

Converting Colors

CIELCh(31, 21.421, 192.985)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(31, 21.421, 192.985)
contains.

CIELCh(31, 21.421, 192.985)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(31, 21.421, 192.985)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	095250
RGB	9, 82, 80
RGB Percent	4%, 32%, 31%
CMY	0.9656, 0.6789, 0.6867
CMYK	0.89, 0.00, 0.02, 0.68
HSL	178°, 81%, 18%
HSV	178°, 89%, 32%
XYZ	4.5623, 6.6515, 8.6110
YIQ	59.9450, -42.8660, -16.0980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

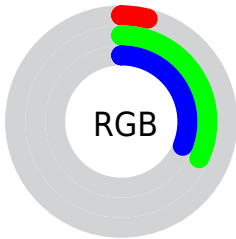
Format	Color
R_{YB}	9, 46, 82
Decimal	610896
CIE _{Lab}	31.00, -20.87, -4.81
CIE _{LCh}	31, 21.421, 192.985
Yxy	6.6515, 0.2301, 0.3355
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278800976 (0xFF095250)
YUV	59.9450, 9.8871, -44.6788
Hunter-Lab	25.7905, -13.5568, -1.7427

Details

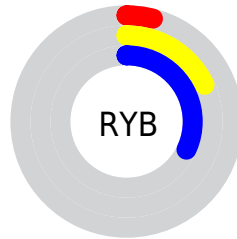
The CIELCh color **31, 21.421, 192.985** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **16, 37.903, 30.959**, and the grayscale version is **25, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51, 21.534, 192.540**, and **12, 13.469, 193.201** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **31, 22.324, 192.629**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **31, 20.391, 193.357**.

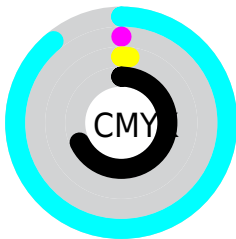
Distribution



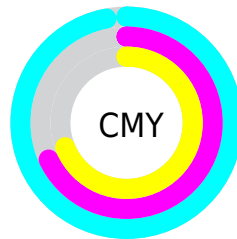
- Red (4%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (4%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (68%)





- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (69%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 31, 21.421, 192.985 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 31, 21.421, 192.985 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 31, 21.421,
192.985


 31, 21.421,
192.985

 100, 21.421,
192.985


 21, 21.421,
192.985

 51, 21.421,
192.985


 11, 21.421,
192.985


 61, 21.421,
192.985

 1, 21.421, 192.985

 71, 21.421,
192.985

 0, 21.421, 192.985

 81, 21.421,
192.985

 91, 21.421,
192.985

■ 31, 21.421,
192.985

■ 31, 21.421,
192.985

■ 31, 22.324,
192.629

■ 31, 20.391,
193.357

■ 31, 22.390,
192.604

■ 31, 18.970,
193.748

■ 32, 17.154,
194.162

■ 32, 14.961,
194.603

■ 32, 12.426,
195.074

■ 33, 9.590, 195.575

■ 34, 6.499, 196.110

■ 34, 3.203, 196.699

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31, 21.421, 192.985



16, 37.903, 30.959

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31, 21.421, 192.985



31, 21.421, 242.985



31, 21.421, 12.985



31, 21.421, 62.985

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31, 21.421, 192.984



43, 11.085, 195.643



30, 48.819, 136.671



21, 7.342, 195.553



74, 0.009, 296.813



22, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31, 21.421, 192.984



40, 27.007, 192.472



19, 24.562, 272.383



16, 1.926, 196.735



40, 26.549, 192.483



84, 47.684, 192.217

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16, 37.903, 30.959



21, 52.052, 35.497



22, 31.847, 61.409



15, 2.019, 17.587



20, 50.988, 35.201



48, 96.264, 39.161

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 21.421, 192.985 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 21.421, 192.985 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

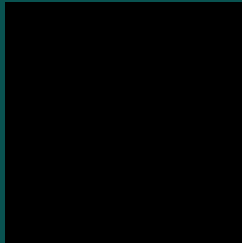
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 31, 21.421, 192.985

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 21.421, 192.985.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 21.421, 192.985.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

31, 21.421, 192.985

Protanopia

31, 0.780, 324.346

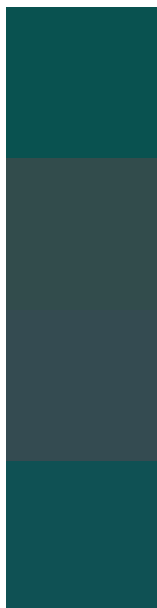
Deuteranopia

31, 7.357, 308.040



Tritanopia
31, 19.175, 208.511

Trichromacy



Original Color
31, 21.421, 192.985

Protanomaly
30, 10.308, 197.892

Deuteranomaly
30, 9.582, 221.992

Tritanomaly
31, 19.777, 202.326

Monochromacy



Original Color
31, 21.421, 192.985

Achromatopsia
25, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
27, 10.825, 194.196

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 31, 21.421, 192.985 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(9, 82, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(9, 82, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(9, 82, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(9, 82, 80) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 31, 21.421, 192.985 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(9, 82, 80) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(9, 82, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(9, 82, 80)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(9, 82, 80); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(9, 82, 80); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(9, 82, 80) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 31, 21.421, 192.985 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(9, 82, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(9, 82,  
80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor