

Converting Colors

CIELCh(31, 13.106, 315.314)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(31, 13.106, 315.314)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(31, 12.562, 315.467)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	514557
RGB	81, 69, 87
RGB Percent	32%, 27%, 34%
CMY	0.6833, 0.7303, 0.6598
CMYK	0.07, 0.21, 0.00, 0.66
HSL	280°, 12%, 30%
HSV	280°, 21%, 34%
XYZ	7.1980, 6.6515, 9.8706
YIQ	74.6400, 1.3740, 8.1420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

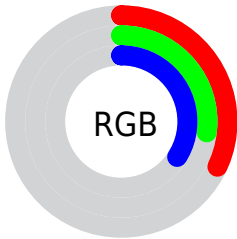
Format	Color
R_{YB}	81, 69, 87
Decimal	5326167
CIE Lab	31.00, 8.95, -8.81
CIE LCh	31, 12.562, 315.467
Yxy	6.6515, 0.3035, 0.2804
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283516247 (0xFF514557)
YUV	74.6400, 6.0935, 5.5777
Hunter-Lab	25.7905, 4.6851, -4.6383

Details

The CIELCh color $[31, 12.562, 315.467]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 333333 . A complement of this color would be $[35, 12.359, 133.826]$, and the grayscale version is $[32, 0.005, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[51, 12.765, 314.713]$, and $[11, 12.578, 314.638]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[28, 18.762, 315.875]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[34, 6.441, 315.062]$.

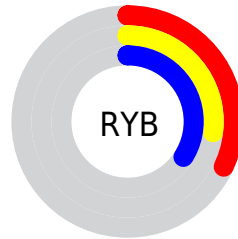
Distribution



Red (32%)

Green (27%)

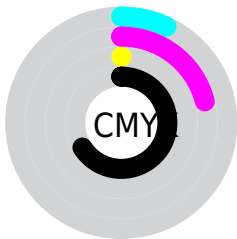
Blue (34%)



Red (32%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (34%)

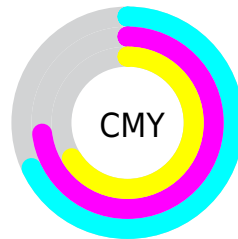


Cyan (7%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (66%)



Cyan (68%)


Magenta (73%)


Yellow (66%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 31, 12.562, 315.467 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 31, 12.562, 315.467 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 31, 12.562,
315.467


 31, 12.562,
315.467

 100, 12.562,
315.467


 21, 12.562,
315.467

 51, 12.562,
315.467


 11, 12.562,
315.467


 61, 12.562,
315.467

 1, 12.562, 315.467

 71, 12.562,
315.467

 0, 12.562, 315.467

 81, 12.562,
315.467

 91, 12.562,
315.467

■ 31, 12.562,
315.467

■ 31, 12.562,
315.467

■ 28, 18.762,
315.875

■ 34, 6.441, 315.062

■ 37, 0.440, 314.483

■ 26, 24.981,
316.275

■ 40, 5.420, 134.354

■ 23, 31.117,
316.647

■ 42, 11.128,
134.013

■ 20, 37.022,
316.962

■ 45, 16.682,
133.705

■ 18, 42.492,
317.179

■ 48, 22.083,
133.426

■ 16, 47.265,
317.250


■ 51, 27.335,
133.173

■ 15, 51.100,
317.127

■ 54, 32.443,
132.946

■ 13, 54.686,

317.088

 57, 37.414,
132.742

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31, 12.562, 315.467



35, 12.359, 133.826

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31, 12.562, 315.467



31, 12.562, 5.467



31, 12.562, 135.467



31, 12.562, 185.467

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31, 12.561, 315.466



45, 4.431, 314.875



32, 7.771, 272.489



22, 2.908, 314.889



75, 0.009, 296.813



24, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31, 12.561, 315.466



39, 18.803, 315.674



32, 12.385, 329.979



16, 3.349, 314.982



18, 63.448, 316.827



43, 113.255, 316.178

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31, 8.851, 355.570



39, 13.290, 356.128



35, 12.353, 147.564



16, 2.341, 354.370



21, 45.148, 14.964



50, 81.473, 18.982

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 12.562, 315.467 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 31, 12.562, 315.467 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 31, 12.562, 315.467

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 12.562, 315.467.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 12.562, 315.467.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

31, 12.562, 315.467

Protanopia

31, 10.875, 285.862

Deuteranopia

31, 9.676, 299.190



Tritanopia
31, 4.747, 338.121

Trichromacy



Original Color
31, 12.562, 315.467

Protanomaly
31, 10.898, 296.377

Deuteranomaly
31, 10.555, 305.522

Tritanomaly
31, 7.716, 325.045

Monochromacy



Original Color
31, 12.562, 315.467

Achromatopsia
31, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
31, 4.799, 311.847

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 31, 12.562, 315.467 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(81, 69, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(81, 69, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(81, 69, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(81, 69, 87) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 31, 12.562, 315.467 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(81, 69, 87) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(81, 69, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(81, 69, 87)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(81, 69, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 69, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 69, 87)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 31, 12.562, 315.467 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(81, 69, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(81, 69,  
87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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