

Converting Colors

CIELCh(31, 14.506, 156.513)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(31, 14.506, 156.513)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(31, 14.745, 157.102)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	354F40
RGB	53, 79, 64
RGB Percent	21%, 31%, 25%
CMY	0.7936, 0.6917, 0.7504
CMYK	0.33, 0.00, 0.19, 0.69
HSL	145°, 20%, 26%
HSV	145°, 33%, 31%
XYZ	5.1338, 6.6515, 5.8104
YIQ	69.5160, -10.6810, -10.1770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

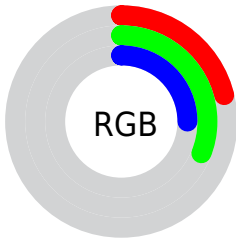
Format	Color
RYB	53, 71, 79
Decimal	3493696
CIELab	31.00, -13.58, 5.74
CIELCh	31, 14.745, 157.102
Yxy	6.6515, 0.2918, 0.3780
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281683776 (0xFF354F40)
YUV	69.5160, -2.7194, -14.4845
Hunter-Lab	25.7905, -9.6019, 4.6957

Details

The CIELCh color **31, 14.745, 157.102** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **25, 15.108, 342.268**, and the grayscale version is **29, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51, 14.579, 158.244**, and **11, 14.394, 158.637** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30, 19.064, 156.083**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32, 10.319, 158.011**.

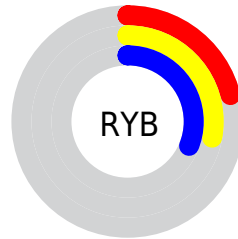
Distribution



 Red (21%)

 Green (31%)

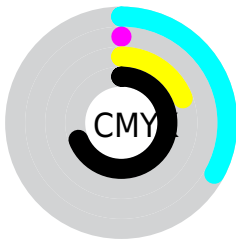
 Blue (25%)



 Red (21%)

 Yellow (28%)

 Blue (31%)

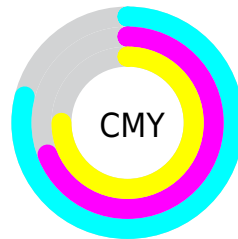


 Cyan (33%)

 Magenta (0%)

 Yellow (19%)

 Black (69%)



 Cyan (79%)


 Magenta (69%)


 Yellow (75%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 31, 14.745, 157.102 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 31, 14.745, 157.102 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 31, 14.745,
157.102


 31, 14.745,
157.102

 100, 14.745,
157.102


 21, 14.745,
157.102

 51, 14.745,
157.102


 11, 14.745,
157.102


 61, 14.745,
157.102

 1, 14.745, 157.102

 71, 14.745,
157.102

 0, 14.745, 157.102

 81, 14.745,
157.102

 91, 14.745,
157.102

■ 31, 14.745,
157.102

■ 31, 14.745,
157.102

■ 30, 19.064,
156.083

■ 32, 10.319,
158.011

■ 30, 23.212,
154.937

■ 32, 5.841, 158.834

■ 29, 27.124,
153.646

■ 33, 1.358, 159.672

■ 29, 30.741,
152.195

■ 34, 3.091, 340.126

■ 29, 34.012,
150.573

■ 35, 7.477, 340.765

■ 29, 36.969,
148.870

■ 36, 11.778,
341.326

■ 29, 38.990,
147.850

■ 37, 15.979,
341.840

■ 38, 20.071,
342.315

■ 39, 24.048,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31, 14.745, 157.102



25, 15.108, 342.268

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31, 14.745, 157.102



31, 14.745, 207.102



31, 14.745, 337.102



31, 14.745, 27.102

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31, 14.746, 157.101



42, 5.548, 159.046



32, 16.988, 124.619



21, 3.738, 158.989



73, 0.009, 296.813



21, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31, 14.746, 157.101



40, 22.001, 156.255



31, 10.538, 190.316



15, 2.439, 159.183



37, 47.549, 146.974



80, 89.257, 145.274

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25, 15.108, 342.268



31, 22.641, 343.049



25, 12.507, 15.509



14, 2.458, 340.289



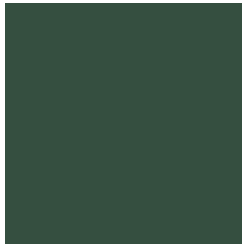
21, 44.587, 352.929



50, 79.748, 355.459

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 14.745, 157.102 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 14.745, 157.102 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 31, 14.745, 157.102

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 14.745, 157.102.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 14.745, 157.102.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

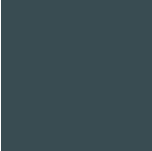
31, 14.745, 157.102

Protanopia

31, 7.821, 94.980

Deuteranopia

31, 6.413, 49.660



Tritanopia
31, 8.298, 226.041

Trichromacy



Original Color
31, 14.745, 157.102

Protanomaly
31, 8.841, 129.722

Deuteranomaly
31, 5.165, 119.306

Tritanomaly
31, 9.096, 189.966

Monochromacy



Original Color
31, 14.745, 157.102

Achromatopsia
29, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
30, 5.866, 157.707

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 31, 14.745, 157.102 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(53, 79, 64)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(53, 79, 64)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(53, 79, 64) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(53, 79, 64) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 31, 14.745, 157.102 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(53, 79, 64) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(53, 79, 64) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(53, 79, 64)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(53, 79, 64); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 79, 64);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 79, 64)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 31, 14.745, 157.102 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(53, 79, 64) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(53, 79,  
64) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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