

Converting Colors

CIELCh(31, 130.381, 306.153)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(31, 130.381, 306.153)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(31, 130.461, 306.253)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0000F6
RGB	0, 0, 246
RGB Percent	0%, 0%, 96%
CMY	1.0000, 1.0000, 0.0337
CMYK	1.00, 1.00, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	240°, 100%, 48%
HSV	240°, 100%, 97%
XYZ	16.6443, 6.6515, 87.9203
YIQ	28.0440, -78.9660, 76.5060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

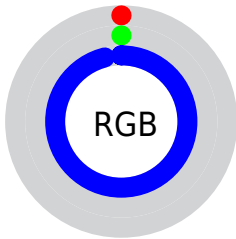
Format	Color
R_{YB}	0, 0, 246
Decimal	246
CIE Lab	31.00, 77.15, -105.21
CIE LCh	31, 130.461, 306.253
Yxy	6.6515, 0.1497, 0.0598
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278190326 (0xFF0000F6)
YUV	28.0440, 107.4523, -24.5946
Hunter-Lab	25.7905, 70.0647, -184.0673

Details

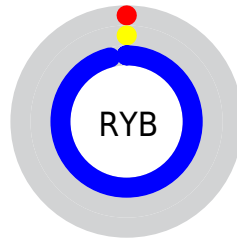
The CIELCh color **31, 130.461, 306.253** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0000FF**. The color can be described as dark saturated blue. A complement of this color would be **94, 94.425, 102.852**, and the grayscale version is **10, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46, 105.533, 306.908**, and **22, 106.414, 306.287** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31, 130.384, 306.287**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33, 125.028, 305.518**.

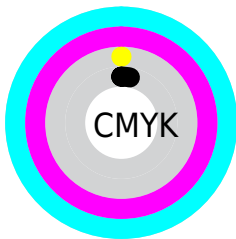
Distribution



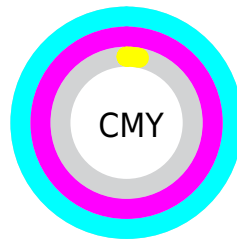
- Red (0%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (3%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (3%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 31, 130.461, 306.253 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 31, 130.461, 306.253 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 31, 130.461,
306.253


 31, 130.461,
306.253


 100, 130.461,
306.253


 21, 130.461,
306.253


 51, 130.461,
306.253


 11, 130.461,
306.253


 61, 130.461,
306.253

 1, 130.461,
306.253

 71, 130.461,
306.253

 0, 130.461,
306.253

 81, 130.461,
306.253

 91, 130.461,
306.253

■ 31, 130.461,
306.253

■ 31, 130.461,
306.253

■ 31, 130.384,
306.287

■ 33, 125.028,
305.518

■ 37, 114.732,
304.016

■ 43, 100.838,
301.970

■ 50, 85.463,
299.733

■ 57, 69.910,
297.570

■ 65, 54.755,
295.615

■ 73, 40.184,
293.912

■ 81, 26.225,

292.458

■ 89, 12.848,
291.227

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31, 130.461, 306.253



94, 94.425, 102.852

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31, 130.461, 306.253



31, 130.461, 356.253



31, 130.461, 126.253



31, 130.461, 176.253

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31, 130.384, 306.287



75, 41.322, 293.921



88, 48.830, 196.386



37, 28.451, 294.609



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31, 130.384, 306.287



32, 133.816, 306.287



39, 121.819, 311.695



47, 7.256, 291.169



22, 105.633, 306.287



3, 39.905, 299.770

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 112.603, 328.233



60, 115.567, 328.233



87, 106.600, 128.338



48, 8.758, 324.945



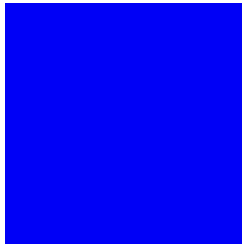
44, 91.228, 328.233



11, 40.561, 328.233

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 31, 130.461, 306.253 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

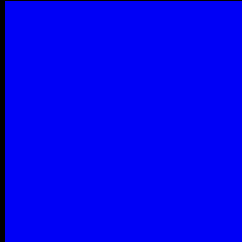
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 130.461, 306.253 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 31, 130.461, 306.253

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 130.461, 306.253.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 130.461, 306.253.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

31, 130.222, 306.287

Protanopia

32, 50.338, 285.514

Deuteranopia

32, 34.390, 270.417



Tritanopia
31, 21.723, 201.597

Trichromacy



Original Color
31, 130.222, 306.287

Protanomaly
28, 87.358, 300.729

Deuteranomaly
27, 77.355, 298.812

Tritanomaly
25, 59.098, 293.746

Monochromacy



Original Color
31, 130.222, 306.287

Achromatopsia
10, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
13, 60.561, 303.585

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 31, 130.461, 306.253 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 0, 246)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 0, 246)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 0, 246) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 0, 246) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 31, 130.461, 306.253 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 0, 246) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 0, 246) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 0, 246)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 0, 246); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 0, 246); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 0, 246) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 31, 130.461, 306.253 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 0, 246) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 0,  
246) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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