

Converting Colors

CIELCh(31, 13.399, 80.732)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(31, 13.399, 80.732) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(31, 13.680, 80.262)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	544734
RGB	84, 71, 52
RGB Percent	33%, 28%, 20%
CMY	0.6703, 0.7213, 0.7958
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.38, 0.67
HSL	36°, 24%, 27%
HSV	36°, 38%, 33%
XYZ	6.5412, 6.6515, 4.1954
YIQ	72.7210, 13.8470, -3.1530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

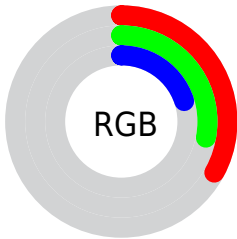
Format	Color
R_YB	74, 84, 52
Decimal	5523252
CIE Lab	31.00, 2.31, 13.48
CIE LCh	31, 13.680, 80.262
Yxy	6.6515, 0.3762, 0.3825
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283713332 (0xFF544734)
YUV	72.7210, -10.2155, 9.8917
Hunter-Lab	25.7905, 0.1390, 8.4084

Details

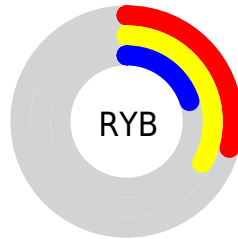
The CIELCh color **31, 13.680, 80.262** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **27, 13.105, 270.612**, and the grayscale version is **31, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51, 13.354, 79.464**, and **11, 13.944, 80.082** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30, 17.500, 78.997**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32, 9.946, 81.508**.

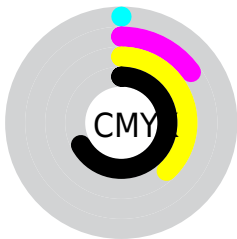
Distribution



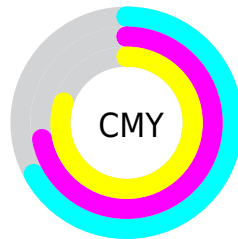
- Red (33%)
- Green (28%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (29%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Black (67%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (72%)
- Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 31, 13.680, 80.262 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 31, 13.680, 80.262 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 31, 13.680, 80.262

■ 31, 13.680, 80.262

■ 100, 13.680,
80.262

■ 21, 13.680, 80.262

■ 51, 13.680, 80.262

■ 11, 13.680, 80.262

■ 61, 13.680, 80.262

■ 1, 13.680, 80.262

■ 71, 13.680, 80.262

■ 0, 13.680, 80.262

■ 81, 13.680, 80.262

■ 91, 13.680, 80.262

■ 31, 13.680, 80.262

■ 31, 13.680, 80.262

■ 30, 17.500, 78.997

■ 32, 9.946, 81.508

■ 29, 21.373, 77.690

■ 33, 6.310, 82.713

■ 28, 25.233, 76.328

■ 35, 2.776, 83.863

■ 26, 28.955, 74.869

■ 36, 0.660, 265.306

■ 25, 32.300, 73.216

■ 37, 4.004, 266.216

■ 24, 35.201, 71.493

■ 39, 7.263, 267.266

■ 24, 35.762, 71.193

■ 40, 10.443,
268.285

■ 41, 13.553,
269.263

■ 43, 16.599,
270.198

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31, 13.680, 80.262



27, 13.105, 270.612

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31, 13.680, 80.262



31, 13.680, 130.262



31, 13.680, 260.262



31, 13.680, 310.262

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31, 13.680, 80.268



45, 4.736, 83.493



26, 16.773, 352.073



22, 3.211, 83.406



75, 0.009, 296.813



24, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31, 13.680, 80.268



39, 20.840, 79.059



35, 19.624, 110.541



16, 1.877, 83.796



30, 42.843, 70.721



66, 77.266, 68.276

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



27, 13.105, 270.612



33, 19.756, 272.625



23, 21.382, 297.249



15, 1.865, 265.947



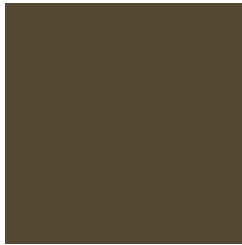
19, 42.419, 289.675



44, 81.730, 292.588

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 13.680, 80.262 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 31, 13.680, 80.262 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

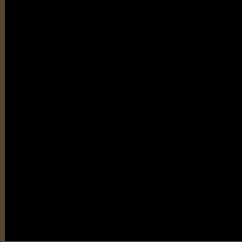
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 31, 13.680, 80.262

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 13.680, 80.262.

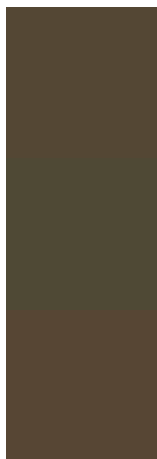


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 13.680, 80.262.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

31, 13.680, 80.262

Protanopia

31, 12.955, 94.917

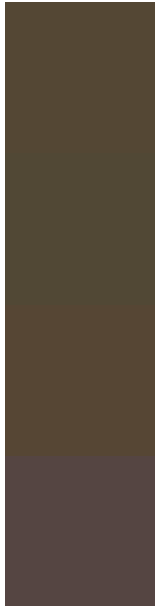
Deuteranopia

31, 14.266, 72.273



Tritanopia
31, 8.872, 355.593

Trichromacy



Original Color

31, 13.680, 80.262

Protanomaly

31, 12.812, 88.037

Deuteranomaly

31, 13.966, 73.884

Tritanomaly

31, 7.659, 34.822

Monochromacy



Original Color

31, 13.680, 80.262

Achromatopsia

31, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly

31, 4.996, 82.053

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 31, 13.680, 80.262 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(84, 71, 52)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(84, 71, 52)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(84, 71, 52) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(84, 71, 52) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 31, 13.680, 80.262 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(84, 71, 52) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(84, 71, 52) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(84, 71, 52)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(84, 71, 52); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 71, 52);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(84, 71, 52)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 31, 13.680, 80.262 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(84, 71, 52) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(84, 71,  
52) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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