

Converting Colors

CIELCh(31, 19.795, 47.420)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(31, 19.795, 47.420) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(31, 19.452, 48.354)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	634133
RGB	99, 65, 51
RGB Percent	39%, 25%, 20%
CMY	0.6123, 0.7455, 0.8004
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 0.49, 0.61
HSL	18°, 32%, 29%
HSV	18°, 49%, 39%
XYZ	7.6111, 6.6515, 4.0023
YIQ	73.5700, 24.7580, 2.8540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

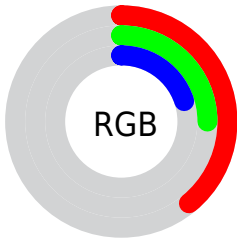
Format	Color
RYB	99, 71, 51
Decimal	6504755
CIELab	31.00, 12.93, 14.54
CIElCh	31, 19.452, 48.354
Yxy	6.6515, 0.4167, 0.3642
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284694835 (0xFF634133)
YUV	73.5700, -11.1270, 22.3021
Hunter-Lab	25.7905, 7.5441, 8.8524




Details

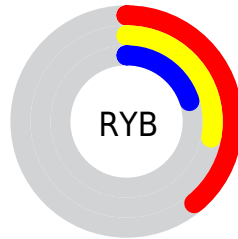
The CIELCh color **31, 19.452, 48.354** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **34, 14.448, 235.848**, and the grayscale version is **31, 0.005, 296.813**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51, 19.448, 49.162**, and **11, 19.034, 48.663** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **29, 24.311, 48.192**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **33, 14.887, 48.637**.

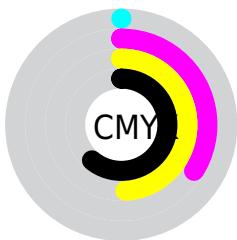
Distribution







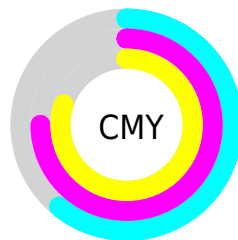
-  Red (39%)
-  Green (25%)
-  Blue (20%)






-  Red (39%)
-  Yellow (28%)
-  Blue (20%)



-  Cyan (0%)
-  Magenta (34%)
-  Yellow (49%)
-  Black (61%)



-  Cyan (61%)
-  Magenta (75%)
-  Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 31, 19.452, 48.354 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 31, 19.452, 48.354 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 31, 19.452, 48.354

■ 31, 19.452, 48.354

■ 100, 19.452,
48.354

■ 21, 19.452, 48.354

■ 51, 19.452, 48.354

■ 11, 19.452, 48.354

■ 61, 19.452, 48.354

■ 1, 19.452, 48.354

■ 71, 19.452, 48.354

■ 0, 19.452, 48.354

■ 81, 19.452, 48.354

■ 91, 19.452, 48.354

■ 31, 19.452, 48.354

■ 31, 19.452, 48.354

■ 29, 24.311, 48.192

■ 33, 14.887, 48.637

■ 27, 29.424, 48.133

■ 35, 10.624, 49.014

■ 25, 34.683, 48.132

■ 38, 6.653, 49.465

■ 24, 39.718, 47.883

■ 40, 2.955, 49.940

■ 22, 43.838, 46.961

■ 42, 0.496, 231.240

■ 22, 44.428, 46.877

■ 45, 3.723, 231.319

■ 47, 6.750, 231.915

■ 49, 9.601, 232.545

■ 52, 12.297,
233.183

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31, 19.452, 48.354



34, 14.448, 235.848

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31, 19.452, 48.354



31, 19.452, 98.354



31, 19.452, 228.354



31, 19.452, 278.354

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31, 19.451, 48.359



49, 6.565, 49.614



29, 29.062, 337.004



24, 4.463, 49.546



77, 0.009, 296.813



27, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31, 19.451, 48.359



38, 29.810, 48.181



38, 23.299, 93.914



19, 1.913, 49.926



25, 49.829, 47.378



55, 91.173, 46.507

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34, 14.448, 235.848



42, 20.373, 238.104



27, 24.605, 286.765



19, 1.830, 231.218



31, 25.904, 252.097



66, 46.473, 255.465

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 19.452, 48.354 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 19.452, 48.354 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

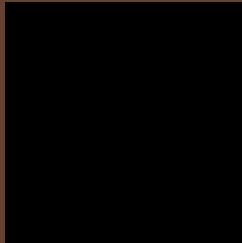
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 31, 19.452, 48.354

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 19.452, 48.354.

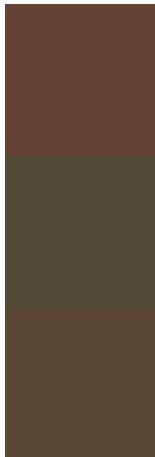


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 19.452, 48.354.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

31, 19.452, 48.354

Protanopia

31, 12.344, 94.434

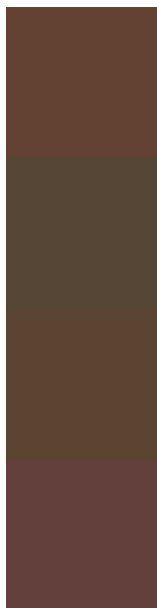
Deuteranopia

31, 15.637, 73.118



Tritanopia
31, 17.309, 14.295

Trichromacy



Original Color
31, 19.452, 48.354

Protanomaly
31, 13.430, 72.588

Deuteranomaly
31, 16.767, 62.749

Tritanomaly
31, 17.389, 28.484

Monochromacy



Original Color
31, 19.452, 48.354

Achromatopsia
31, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
31, 6.413, 49.660

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 31, 19.452, 48.354 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(99, 65, 51)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 65, 51)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 65, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 65, 51) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 31, 19.452, 48.354 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 65, 51) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 65, 51) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(99, 65, 51)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 65, 51); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 65, 51);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 65, 51)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 31, 19.452, 48.354 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 65, 51) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 65,  
51) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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