

Converting Colors

CIELCh(31, 11.035, 167.959)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(31, 11.035, 167.959)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(31, 11.349, 167.393)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	374E45
RGB	55, 78, 69
RGB Percent	22%, 31%, 27%
CMY	0.7851, 0.6950, 0.7302
CMYK	0.30, 0.00, 0.12, 0.69
HSL	157°, 17%, 26%
HSV	157°, 30%, 31%
XYZ	5.3408, 6.6515, 6.5983
YIQ	70.0970, -10.8190, -7.6750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

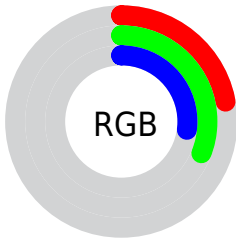
Format	Color
R_{YB}	55, 69, 78
Decimal	3624517
CIE Lab	31.00, -11.08, 2.48
CIE LCh	31, 11.349, 167.393
Yxy	6.6515, 0.2873, 0.3578
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281814597 (0xFF374E45)
YUV	70.0970, -0.5408, -13.2401
Hunter-Lab	25.7905, -8.1687, 2.8845

Details

The CIELCh color **31, 11.349, 167.393** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **26, 11.987, 352.666**, and the grayscale version is **30, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51, 11.477, 167.683**, and **11, 11.622, 166.396** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30, 15.006, 166.354**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32, 7.570, 168.345**.

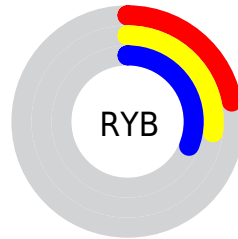
Distribution



Red (22%)

Green (31%)

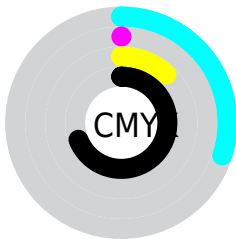
Blue (27%)



Red (22%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (31%)

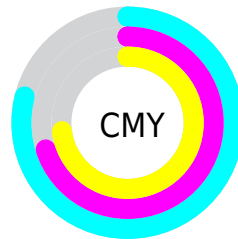


Cyan (30%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (12%)

Black (69%)



Cyan (79%)


Magenta (70%)


Yellow (73%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 31, 11.349, 167.393 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 31, 11.349, 167.393 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 31, 11.349,
167.393


 31, 11.349,
167.393

 100, 11.349,
167.393


 21, 11.349,
167.393

 51, 11.349,
167.393


 11, 11.349,
167.393


 61, 11.349,
167.393

 1, 11.349, 167.393

 71, 11.349,
167.393

 0, 11.349, 167.393

 81, 11.349,
167.393

 91, 11.349,
167.393

■ 31, 11.349,
167.393

■ 31, 11.349,
167.393

■ 30, 15.006,
166.354

■ 32, 7.570, 168.345

■ 30, 18.487,
165.214

■ 32, 3.714, 169.245

■ 30, 21.739,
163.952

■ 33, 0.174, 348.691

■ 29, 24.712,
162.550

■ 34, 4.061, 350.685

■ 29, 27.367,
160.990

■ 35, 7.919, 351.418

■ 29, 29.695,
159.274

■ 36, 11.727,
352.093

■ 28, 31.959,
157.707

■ 37, 15.469,
352.729

■ 28, 32.059,

■ 38, 19.134,
353.332

■ 39, 22.716,
353.906

157.644

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31, 11.349, 167.393



26, 11.987, 352.666

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31, 11.349, 167.393



31, 11.349, 217.393



31, 11.349, 347.393



31, 11.349, 37.393

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31, 11.350, 167.391



42, 4.376, 169.265



31, 15.792, 131.280



21, 3.002, 169.189



73, 0.009, 296.813



21, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31, 11.350, 167.391



40, 16.687, 166.700



31, 8.375, 208.393



15, 2.139, 169.328



38, 39.292, 156.726



81, 73.382, 154.984

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



26, 11.987, 352.666



33, 17.850, 353.450



26, 10.098, 29.624



14, 2.175, 350.597



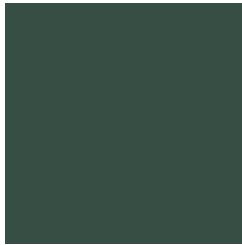
20, 43.135, 9.317



49, 78.591, 13.339

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 11.349, 167.393 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 11.349, 167.393 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

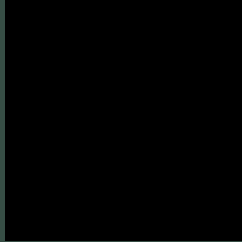
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

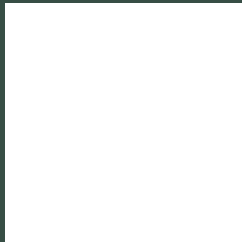
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 31, 11.349, 167.393

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 11.349, 167.393.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 11.349, 167.393.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

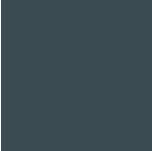
31, 11.349, 167.393

Protanopia

31, 4.636, 92.228

Deuteranopia

31, 4.962, 20.162



Tritanopia
31, 7.978, 227.286

Trichromacy



Original Color
31, 11.349, 167.393

Protanomaly
31, 5.979, 140.544

Deuteranomaly
31, 2.109, 134.558

Tritanomaly
31, 8.130, 198.229

Monochromacy



Original Color
31, 11.349, 167.393

Achromatopsia
30, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
30, 4.372, 172.727

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 31, 11.349, 167.393 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(55, 78, 69)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(55, 78, 69)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(55, 78, 69) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(55, 78, 69) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 31, 11.349, 167.393 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(55, 78, 69) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(55, 78, 69) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(55, 78, 69) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(55, 78, 69); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 78, 69);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 78, 69)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 31, 11.349, 167.393 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(55, 78, 69) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(55, 78,  
69) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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