

Converting Colors

CIELCh(31, 17.649, 196.950)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(31, 17.649, 196.950)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(31, 17.479, 196.942)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1D5050
RGB	29, 80, 80
RGB Percent	11%, 31%, 31%
CMY	0.8844, 0.6846, 0.6847
CMYK	0.63, 0.00, 0.00, 0.68
HSL	180°, 46%, 22%
HSV	180°, 63%, 32%
XYZ	4.8823, 6.6515, 8.6956
YIQ	64.7510, -30.3960, -10.8120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

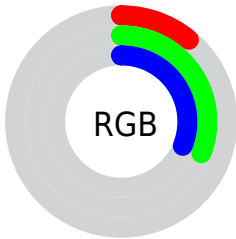
Format	Color
R_{YB}	29, 55, 80
Decimal	1921104
CIE Lab	31.00, -16.72, -5.09
CIE LCh	31, 17.479, 196.942
Yxy	6.6515, 0.2413, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280111184 (0xFF1D5050)
YUV	64.7510, 7.5178, -31.3536
Hunter-Lab	25.7905, -11.3421, -1.9371




Details

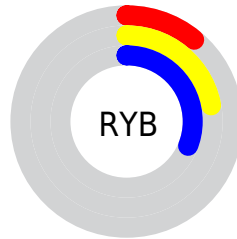
The CIELCh color **31, 17.479, 196.942** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **19, 26.821, 26.854**, and the grayscale version is **28, 0.004, 296.813**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51, 17.287, 197.652**, and **11, 12.658, 199.801** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31, 19.061, 196.726**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31, 15.514, 197.209**.

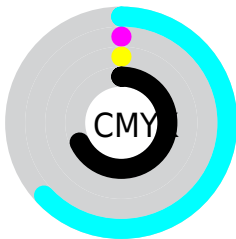
Distribution







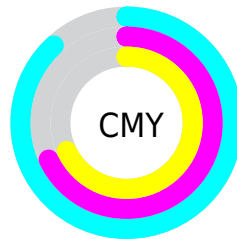
-  Red (11%)
-  Green (31%)
-  Blue (31%)






-  Red (11%)
-  Yellow (22%)
-  Blue (31%)



-  Cyan (63%)
-  Magenta (0%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (68%)





-  Cyan (88%)
-  Magenta (68%)
-  Yellow (68%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 31, 17.479, 196.942 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 31, 17.479, 196.942 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 31, 17.479,
196.942


 31, 17.479,
196.942

 100, 17.479,
196.942


 21, 17.479,
196.942

 51, 17.479,
196.942


 11, 17.479,
196.942


 61, 17.479,
196.942

 1, 17.479, 196.942

 71, 17.479,
196.942

 0, 17.479, 196.942

 81, 17.479,
196.942

 91, 17.479,
196.942

■ 31, 17.479,
196.942

■ 31, 17.479,
196.942

■ 31, 19.061,
196.726

■ 31, 15.514,
197.209

■ 31, 20.252,
196.566

■ 32, 13.193,
197.532

■ 30, 21.124,
196.449

■ 32, 10.552,
197.906

■ 30, 21.691,
196.374

■ 33, 7.634, 198.329

■ 33, 4.485, 198.808

■ 34, 1.150, 199.479

■ 35, 2.328, 19.619

■ 36, 5.910, 20.229

■ 36, 9.565, 20.798

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31, 17.479, 196.942



19, 26.821, 26.854

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31, 17.479, 196.942



31, 17.479, 246.942



31, 17.479, 16.942



31, 17.479, 66.942

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31, 17.479, 196.940



43, 7.799, 198.498



30, 37.712, 139.216



21, 5.385, 198.417



74, 0.009, 296.813



22, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31, 17.479, 196.940



40, 23.690, 196.634



23, 18.100, 265.283



16, 1.921, 199.060



40, 26.023, 196.373



84, 46.668, 196.373

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19, 26.821, 26.854



23, 40.863, 30.952



25, 21.821, 66.556



15, 2.019, 19.803



20, 51.594, 36.273



48, 97.372, 39.997

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 17.479, 196.942 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 31, 17.479, 196.942 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

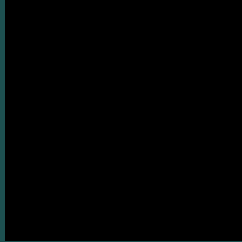
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 31, 17.479, 196.942

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 17.479, 196.942.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 17.479, 196.942.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
31, 17.479, 196.942

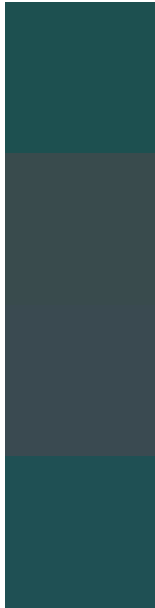
Protanopia
31, 1.971, 303.227

Deuteranopia
31, 7.246, 304.829



Tritanopia
31, 16.435, 210.829

Trichromacy



Original Color
31, 17.479, 196.942

Protanomaly
30, 7.384, 208.388

Deuteranomaly
30, 7.659, 234.580

Tritanomaly
31, 16.681, 206.022

Monochromacy



Original Color
31, 17.479, 196.942

Achromatopsia
28, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
29, 7.819, 198.210

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 31, 17.479, 196.942 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(29, 80, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(29, 80, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(29, 80, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(29, 80, 80) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 31, 17.479, 196.942 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(29, 80, 80) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(29, 80, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(29, 80, 80)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(29, 80, 80); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(29, 80, 80);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(29, 80, 80)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 31, 17.479, 196.942 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(29, 80, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(29, 80,  
80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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