

Converting Colors

CIELCh(31, 18.212, 247.124)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(31, 18.212, 247.124)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(31, 18.367, 248.517)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	254D63
RGB	37, 77, 99
RGB Percent	15%, 30%, 39%
CMY	0.8537, 0.6970, 0.6106
CMYK	0.62, 0.22, 0.00, 0.61
HSL	201°, 45%, 27%
HSV	201°, 62%, 39%
XYZ	5.7130, 6.6515, 12.8592
YIQ	67.5480, -30.9020, -1.6380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

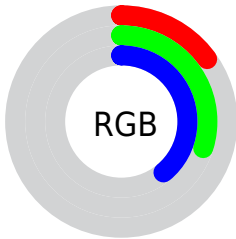
Format	Color
R _Y B	37, 61, 99
Decimal	2444643
CIE Lab	31.00, -6.73, -17.09
CIE LCh	31, 18.367, 248.517
Yxy	6.6515, 0.2265, 0.2637
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280634723 (0xFF254D63)
YUV	67.5480, 15.5058, -26.7906
Hunter-Lab	25.7905, -5.5929, -11.5089




Details

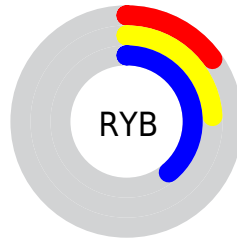
The CIELCh color **31, 18.367, 248.517** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **29, 25.827, 54.024**, and the grayscale version is **29, 0.004, 296.813**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51, 18.422, 248.398**, and **12, 16.166, 257.889** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29, 20.605, 251.578**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33, 15.909, 245.969**.

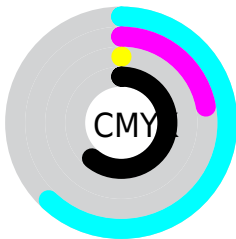
Distribution







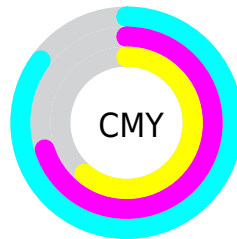
-  Red (15%)
-  Green (30%)
-  Blue (39%)






-  Red (15%)
-  Yellow (24%)
-  Blue (39%)



-  Cyan (62%)
-  Magenta (22%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (61%)





-  Cyan (85%)
-  Magenta (70%)
-  Yellow (61%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 31, 18.367, 248.517 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 31, 18.367, 248.517 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 31, 18.367,
248.517


 31, 18.367,
248.517

 100, 18.367,
248.517


 21, 18.367,
248.517

 51, 18.367,
248.517


 11, 18.367,
248.517


 61, 18.367,
248.517

 1, 18.367, 248.517

 71, 18.367,
248.517

 0, 18.367, 248.517

 81, 18.367,
248.517

 91, 18.367,
248.517

■ 31, 18.367,
248.517

■ 31, 18.367,
248.517

■ 29, 20.605,
251.578

■ 33, 15.909,
245.969

■ 28, 22.642,
255.198

■ 34, 13.235,
243.871

■ 27, 24.533,
259.340

■ 36, 10.362,
242.153

■ 25, 26.015,
262.328

■ 38, 7.317, 240.753

■ 40, 4.126, 239.626

■ 42, 0.819, 238.955

■ 44, 2.581, 57.713

■ 45, 6.051, 57.127

■ 47, 9.571, 56.604

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31, 18.367, 248.517



29, 25.827, 54.024

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31, 18.367, 248.517



31, 18.367, 298.517



31, 18.367, 68.517



31, 18.367, 118.517

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31, 18.366, 248.517



50, 7.782, 240.405



37, 34.542, 150.329



25, 5.377, 240.658



78, 0.009, 296.813



28, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31, 18.366, 248.517



38, 26.193, 253.259



21, 35.383, 293.334



19, 1.837, 239.293



29, 28.611, 263.144



61, 52.058, 266.602

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25, 34.754, 341.832



31, 49.085, 343.721



38, 31.390, 96.648



18, 3.155, 337.158



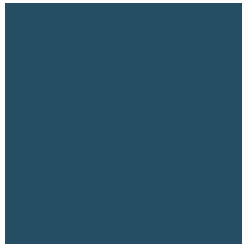
23, 49.193, 347.914



53, 84.992, 349.626

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 18.367, 248.517 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 31, 18.367, 248.517 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

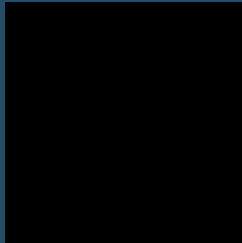
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 31, 18.367, 248.517

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 18.367, 248.517.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 18.367, 248.517.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

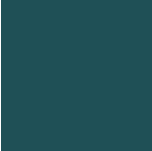
31, 18.367, 248.517

Protanopia

31, 14.765, 283.963

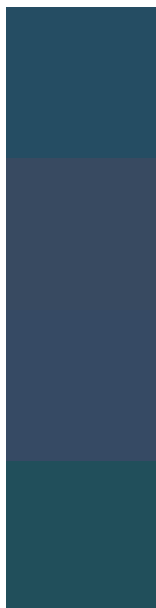
Deuteranopia

31, 18.592, 284.499



Tritanopia
31, 16.651, 210.622

Trichromacy



Original Color
31, 18.367, 248.517

Protanomaly
31, 15.738, 268.548

Deuteranomaly
31, 17.651, 269.840

Tritanomaly
31, 16.538, 225.360

Monochromacy



Original Color
31, 18.367, 248.517

Achromatopsia
29, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
29, 7.478, 242.479

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 31, 18.367, 248.517 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(37, 77, 99)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(37, 77, 99)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(37, 77, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(37, 77, 99) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 31, 18.367, 248.517 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(37, 77, 99) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(37, 77, 99) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(37, 77, 99)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(37, 77, 99); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(37, 77, 99);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(37, 77, 99)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 31, 18.367, 248.517 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(37, 77, 99) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(37, 77,  
99) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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