

Converting Colors

CIELCh(31, 22.217, 79.918)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(31, 22.217, 79.918) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(31, 21.958, 80.238)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	594627
RGB	89, 70, 39
RGB Percent	35%, 27%, 15%
CMY	0.6510, 0.7255, 0.8470
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.56, 0.65
HSL	37°, 39%, 25%
HSV	37°, 56%, 35%
XYZ	6.6771, 6.6515, 2.8517
YIQ	72.1470, 21.2750, -5.6130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

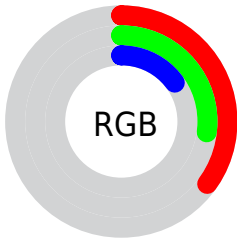
Format	Color
R_{YB}	70, 89, 39
Decimal	5850663
CIE _{Lab}	31.00, 3.72, 21.64
CIE _{LCh}	31, 21.958, 80.238
Yxy	6.6515, 0.4127, 0.4111
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284040743 (0xFF594627)
YUV	72.1470, -16.3415, 14.7801
Hunter-Lab	25.7905, 1.0795, 11.4975

Details

The CIELCh color **31, 21.958, 80.238** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **24, 21.111, 277.076**, and the grayscale version is **31, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51, 21.899, 79.338**, and **11, 17.152, 75.999** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30, 26.000, 78.871**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32, 17.888, 81.560**.

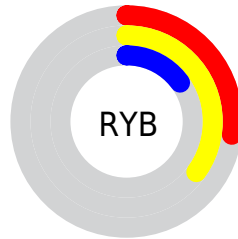
Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (27%)

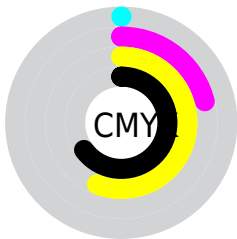
Blue (15%)



Red (27%)

Yellow (35%)

Blue (15%)

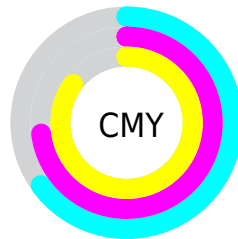


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (56%)

Black (65%)



Cyan (65%)

Magenta (73%)

Yellow (85%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 31, 21.958, 80.238 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 31, 21.958, 80.238 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 31, 21.958, 80.238

■ 31, 21.958, 80.238

■ 100, 21.958,
80.238

■ 21, 21.958, 80.238

■ 51, 21.958, 80.238

■ 11, 21.958, 80.238

■ 61, 21.958, 80.238

■ 1, 21.958, 80.238

■ 71, 21.958, 80.238

■ 0, 21.958, 80.238

■ 81, 21.958, 80.238

■ 91, 21.958, 80.238

■ 31, 21.958, 80.238

■ 31, 21.958, 80.238

■ 30, 26.000, 78.871

■ 32, 17.888, 81.560

■ 29, 29.884, 77.412

■ 33, 13.859, 82.841

■ 28, 33.388, 75.791

■ 35, 9.905, 84.087

■ 27, 36.508, 74.096

■ 36, 6.043, 85.295

■ 26, 37.706, 73.520

■ 37, 2.276, 86.436

■ 38, 1.399, 267.758

■ 40, 4.985, 268.782

■ 41, 8.489, 269.830

■ 42, 11.919,
270.841

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31, 21.958, 80.238



24, 21.111, 277.076

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31, 21.958, 80.238



31, 21.958, 130.238



31, 21.958, 260.238



31, 21.958, 310.238

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31, 21.958, 80.242



46, 7.844, 85.134



23, 25.448, 357.029



23, 5.296, 84.997



76, 0.009, 296.813



25, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31, 21.958, 80.242



38, 32.469, 78.455



36, 29.745, 110.781



17, 2.025, 86.156



32, 43.574, 72.990



68, 77.599, 70.717

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



24, 21.111, 277.076



29, 31.268, 280.667



19, 34.203, 300.741



16, 2.017, 268.320



18, 45.319, 291.693



43, 86.382, 294.385

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 21.958, 80.238 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 31, 21.958, 80.238 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 31, 21.958, 80.238

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 21.958, 80.238.

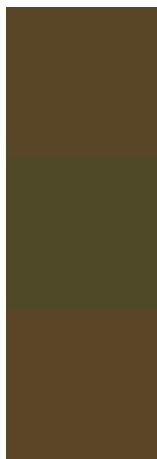


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 21.958, 80.238.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

31, 21.958, 80.238

Protanopia

31, 20.884, 96.613

Deuteranopia

31, 22.212, 79.077



Tritanopia
31, 12.199, 6.631

Trichromacy



Original Color
31, 21.958, 80.238

Protanomaly
31, 20.826, 90.916

Deuteranomaly
31, 22.212, 79.077

Tritanomaly
31, 12.711, 44.341

Monochromacy



Original Color
31, 21.958, 80.238

Achromatopsia
31, 0.005, 296.813

Achromatomaly
31, 7.734, 83.723

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 31, 21.958, 80.238 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(89, 70, 39)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(89, 70, 39)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(89, 70, 39) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(89, 70, 39) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 31, 21.958, 80.238 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(89, 70, 39) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(89, 70, 39) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(89, 70, 39)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(89, 70, 39); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 70, 39);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(89, 70, 39)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 31, 21.958, 80.238 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(89, 70, 39) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(89, 70,  
39) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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