatopsia**  
25, 0.004, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
24, 39.789, 311.542

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 30, 91.980, 312.156 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(97, 17, 180)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(97, 17, 180)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 17, 180) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(97, 17, 180) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 30, 91.980, 312.156 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(97, 17, 180) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(97, 17, 180) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(97, 17, 180)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(97, 17, 180); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 17, 180);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 17,  
180) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 30, 91.980, 312.156 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(97, 17, 180) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(97, 17,  
180) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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