

Converting Colors

CIELCh(31, 26.600, 141.772)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(31, 26.600, 141.772)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(31, 26.829, 141.478)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2E512E
RGB	46, 81, 46
RGB Percent	18%, 32%, 18%
CMY	0.8199, 0.6826, 0.8198
CMYK	0.43, 0.00, 0.43, 0.68
HSL	120°, 28%, 25%
HSV	120°, 43%, 32%
XYZ	4.5535, 6.6515, 3.6225
YIQ	66.5450, -9.6250, -18.3050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

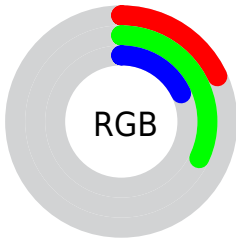
Format	Color
R_{YB}	46, 81, 81
Decimal	3035438
CIE _{Lab}	31.00, -20.99, 16.71
CIE _{LCh}	31, 26.829, 141.478
Yxy	6.6515, 0.3071, 0.4486
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281225518 (0xFF2E512E)
YUV	66.5450, -10.1287, -18.0180
Hunter-Lab	25.7905, -13.6178, 9.7255

Details


The CIELCh color **31, 26.829, 141.478** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **25, 26.780, 326.542**, and the grayscale version is **28, 0.004, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51, 27.196, 141.229**, and **11, 26.438, 142.462** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30, 32.636, 140.532**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32, 20.749, 142.330**.

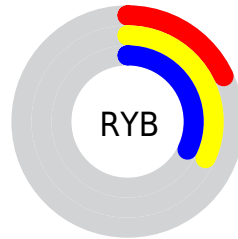
Distribution



 Red (18%)

 Green (32%)

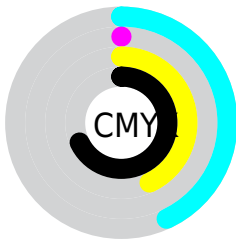
 Blue (18%)



 Red (18%)

 Yellow (32%)

 Blue (32%)

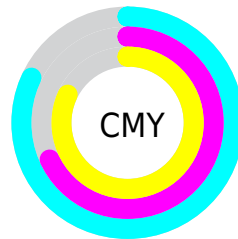


 Cyan (43%)

 Magenta (0%)

 Yellow (43%)

 Black (68%)



 Cyan (82%)

 Magenta (68%)

 Yellow (82%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 31, 26.829, 141.478 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 31, 26.829, 141.478 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 31, 26.829,
141.478

■ 31, 26.829,
141.478

■ 100, 26.829,
141.478

■ 21, 26.829,
141.478

■ 51, 26.829,
141.478

■ 11, 26.829,
141.478

■ 61, 26.829,
141.478

■ 1, 26.829, 141.478

■ 71, 26.829,
141.478

■ 0, 26.829, 141.478

■ 81, 26.829,
141.478

■ 91, 26.829,
141.478

■ 31, 26.829,
141.478

■ 31, 26.829,
141.478

■ 30, 32.636,
140.532

■ 32, 20.749,
142.330

■ 30, 38.010,
139.516

■ 32, 14.520,
143.081

■ 30, 42.768,
138.482

■ 33, 8.246, 143.737

■ 29, 46.702,
137.517

■ 34, 2.003, 144.348

■ 35, 4.151, 324.728

■ 29, 49.839,
136.668

■ 36, 10.177,
325.160

■ 29, 52.067,
136.018

■ 37, 16.050,
325.518

■ 39, 21.754,
325.824

■ 40, 27.282,
326.087

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31, 26.829, 141.478



25, 26.780, 326.542

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31, 26.829, 141.478



31, 26.829, 191.478



31, 26.829, 321.478



31, 26.829, 11.478

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31, 26.830, 141.478



43, 10.003, 143.725



34, 21.451, 106.404



21, 7.061, 143.636



74, 0.009, 296.813



22, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31, 26.830, 141.478



39, 39.349, 140.477



31, 18.418, 159.784



16, 3.494, 144.009



38, 62.190, 136.018



81, 111.530, 136.017

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



25, 26.780, 326.542



30, 39.155, 326.993



24, 19.298, 347.544



15, 3.500, 324.854



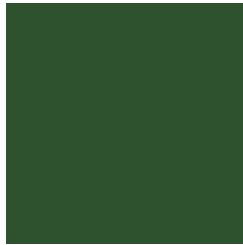
24, 60.001, 328.237



55, 107.601, 328.237

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 26.829, 141.478 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 26.829, 141.478 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 31, 26.829, 141.478

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 26.829, 141.478.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 26.829, 141.478.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

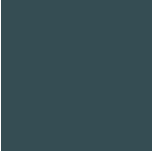
31, 26.829, 141.478

Protanopia

31, 19.108, 96.130

Deuteranopia

31, 15.887, 75.648



Tritanopia
31, 9.882, 221.098

Trichromacy



Original Color
31, 26.829, 141.478

Protanomaly
31, 20.261, 117.536

Deuteranomaly
31, 16.330, 110.532

Tritanomaly
31, 12.677, 173.737

Monochromacy



Original Color
31, 26.829, 141.478

Achromatopsia
28, 0.004, 296.813

Achromatomaly
29, 9.453, 143.526

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 31, 26.829, 141.478 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(46, 81, 46)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(46, 81, 46)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(46, 81, 46) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(46, 81, 46) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 31, 26.829, 141.478 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(46, 81, 46) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(46, 81, 46) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(46, 81, 46)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(46, 81, 46); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 81, 46);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 81, 46)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 31, 26.829, 141.478 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(46, 81, 46) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(46, 81,  
46) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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