

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(31, 3.579, 19.909)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(31, 3.579, 19.909) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(31, 3.579, 19.909)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4F4747
RGB	79, 71, 71
RGB Percent	31%, 28%, 28%
CMY	0.6896, 0.7210, 0.7210
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.10, 0.69
HSL	0°, 5%, 29%
HSV	0°, 10%, 31%
XYZ	6.6424, 6.6515, 6.9205
YIQ	73.3920, 4.7680, 1.6960

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	79, 71, 71
Decimal	5195591
CIE Lab	31.00, 3.37, 1.22
CIE LCh	31, 3.579, 19.909
Yxy	6.6515, 0.3286, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283385671 (0xFF4F4747)
YUV	73.3920, -1.1793, 4.9182
Hunter-Lab	25.7905, 0.8394, 2.1438

# Details

The CIELCh color **31, 3.579, 19.909** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **33, 3.378, 199.008**, and the grayscale version is **31, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51, 3.665, 19.715**, and **11, 3.646, 20.402** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **28, 7.376, 20.681**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34, 0.039, 12.086**.

# Distribution



Red (31%)

Green (28%)

Blue (28%)



Red (31%)

Yellow (28%)

Blue (28%)

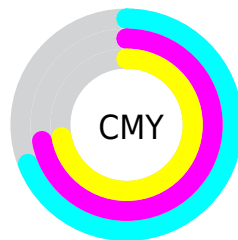


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (69%)



Cyan (69%)

Magenta (72%)

Yellow (72%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 31, 3.579, 19.909 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 31, 3.579, 19.909 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 31, 3.579, 19.909      ■ 31, 3.579, 19.909

■ 100, 3.579, 19.909      ■ 21, 3.579, 19.909

■ 51, 3.579, 19.909      ■ 11, 3.579, 19.909

■ 61, 3.579, 19.909      ■ 1, 3.579, 19.909

■ 71, 3.579, 19.909      ■ 0, 3.579, 19.909

■ 81, 3.579, 19.909

■ 91, 3.579, 19.909

■ 31, 3.579, 19.909      ■ 31, 3.579, 19.909

■ 28, 7.376, 20.681      ■ 34, 0.039, 12.086

■ 26, 11.436, 21.602      ■ 36, 3.258, 199.064

23, 15.746, 22.765

39, 6.332, 198.652

21, 20.269, 24.247

42, 9.204, 198.337

19, 24.935, 26.129

44, 11.897,  
198.081

17, 29.642, 28.486

47, 14.429,  
197.870

16, 34.028, 30.724

15, 37.334, 31.607

50, 16.821,  
197.695

14, 40.403, 31.916

52, 19.088,  
197.547

55, 21.246,  
197.422

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



31, 3.579, 19.909



33, 3.378, 199.008

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



31, 3.579, 19.909



31, 3.579, 69.909



31, 3.579, 199.909



31, 3.579, 249.909

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



31, 3.578, 19.924



42, 1.278, 19.327



31, 6.179, 324.921



21, 0.958, 19.402



73, 0.009, 296.813



21, 0.004, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



31, 3.578, 19.924



39, 5.281, 20.091



32, 3.085, 74.246



15, 2.019, 19.827



20, 51.593, 36.282



48, 97.373, 40.002





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33, 3.378, 199.008



42, 4.918, 198.883



32, 3.020, 256.668



16, 1.921, 199.086



40, 26.014, 196.416



84, 46.651, 196.419



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 31, 3.579, 19.909 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

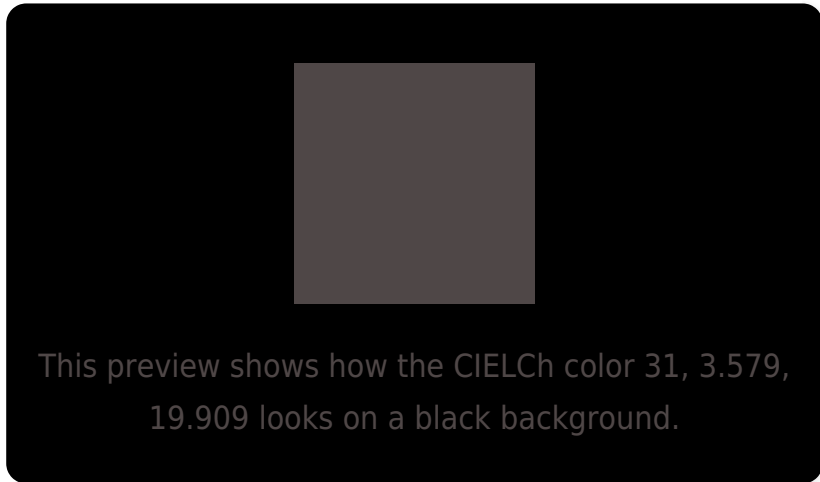
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

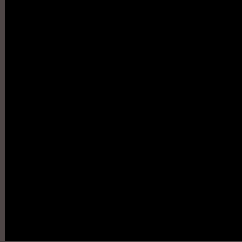
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 31, 3.579, 19.909

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 3.579, 19.909.

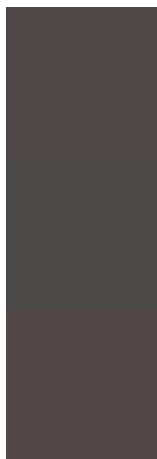


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 31, 3.579, 19.909.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

31, 3.579, 19.909

### Protanopia

31, 0.765, 74.892

### Deuteranopia

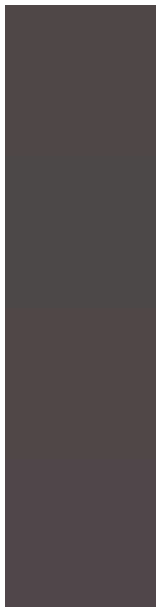
31, 4.491, 20.072



**Tritanopia**  
31, 5.829, 339.462



# Trichromacy



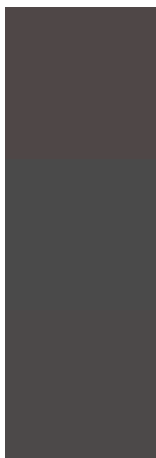
**Original Color**  
31, 3.579, 19.909

**Protanomaly**  
31, 1.770, 19.537

**Deuteranomaly**  
31, 4.034, 19.991

**Tritanomaly**  
31, 5.110, 350.411

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
31, 3.579, 19.909

**Achromatopsia**  
31, 0.005, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
31, 1.322, 19.411

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 31, 3.579, 19.909 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(79, 71, 71)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(79, 71, 71)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(79, 71, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(79, 71, 71) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 31, 3.579, 19.909 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(79, 71, 71) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(79, 71, 71) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(79, 71, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(79, 71, 71); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 71, 71);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 71, 71)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 31, 3.579, 19.909 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(79, 71, 71) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(79, 71,  
71) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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