

Converting Colors

CIELCh(31, 10.364, 145.388)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(31, 10.364, 145.388)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(31, 10.364, 145.388)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3F4D40
RGB	63, 77, 64
RGB Percent	25%, 30%, 25%
CMY	0.7547, 0.6998, 0.7507
CMYK	0.18, 0.00, 0.17, 0.70
HSL	124°, 10%, 27%
HSV	124°, 18%, 30%
XYZ	5.5566, 6.6515, 5.7758
YIQ	71.3320, -4.1710, -7.0110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

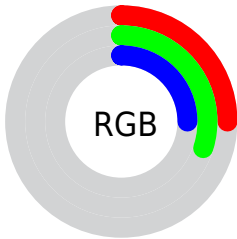
Format	Color
RYB	63, 76, 77
Decimal	4148544
CIELab	31.00, -8.53, 5.89
CIElCh	31, 10.364, 145.388
Yxy	6.6515, 0.3090, 0.3699
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282338624 (0xFF3F4D40)
YUV	71.3320, -3.6147, -7.3072
Hunter-Lab	25.7905, -6.6750, 4.7752

Details

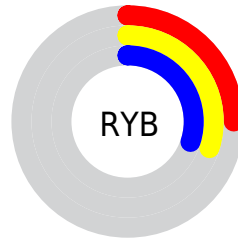
The CIELCh color **31, 10.364, 145.388** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **28, 10.380, 327.352**, and the grayscale version is **30, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51, 10.197, 145.605**, and **11, 10.369, 146.794** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30, 16.061, 144.678**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32, 4.669, 146.015**.

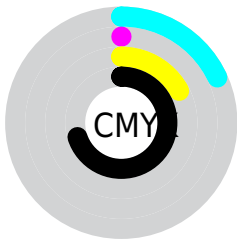
Distribution



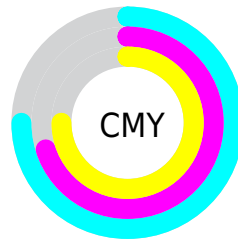
- Red (25%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (25%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (30%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (70%)



- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 31, 10.364, 145.388 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 31, 10.364, 145.388 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 31, 10.364,
145.388

■ 31, 10.364,
145.388

■ 100, 10.364,
145.388

■ 21, 10.364,
145.388

■ 51, 10.364,
145.388

■ 11, 10.364,
145.388

■ 61, 10.364,
145.388

■ 1, 10.364, 145.388

■ 71, 10.364,
145.388

■ 0, 10.364, 145.388

■ 81, 10.364,
145.388

■ 91, 10.364,
145.388

■ 31, 10.364,
145.388

■ 31, 10.364,
145.388

■ 30, 16.061,
144.678

■ 32, 4.669, 146.015

■ 30, 21.682,
143.867

■ 33, 0.971, 326.372

■ 34, 6.514, 326.950

■ 29, 27.135,
142.947

■ 35, 11.931,
327.356

■ 29, 32.310,
141.920

■ 36, 17.203,
327.704

■ 28, 37.077,
140.805

■ 37, 22.321,
328.006

■ 28, 41.292,
139.640

■ 38, 27.281,
328.270

■ 28, 44.805,
138.500

■ 39, 32.083,
328.502

■ 27, 47.774,

137.695

■ 41, 36.730,
328.707

■ 27, 48.296,
137.560

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31, 10.364, 145.388



28, 10.380, 327.352

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31, 10.364, 145.388



31, 10.364, 195.388



31, 10.364, 325.388



31, 10.364, 15.388

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31, 10.365, 145.388



42, 3.495, 146.205



32, 8.803, 111.382



21, 2.405, 146.181



73, 0.009, 296.813



21, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31, 10.365, 145.388



40, 15.515, 145.078



31, 7.196, 165.947



15, 3.148, 145.992



37, 59.447, 137.161



80, 109.339, 136.490

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28, 10.380, 327.352



36, 15.534, 327.589



28, 7.400, 348.897



14, 3.154, 326.842



22, 55.920, 331.125



54, 100.809, 331.350

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 10.364, 145.388 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 10.364, 145.388 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

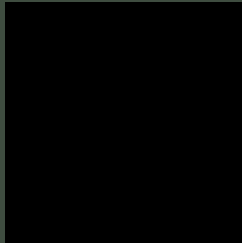
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 31, 10.364, 145.388

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 10.364, 145.388.

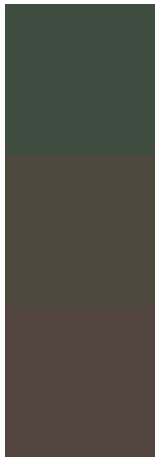


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 10.364, 145.388.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

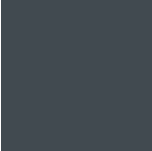
31, 10.364, 145.388

Protanopia

31, 7.206, 93.961

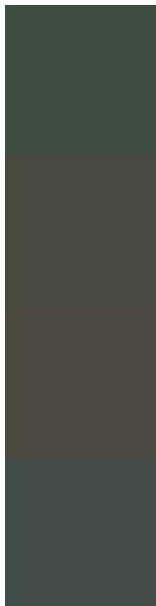
Deuteranopia

31, 6.830, 47.747



Tritanopia
31, 5.249, 245.979

Trichromacy



Original Color
31, 10.364, 145.388

Protanomaly
31, 7.027, 116.359

Deuteranomaly
31, 5.398, 89.327

Tritanomaly
31, 4.719, 190.952

Monochromacy



Original Color
31, 10.364, 145.388

Achromatopsia
30, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
30, 3.898, 144.123

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 31, 10.364, 145.388 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(63, 77, 64)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(63, 77, 64)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(63, 77, 64) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(63, 77, 64) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 31, 10.364, 145.388 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(63, 77, 64) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(63, 77, 64) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(63, 77, 64)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(63, 77, 64); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 77, 64);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 77, 64)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 31, 10.364, 145.388 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(63, 77, 64) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(63, 77,  
64) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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