

Converting Colors

CIELCh(31, 11.373, 336.630)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(31, 11.373, 336.630)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(31, 10.916, 337.046)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	564450
RGB	86, 68, 80
RGB Percent	34%, 27%, 31%
CMY	0.6636, 0.7342, 0.6871
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.07, 0.66
HSL	320°, 12%, 30%
HSV	320°, 21%, 34%
XYZ	7.3106, 6.6515, 8.4448
YIQ	74.7500, 6.8760, 7.5480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

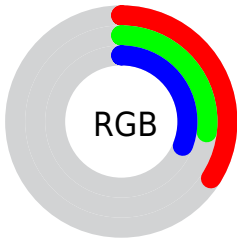
Format	Color
R_{YB}	86, 68, 80
Decimal	5653584
CIE Lab	31.00, 10.05, -4.26
CIE LCh	31, 10.916, 337.046
Yxy	6.6515, 0.3263, 0.2969
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283843664 (0xFF564450)
YUV	74.7500, 2.5882, 9.8663
Hunter-Lab	25.7905, 5.4641, -1.3605

Details

The CIELCh color **31, 10.916, 337.046** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **35, 10.808, 154.199**, and the grayscale version is **32, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51, 11.022, 337.393**, and **11, 11.111, 337.081** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29, 16.154, 337.790**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34, 5.676, 336.342**.

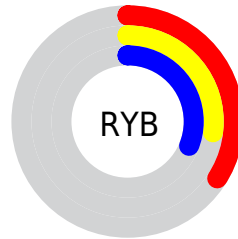
Distribution



Red (34%)

Green (27%)

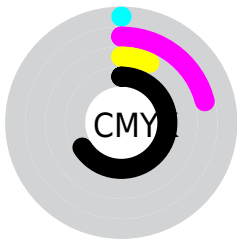
Blue (31%)



Red (34%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (31%)

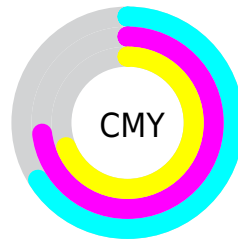


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (66%)



Cyan (66%)


Magenta (73%)


Yellow (69%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 31, 10.916, 337.046 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 31, 10.916, 337.046 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 31, 10.916,
337.046


 31, 10.916,
337.046

 100, 10.916,
337.046


 21, 10.916,
337.046

 51, 10.916,
337.046


 11, 10.916,
337.046


 61, 10.916,
337.046

 1, 10.916, 337.046

 71, 10.916,
337.046

 0, 10.916, 337.046

 81, 10.916,
337.046

 91, 10.916,
337.046

■ 31, 10.916,
337.046

■ 31, 10.916,
337.046

■ 29, 16.154,
337.790

■ 34, 5.676, 336.342

■ 26, 21.298,
338.587

■ 36, 0.502, 335.350

■ 39, 4.566, 155.159

■ 24, 26.211,
339.454

■ 42, 9.507, 154.563

■ 22, 30.716,
340.411

■ 44, 14.309,
154.014

■ 20, 34.604,
341.490

■ 47, 18.969,
153.499

■ 19, 37.660,
342.737

■ 50, 23.491,
153.015

■ 18, 39.752,
344.197

■ 53, 27.878,
152.558

■ 17, 41.539,

■ 55, 32.140,

345.495

152.127

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31, 10.916, 337.046



35, 10.808, 154.199

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31, 10.916, 337.046



31, 10.916, 27.046



31, 10.916, 157.046



31, 10.916, 207.046

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31, 10.915, 337.047



45, 3.860, 336.002



30, 11.821, 303.607



22, 2.533, 336.025



75, 0.009, 296.813



24, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31, 10.915, 337.047



39, 16.265, 337.404



31, 8.381, 6.430



16, 2.916, 336.189



22, 48.236, 346.164



52, 84.673, 347.812

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31, 10.915, 337.047



39, 16.265, 337.404



35, 7.727, 182.848



16, 2.916, 336.189



22, 48.236, 346.164



52, 84.673, 347.812

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 10.916, 337.046 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 10.916, 337.046 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 31, 10.916, 337.046

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 10.916, 337.046.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 10.916, 337.046.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

31, 10.916, 337.046

Protanopia

31, 6.370, 287.606

Deuteranopia

31, 5.741, 317.668



Tritanopia
31, 7.797, 356.790

Trichromacy



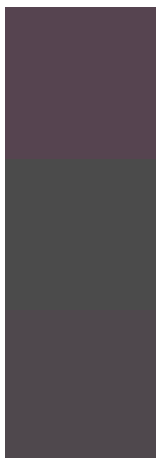
Original Color
31, 10.916, 337.046

Protanomaly
31, 7.491, 311.163

Deuteranomaly
31, 7.205, 327.906

Tritanomaly
31, 8.343, 348.725

Monochromacy



Original Color
31, 10.916, 337.046

Achromatopsia
32, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
31, 4.422, 334.214

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 31, 10.916, 337.046 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(86, 68, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(86, 68, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(86, 68, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(86, 68, 80) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 31, 10.916, 337.046 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(86, 68, 80) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(86, 68, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(86, 68, 80)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(86, 68, 80); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 68, 80);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(86, 68, 80)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 31, 10.916, 337.046 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(86, 68, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(86, 68,  
80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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