

Converting Colors

CIELCh(31, 19.044, 268.442)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(31, 19.044, 268.442)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(31, 18.617, 267.235)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	334B66
RGB	51, 75, 102
RGB Percent	20%, 29%, 40%
CMY	0.8010, 0.7068, 0.6010
CMYK	0.50, 0.27, 0.00, 0.60
HSL	212°, 33%, 30%
HSV	212°, 50%, 40%
XYZ	6.2383, 6.6515, 13.4598
YIQ	70.9020, -22.9710, 3.3090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

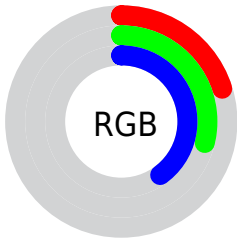
Format	Color
R_{YB}	51, 67, 102
Decimal	3361638
CIE Lab	31.00, -0.90, -18.60
CIE LCh	31, 18.617, 267.235
Yxy	6.6515, 0.2368, 0.2524
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281551718 (0xFF334B66)
YUV	70.9020, 15.3313, -17.4541
Hunter-Lab	25.7905, -1.9568, -12.8894




Details

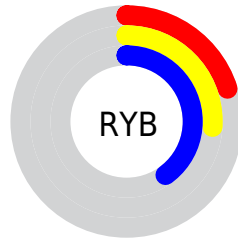
The CIELCh color **31, 18.617, 267.235** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **35, 20.787, 72.432**, and the grayscale version is **30, 0.005, 296.813**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51, 18.336, 266.845**, and **11, 18.846, 268.610** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29, 22.230, 269.945**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33, 14.968, 264.910**.

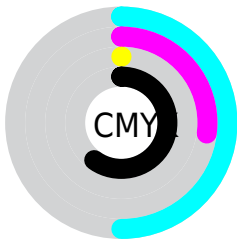
Distribution







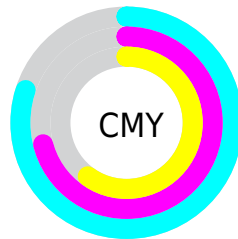
-  Red (20%)
-  Green (29%)
-  Blue (40%)






-  Red (20%)
-  Yellow (26%)
-  Blue (40%)



-  Cyan (50%)
-  Magenta (27%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (60%)





-  Cyan (80%)
-  Magenta (71%)
-  Yellow (60%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 31, 18.617, 267.235 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 31, 18.617, 267.235 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 31, 18.617,
267.235


 31, 18.617,
267.235

 100, 18.617,
267.235


 21, 18.617,
267.235

 51, 18.617,
267.235


 11, 18.617,
267.235


 61, 18.617,
267.235

 1, 18.617, 267.235

 71, 18.617,
267.235

 0, 18.617, 267.235

 81, 18.617,
267.235

 91, 18.617,
267.235

■ 31, 18.617,
267.235

■ 31, 18.617,
267.235

■ 29, 22.230,
269.945

■ 33, 14.968,
264.910

■ 26, 25.822,
273.066

■ 36, 11.281,
262.926

■ 24, 29.423,
276.595

■ 38, 7.560, 261.240

■ 22, 33.072,
280.473

■ 41, 3.813, 259.819

■ 43, 0.050, 262.752

■ 20, 36.815,
284.105

■ 46, 3.719, 77.393

■ 48, 7.483, 76.491

■ 50, 11.236, 75.689

■ 53, 14.969, 74.980

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31, 18.617, 267.235



35, 20.787, 72.432

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31, 18.617, 267.235



31, 18.617, 317.235



31, 18.617, 87.235



31, 18.617, 137.235

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31, 18.616, 267.235



51, 7.015, 260.542



39, 25.132, 159.666



25, 4.746, 260.755



78, 0.009, 296.813



28, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31, 18.616, 267.235



38, 27.558, 270.422



24, 33.784, 297.305



20, 2.120, 259.668



23, 40.649, 284.781



50, 74.900, 287.592

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29, 26.464, 350.379



34, 38.651, 352.207



42, 29.740, 106.488



19, 2.921, 345.911



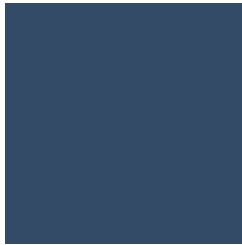
23, 46.956, 2.696



52, 81.220, 5.662

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 31, 18.617, 267.235 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 31, 18.617, 267.235 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

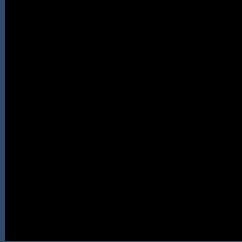
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

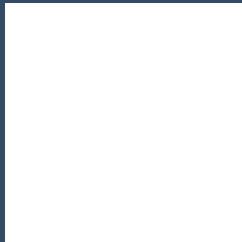
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 31, 18.617, 267.235

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 18.617, 267.235.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 18.617, 267.235.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

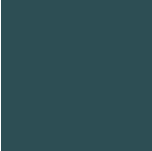
31, 18.617, 267.235

Protanopia

31, 17.305, 284.683

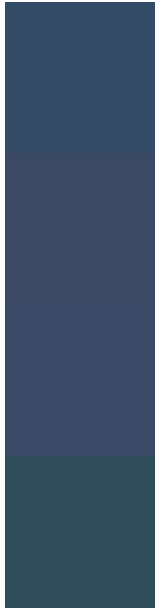
Deuteranopia

31, 19.306, 282.933



Tritanopia
31, 12.596, 215.601

Trichromacy



Original Color
31, 18.617, 267.235

Protanomaly
31, 17.624, 277.908

Deuteranomaly
31, 18.975, 277.367

Tritanomaly
31, 13.259, 237.173

Monochromacy



Original Color
31, 18.617, 267.235

Achromatopsia
30, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
30, 7.083, 264.122

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 31, 18.617, 267.235 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(51, 75, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(51, 75, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 75, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(51, 75, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 31, 18.617, 267.235 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(51, 75, 102) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(51, 75, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(51, 75, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(51, 75, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 75, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 75,  
102) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 31, 18.617, 267.235 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(51, 75, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(51, 75,  
102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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